Regular Edition
COMPLETE MARKET REPORTS.
2879
SUNDAY'S WANT ADS
223 Higher Than One Year Ago
"Rich Man's Directory and Poor Man's Guide."

THE ONLY ST. LOUIS EVENING PAPER WITH THE ASSOCIATED PRESS DISPATCHES.

ST. LOUIS POST-DISPATCH.

SWORN AVERAGE SUNDAY CIRCULATION FOR MARCH, 161,112.
TEN PAGES.

VOL. 52, NO. 231. MONDAY EVENING—ST. LOUIS—APRIL 9, 1900 PRICE { In St. Louis, One Cent. Outside St. Louis, Two Cents.

Regular Edition
COMPLETE MARKET REPORTS.
160,478
SUNDAY'S CIRCULATION
51,171 Higher Than One Year Ago
Biggest West of the Mississippi

REVENUE LOSS HALF A MILLION.

Citizens Protest to the St. Louis Assessor.

URGE TAX ON FRANCHISE.

SPECIFIC CHARGES ON CORPORATION TAXATION.

Statutes and Figures Quoted to Show That Money Needed by the City Could Be Raised by Just Assessments.

Laclede Gas Light Co.—Loss to city, $207,772.50; to public schools, $83,970; to State, $39,966.

Missouri-Edison Electric Light Co.—Loss to city, $68,772.52; to public schools, $21,607.76; to State, $13,225.48.

Five specified pieces of real estate—Loss to city, $13,904.65; to public schools, $4333.01; to State, $2713.77.

Total loss to city.....$290,449.67
Total loss to schools..... 89,910.77
Total loss to State 55,895.25

Grand total loss.....$436,255.69

Members of the People's Fund and Welfare Association and the St. Louis Single Tax League showed the City Board of Equalization Monday how the revenue of the city, the public schools and the State could be greatly increased.

The method they suggest is the assessment of certain corporation property, and valuable real estate upon the same basis as other property. They show by five instances of what they declare is inadequate assessment that the city has lost $290,449.67, the public schools $89,910.77 and the State $55,895.25 during the last year.

The matter came before the Board of Equalization in the shape of a formal petition presented by William Preston Hill, William H. Priesmeyer and John J. McCann, representing the People's Fund and Welfare Association, and Joseph Förshaw, C. H. Osterwisch, Henry Priesmeyer, S. L. Moser, E. L. Meyer and S. M. Ryan, representing the Single Tax League.

The petition was prepared by Mr. McCann and was read by him to the board Monday morning.

As a preface to the facts set forth, the petition quotes the constitution and statutes of the State and the city charter on the assessment of property and the duty of assessors. Following this a general charge is made against the district assessors of the city:

"That notwithstanding the laws aforesaid, the district assessors of said city of St. Louis, following an unregulated, vicious and corrupt custom, * * * * * * and neglected to make the assessment, during the past year 1899, of property in said city subject to taxation for the present year 1900, in the letter or spirit of or according to the mandates of the constitution and statutes."

The petition then proceeds to show specifically seven instances of failure by the assessors to fulfill the letter and the spirit of the law.

The first case cited is that of the Laclede Gaslight Co. It is stated that, at the lowest quotations of the New York and St. Louis stock markets, the stocks, bonds, mortgages and gold notes of this company were worth, in May, 1899, when the assessment was made for the taxes of 1900, $17,897,500. The net earnings of the company during the last year amounted to $969,153, or 5 per cent on an investment of $19,983,060. It is alleged that the chief item of value to the company is its franchise to use the streets, which, if rented out, would yield the city a large revenue. The assessment of the property of the company for the taxes of 1900 is $2,006,000, leaving $15,882,000 exempt or not assessed. It is argued from this that the city has lost during the last year on this company alone, $207,772.50; that the schools have lost, $83,970, and that the State has lost $39,966.

It is alleged that the value of the holdings of the company is $6,078,000, and that for the taxes of this year it was assessed at $787,806, leaving $5,290,194 exempt, or not assessed. This entailed a loss to the city of $68,772.52; to the schools of $21,607.76, and to the State of $13,225.48.

The petition then names five pieces of real estate in the business district owned by John A. Scudder, Enoch Price, F. and C. Erskine, John W. Kauffman and the Drummond and Investment Co., which, it is alleged, are under-assessed. The rental values of these pieces of property are given and the losses to the city, schools and State are caculated from the difference between the real value and the assessed value. The losses are: To city, $13,904.65; to schools, $4333.01; to State, $2713.77.

The petition then calls attention to the recent message of the Mayor in which the need of revenue is emphasized. It also calls attention to the fact that the State Board of Equalization has established a precedent for the assessment of franchises by assessing the street railway franchises of the State.

The petition was filed with the board. A similar petition was presented last year, but no attention was paid to it by the board.

DAZZLED THE TENDERLOIN

Massachusetts Man Makes a Record 300 Bottles of Champagne in Six Days.

Special to the Post-Dispatch.

NEW YORK, April 9.—Horace Childs, 50 years old, a Massachusetts boot and shoe manufacturer, was one of the patients discharged from Bellevue yesterday.

Mr. Childs came to New York on March 27. For nearly a week he dazzled Broadway and made things in the Tenderloin whirl. On April 4 he arrived in a cab at Bellevue. There he told of having created a new record of 300 bottles of champagne in six days.

When his brain cooled Mr. Childs sent a telegram to his bank to stop payment on a few checks payable to New York women.

Mr. Childs only had $4 when he arrived at the hospital, but in an inside pocket the nurses found a certified check for $1000.

BUSHNELL ON TIMELY TOPICS.

Gives Some Views at St. Louis on Porto Rico.

ISLAND DESERVES FREE TRADE.

THE OHIOAN NOT A CANDIDATE FOR ANYTHING.

Speaks a Good Word for the World's Fair and "Damns by Faint Praise" Certain Faces of the Administration.

BY GOV. BUSHNELL AT ST. LOUIS.

I believe the feeling of a large percentage of the Republicans of Ohio is that Porto Rico should have free trade. The United States should have full and exclusive ownership of the Nicaragua Canal. It seems that the wise men of the Administration think otherwise.

I am certainly not a candidate for anything.

The coinage question will be dead for six years at least.

I want to say a good word for your World's Fair.

Former Gov. Asa S. Bushnell of Ohio, the inveterate political enemy of President McKinley and Senator Marcus A. Hanna, and one of the most influential Republicans in his State, is registered at the Planters' Hotel with Mrs. Bushnell.

He is on his way to his home in Springfield from Hot Springs, Ark., where he went a month ago for his health. The rest and baths at the resort greatly improved his condition, and now he feels able to return to his business duties. His stop-over in St. Louis was enforced as he failed to make proper train connections. He will continue his journey Monday evening.

The Governor retired from office a few weeks ago, and says his present plans are to remain out of active politics. However, he has not forgotton the ancient feud that exists between himself on the one hand and the President and "Boss" Hanna on the other, and, in a conversation with the Post-Dispatch Monday, he showed that his memory on that particular feature of his political career is clear.

He has an interesting manner of expressing his hostility to his opponents and their administration. He does not resort to bitter phrases and open "roasts," but "damns by faint praise."

His sentiments are to be read between the words rather than in them. It's what he does not say but leaves for inference that he means. An illustration of his method: "Governor, what is your idea of the Porto Rican tariff bill?"

"Well, I haven't thought very much about it. I have read a great deal on it, but have not had the time to consider it carefully. But I believe I am safe in saying that the feeling of a large percentage of Ohio Republicans is that, as Porto Rico is a part of the United States, it should have free trade. However, there seems to be a theory among certain of our Republican Senators that it is a good thing, and I suppose that the discontented ones should consider that they know best what course to pursue."

Another illustration:

"Do I think that the United States should have full and exclusive ownership of the Nicaragua Canal? I certainly do. I do not believe that there should be any partnership in that affair. But it seems from the pending treaty that the wise men of the Administration think otherwise. Maybe they are right."

"I am out of politics so far as holding public office is concerned. I certainly am not a candidate for anything. But, nevertheless, I retain my interest in the welfare of the Republican party, and I am still ready to do my part to help it to success. My political career has been very pleasant, although it has been somewhat disturbed at times by considerable riffles and I do not regret it. If I had my life to live over again I would adopt the course I have pursued in every detail.

"The issues of the present campaign will be the prosperity of the country and the general successful management of public affairs by the Administration on behalf of the Republicans and anti-imperialism and anti-trust on behalf of the Democrats. The coinage question cannot be revived. It will be dead for six years, at least, and it would be folly for the Democrats to attempt to resurrect it at this time. I do not know who President McKinley's running mate will be, but the conditions demand that he come from New York. Whoever makes up the ticket there is no possibility of Republican defeat.

"I want to say a good word for your World's Fair. I know little about its scope, but such things are always good for the communities in which they are held. It is true that they rarely return in money what they take out. But that is not the consideration. There is a moral and intellectual, as well as a commercial, benefit to be achieved. It is frequently true that what does most good, that is, raises and elevates the moral sensibilities and cultivates the better nature, brings little or no commercial return. Hence, a great exhibition enterprise like that which St. Louis contemplates does its real good, not through the bank accounts of its citizens, but through their minds and hearts.

"If the latter are broadened and deepened, it does not matter if the former shrinks considerably. We are going to have a Centennial Celebration of the admission of Ohio to the Union in 1902, and, consequently, we feel a cordial sympathy for St. Louis in its Louisiana Purchase Celebration movement."

LOVED THE WHITE MAN BEST

Death of a Negro Woman 100 Years Old Who Had Much Experience in Matrimony.

Special to the Post-Dispatch.

PERRY, O. T., April 9.—Auntie Rogers, colored, who was 100 years old and had been married six times, fell dead yesterday. She married four negroes, one Indian and one white man. She said of all her husbands she loved the last—the white man—the best.

OPERA BOUFFE INVESTIGATION.

As boys who play at hide-and-seek
Or tag or blind man's buff
With girlish sweethearts, fair and weak,
For worlds would not be rough,
So Uncle Henry, in his sly,
Slow way puts up a bluff,
And only seems his skill to try,
And deems that quite enough.
And thus our giant Mayor Hy
Turns law to opera bouffe.

RAIN WILL COME,

DR. RICHARD HYATT WILL "TRY, TRY, AGAIN."

HIS WEATHER-WORN ADAGE.

The Official Prognosticator Argues That Rain Did Fall on Sunday, Several Drops at 5:40.

There's a little adage, Hyatt, and I recommend
you try it,
In these days when you call for rain,
For although the sky is sunny, your wrong guesses
won't seem funny,
If you
"Try
Try
Again!"

If at first you fail to hit it, do not say "Och, Gee! 'rauss mit it!"
And think that your efforts are vain;
Just keep on with your wet weather; you and rain will get together,
If you
"Try,
Try
Again!"

"If at first you don't succeed," it runs—be careful that you heed it—
Do not look in high disdain,
Tho' the sun in force is shining, do not give up to repining,
But just
"Try,
Try
Again!"

In the private lexicon of Dr. Richard Hyatt, weather prophet, there is no such word as quit. When he predicts one brand of weather for a certain day and another variety appears, he simply smiles and continues the prognostication for the following day.

If, again, the exact style of weather called for fails to materialize, this imperturbable scientist calmly announces that there has been an unavoidable delay somewhere, but that the especial line of weather ordered will surely arrive if the people will only wait for it long enough.

This happy characteristic of the local forecaster has been aptly illustrated the last few days. On Friday, he ordered showers for Saturday. As he mopped the prespiration from his bulging brow Saturday, he vowed that the rain fall would be here Sunday. Monday he said that the showers would very likely be here in a day or two.

But the doctor is by no means inclined to agree with the popular view of his recent prophetic efforts.

In fact, a flush of virtuous indignation mantled his classic features when it was intimated in his presence Monday morning that his Palm Sunday prognostications had not been fulfilled.

"I am astonished that any good citizen of St. Louis should labor under the delusion that it did not rain yesterday," he exclaimed to the Post-Dispatch, in chilling tones. "Because it actually did rain. The drops began to fall at exactly 5:40 by the official clock and continued for about three-quarters of an hour.

"To be honest with you, though, I must admit that the rainfall was disressingly light. In fact, I am not able to give you any figures on the total precipitation.

"Even our most delicate instruments were unable to take any actual measurements of it, and I fear it must go down in history as simply a trace."

Dr. Hyatt then referred with evident pride to the fact that there had been a good rain at Springfield, Mo., Sunday, and that it was also wet at Cairo, Ill., Memphis and Chattanooga. In the far West there was snow as well as rain.

The predictions for the immediate future are indefinite. The official advices say it will be partly cloudy Monday night and Tuesday, and that unsettled weather will follow.

BIRDS FLEW NOT BUT ESCAPED.

A Housewrecking Explosion Missed Parrot and Canaries.

PARROT REFUSES TO TALK.

CAUSE OF THE EXPLOSION IS NOT KNOWN.

Second Story of Charles Mark's House at 2129 Clark Avenue Demolished While the Family Was Away From Home.

Four birds now on the verge of nervous prostration might reveal the mysterious cause of a terrific explosion in the home of their master, Charles Marks, tailor, 2129 Clark avenue, Sunday afternoon, if they had sufficiently recovered from the shock.

The feathered portion of the household were the only eye-witnesses of the devastation, but as it happens, the parrot, the only one of the colony that can talk English, has become strongly morose, and therefore an object of suspicion to Mr. Marks, who has locked him in the cellar in disgrace.

Every bird escaped unscathed, although the Marks household effects were thrown out into the street, leaving the two canaries and the "devil bird," as Mr. Marks calls the parrot, still suspended in their cages, along the walls.

The fireman attributed the explosion to leakage of gas, but the inspectors for the Laclede Gas & Electric Light Co. report that there is no indication of defective jets or piping, and that Mr. Marks is hopeless unless he can starve and cajole the parrot into a confession.

The worthy tailor is confounded over the conduct of his parrot pet, not knowing whether to attribute it to guilty complicity of the inborn contrariness of the tribe.

Aside from the miraculous experience of the birds, the explosion is no ordinary casuality. The Marks dwelling looks like a landmark of the great St. Louis cyclone. The entire second story front was taken by the force of the concussion. On the sidewalk below the wreckage is piled knee deep. Bricks, mortar, furniture, bric-a-brac, clothing and what not lie in a tangled maze.

Above, in the demolished rooms, there are twisted chandeliers and unshattered mirrors, crushed bedsteads and untouched china pieces; and, strangest of all, indented bird cages, yet living though bewildered birds.

A large portion of the rear wall of the same story was whisked away, as though by some reflex action of the wave. Everything in the rear room is in utter confusion.

The Marks family closed the house about 8 o'clock in the evening and went away. Mrs. Marks is certain that she left one gas jet burning. The birds were the only living occupants of the house. A big watchdog held forth in the back yard. Everything was in perfect order. The caged pets were pruning for their night's repost, and Nettie, the parrot, repeated her saucy "Pretty little girl" as Mrs. Marks poked her head through the door to take once last look.

Half an hour later, when they returned there was a great crowd in front of the house and the fire department was making ready to leave the scene.

Mrs. Marks' first thought was of the pets. She hurried into the house and found them all in a state of wild alarm. The canaries were huddled, trembling with fright, on the bottoms of the cages. They greeted her with shrill screams. Mr. Marks turned to the parrot for an explanation, but the "devil bird" was silent, haughty and mysterious. A diagnosis showed that he was uninjured, but evidently shocked—mentally shocked and indignant.

The loss on the building is estimated at $1000 and $300 on the furniture.

COTTON BELT TRAIN WRECKED.

Three Men Seriously and One Fatally Injured.

CRUSHED UNDER AN ENGINE.

ATTEMPT THOUGHT TO HAVE BEEN MADE BY ROBBERS.

Passenger Train Thrown on a Siding, Where the Engineer, Firemen and Head Brakeman Were Hurt, Near Bearden, Ark.

Special to the Post-Dispatch.

PINE BLUFF, Ark., April 9.—A disastrous wreck occurred on the Cotton Belt at Best, five miles north of Bearden, last night at 9:30 o'clock, and, as a result, three men are seriously, and one perhaps fatally, wounded, and an entire crew are badly shaken and bruised.

A special freight, which left here, going south Sunday afternoon, ran into an open switch and on to the siding of the Cotton Belt Lumber Co. The engine, No. 292, is a big Richmond 10-wheeler, and broke through the light rails of the siding. It rolled over on one side, and Engineer John Mahar, Fireman J. G. Frazell and Head Brakeman Taylor, all of this city, were caught beneath the engine.

Taylor's skull was fractured and a large piece of bone has been taken out. He suffered the greatest injury and will likely die. The other two men were stunned, bruised and very badly scalded. They were brought home this morning on No. 4 passenger, which was delayed eight hours by the wreck.

It is certain that no train crew left the switch open, and the only solution is that an attempt was made to wreck the passenger train, as the keys to the switch were gone.

Should the guilty parties be found they will be summarily dealt with, as indignation at the scene of the wreck is running very high. Conductor Graham was in charge of the train.

THE BURGLAR LEFT A NOTE

Thief Who Annexed Two Dollars and a Square Meal Wrote an Explanation to His Victim.

BURGLAR TO HIS VICTIM.

"* * * I am aiming at St. Louis, where I hope to get employment. I have not eaten for two days. Though weak, I was desperate and I determined to steal. You are the victim. I take $2 in cash, which, if I ever can, I will return."

A rare burglar was the one who entered the house of J. D. Hertling, near Barretts, St. Louis County, Friday night.

After eating a square meal from the family larder he rifled Mr. Hertling's trousers and took $2 in cash. The next morning this note was found on the kitchen table:

"To the Owner of the House: Dear Sir—I cannot commit my first criminal act without some expression of the circumstances which led up to it. I came of a good family in Kansas, but was forced to leave home through a scrape for which I was only partially to blame. I have walked every foot of the way from Kansas City to here and am aiming at St. Louis, where I hope to get employment. I have not eaten for two days. Though weak, I was desperate, and I determined to steal. You are the victim. I take $2 in cash, which, if I ever can, I will return."

Mr. Hertling said he would not prosecute the burglar should he be captured.

MAN AND 42 HORSES BURNED

Destruction of Life in the Burning of a Large Livery Stable at Peru, Ind., Early Monday Morning.

PERU, Ind., April 9.—Fire to-day destroyed the livery barn of Ward Bros. & Co., together with all the contents, including 42 horses.

Reilly Gregory, an employe, was burned to death.

The loss amounts to over $30,000, partially insured. The fire is supposed to have been of incendiary origin.

TWO FEET OF SNOW IN MONTANA

The Storm Has Been Raging for the Past Forty Hours and Still Continues.

BOZEMAN, Mont., April 9.—Snow has been falling for the past 40 hours, and there are nearly two feet on the level. The storm is the heaviest in 12 months. Farming land needed snow or rain and the benefit will be great.

THE WEATHER INDICATIONS.

CLOUDY.

For St. Louis and vicinity—Partly cloudy Monday night and Tuesday; probably followed by unsettled weather.

Missouri—Partly cloudy Monday night, followed by rain in west portion Tuesday.

Illinois—Fair Monday night and Tuesday; probably unsettled by Tuesday night.

Indiana—Generally fair Monday night and Tuesday; northeast winds.

Kansas—Rain Monday night and Tuesday; colder in west portion Tuesday; variable winds.

LORD ROBERTS' ARMY HAS LOST ITS LEGS.

Lack of Horses Practically Bottles Up the British at Bloemfontein.

BRABANT IS HEMMED IN.

THE COLONIAL ROUGH RIDER SAID TO BE CLOSELY INVESTED BY THE BOERS.

BURGHERS FULL OF DASH.

Strict Censorship of the News Prevents the World From Learning the Full Gravity of the Situation in South Africa.

ROUGH RIDER BRABANT.

This is the commander of the British Cape Colony force, known as "Brabant's Horse." The General is a loyal colonist, who, at the opening of the war, declared he would lead his rough riders from the Orange River to Pretoria.

BRITISH LOSS IS 20,000.

England has lost fully 20,000 men since the war began. The figures below give an analysis of the losses:

Killed in battle	2,591
Loss by disease	1,207
Wounded in Hospital	9,349
Captured by Boers	4,535
Sick in hospitals	1,300
Total	20,677

Special Cable to the Post-Dispatch.

LONDON, April 9.—"Lord Roberts' army has lost its legs." This laconic sentence, the expression of veteran British officers, explains the inactivity of the British commander at Bloemfontein, who, for the past month has done nothing but lose men and horses.

His army is afoot—practically without cavalry and field artillery, and because of these conditions he is almost bottled up in Bloemfontein. Disease has carried off his horses, and the thin clothing of his army, not adapted to the climate at this season, has caused the hospitals to fill up rapidly.

The Boers seem to think that they have the South African Gulliver tied down at last, and roam at will within cannon shot of Roberts' headquarters.

The activity of the Boers southeast and southwest of Bloemfontein is amazing, the commands seemingly coming and going throughout a wide region as they please, but skillfully avoiding strong bodies of British.

The retirement of the Irish Rifles from Rouxville to Aliwal leaves Gen. Brabant without communication with the other British forces. He has 2000 or 3000 colonials holding a fine defensive country, but he is apparently invested, so far as London knows. Telegraphic and railroad communication with Bloemfontein are kept up as usual, but nothing comes through for public consumption. Lord Roberts' last message was dated April 6, and the last unofficial message bore date of April 7. The absence of news as usual disheartens the people, and produces an altogether discouraging effect. The last unofficial message notes that good spirits at Bloemfontein are continuing and tells of the arrival of animals and two fresh cavalry regiments.

But one correspondent at Bloemfontein writes: "Last Tuesday many of the historic regiments like the Scots' Greys, the Inniskilling Dragoons and the Lancers could not muster 100 mounted men, while artillery horses were very scarce."

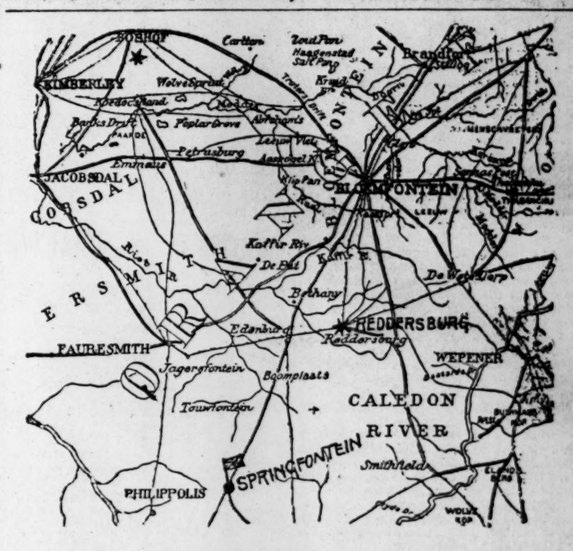
The Bloemfontein correspondent of the Times says:

"The Boers now stretch in a thin line from Sanna's Post on the south to a point east of Jagersfontein. The railway stations are amply protected, but their defense necessitates heavy patrolling work.

"The question of protecting the surrendered Free Staters is being solved by their reception into the military camps. Many are flocking here, but it is reported that the farms westward of the Capital are tenanted by women only, the men having rejoined the Boer commandos."

In the Orange Free State the situation is complex, with scanty material for forming a correct estimate of the situation, and the afternoon newspapers, not being in the confidence of the managers, are criticising the conduct of affairs as they see them. Thus the St. James Gazette, reviewing the army system, says:

"As a consequence of the foolish, sporting, boyish estimate of the work of the war, Gen. Buller is anchored indefinitely, as he must wait for transports until Lord Roberts is adequately supplied."



SCENE OF OPERATIONS ABOUT BLOEMFONTEIN.

WATERLESS SAND PLAINS OF ORANGE FREE STATE.

Sufferings of the British Soldiers in the Parched Region Where Lord Roberts' Army Is Operating.

Correspondence of the Associated Press.

LONDON, March 31.—Everybody remembers the famous picture of "Thirst," which portrays the gaunt, half-starved lion in the midst of the desert, lapping up the few remaining drops of moisture from an impoverished pool.

A correspondent in the Morning Post tells us that though the British soldier "has thirsted in the thirstiest corners of the globe, he admits the veldt to be a fresh experience. Aden, India, Egypt, the Soudan, but here is something not hotter, not drier, not dustier, but less endurable for some reason. It is the army and South Africa together, no doubt which is the cause, for men who have lived in Kimberley, Johannesburg, Bloemfontein and Natal are only now while campaigning acquiring the experience. The army, with its incessant tramping, and the ceaseless fog of dust that hangs about its camps. And to that must be added the compulsory life in the sun, the sun at its hottest and fiercest hour, the absence of shade, the parching suction of the sand, which is bed, chair and table.

It will be quite curious to live without a water bottle slung about one's shoulder. One can scarcely remember the day when water was not regarded with reverence and jealous envy when it could be made to run clear, continuous and unvalued by a turn of the finger. Here, when one knows by tired limbs the weight of what one drinks, the thought of water flowing through pipes seems a dream of paradise. And such water. Water through which one could see, which left no mud at the bottom of the mug and did not stain what it was split on. One remembers that in England they analyze that kind of water. Why, the water we drink here is often too thick

COLORADO STILL RAGING; OTHER RIVERS FALLING.

Thirty to Fifty Lives Lost and Property Damage $3,000,000 Is the Record So Far.

VAST TERRITORY INUNDATED.

AN EYE-WITNESS DUESCRIBES THE BREAKING OF THE GRANITE DAM AT AUSTIN.

Seventeen Counties Bordering the Colorado, for a Distance of Nearly 500 Miles, Have Felt the Disastrous Effects of the Overflow.

Special to the Post-Dispatch.

AUSTIN, Tex., Apr. 9.—Loss of life by the flood in the Colorado is now estimated at less than 50.

Owing to the vast expanse of country submerged in the Colorado Valley and those of that stream's tributaries, the names of not more than one-half the victims can be given. Those known have already been furnished the newspapers. Every hour, however, brings reports of bodies floating gulfward in the Colorado below Austin.

The names of the five strangers drowned in the Concho on Saturday last north of San Angelo are not yet known and that section of the State is still impenetrable because of the high waters.

The Colorado is still rising and the river is four feet above the highest reached during the memorable flood of last year. All the wires along the Missouri, Kansas and Texas road south of Temple have been lost to-day.

At Bastrop the record of high water is again broken and the town is entirely cut off.

Railroad operations in the southern half of the State are impeded. Weather reports from all over the southern and southwestern Texas sections are threatening more rain.

To-day fully 30,000 people gathered at the dam and power house stationed north of this city to witness the ruins of the plant which cost this city one and three-quarter millions of dollars a few years ago. The waters of the Colorado River were still plunging and foaming around the wreck, eating away the big pile of granite which once formed the dam, as though it was nothing more than chalk rock. So fierce was the current that great boulders were carried half a mile from the dam, being rolled over and over by the turbulent tide. The power house which succumbed to the terrific wash of the water at 2 o'clock Sunday morning lies a mass of wreckage on the edge of the river, all the valuable machinery either having been thrown into the river or badly damaged by the falling timbers of the power house. The wreck of the plant is complete.

The situation in the city is most serious. The wreckage of the plant means that it will take several weeks to secure even a temporary water and light system if it can be made possible even then. In the meantime the city will be in a bad sanitary condition. All the hotels, private residences, stores and the like are without water, and there is no fire protection. Churches were unable to hold services yesterday for want of light, and all public meetings were abandoned. The daily newspapers are handicapped in their publications, being deprived of their electric power.

In Williamson County, north of here, railroad bridges and tracks have been laid waste and all trains have stopped running. Hundreds of head of cattle have been drowned and miles of fencing torn down and washed away. In Bastrop County and in the southern portion of this county similar conditions prevail, everything being under water, and much loss of property is reported.

The country tributary to the Colorado River all the way down its course is being inundated, and while it is believed the worst is over the loss, as estimated, will exceed $3,000,000, counting Austin as the largest loser. Fortunately the list of drowned may not exceed 30 to 50.

There were no trains operated on the Inland Great Northern, as much of its track and quite a number of bridges were washed away during last night. The Missouri, Kansas & Texas Railroad is also a heavy sufferer from a like cause.

Reports from several sections of Central and Southern Texas are that a large acreage is under water and much damage has been suffered in property and live stock.

As a rule the Texas rivers are now falling, and there is not much danger of a general flood. The crops have been damaged over a wide area, but there is still time for farmers to replant if they can get the seed. Corn has been planted over once and will have to be planted the third time. The farmers, as a rule, have not planted much cotton, because the heavy rains have kept them out of the fields. The railroads have lost many small bridges, and it will be a week before the traffic resumes its normal condition.

Smithville reports tremendous rains have fallen throughout that section, the main flood in the Colorado from the break in the great Austin dam reaching there to-day. The river is rising one foot an hour.

Cameron reports the flood in Little River now equals that of last July. The water works and power house have been overflowed. People were warned and no loss of life is reported. Brushy, San Gabriel and Little Rivers are all overflowed, causing the entire destruction of all crops.

A special from Rio Grande City announces the total destruction of the corn crop in the Lower Rio Grande bottom lands. Officials of the International & Great Northern Railroad report that all trains will be running on good time by Monday. The Aransas Pass Railroad has resumed its passenger service.

Advices from Del Rio and several other points on the Rio Grande show that that river is on one of the greatest rampages in its history. The valley south from Del Rio for a distance of 200 miles is flooded. It is thickly populated by Mexican families, and a number of drownings are feared. At Del Rio and points below, rescuing parties have been out in boats all day rescuing water-bound Mexicans and Americans. The erratic river has already made several material changes in its course, cutting off large strips of land from Mexico and then from the United States, and vice versa.

The International Water Boundary Commission will have much work to do when the present flood subsides. It is expected that the flood will do much damage to the United States Government reservations at Fort Ringgold and Fort Brown. Both these reservations suffered severely from the flood in the Rio Grande last June.

There are many irrigated farms along the Rio Grande. All these are floodswept.

Thomas Henderson, a ranchman, lost 700 head of beef cattle in Concho County. They were valued at $20,000. This is only one of many similar losses.

There are several small settlements along the valley of the Colorado in San Saba, Burnett and Llano counties, and it is feared the loss of life there will be heavy.

It is below Austin, for a distance of 200 miles, that the greatest havoc has been wrought by the Colorado River flood, which started from here yesterday. Reports show that the wall of water descended on the homes of hundreds of families without warning. Almost every wagon road bridge across the river between here and Columbus, 150 miles south, was destroyed.

The Colorado River is not the only West Texas stream that is on a rampage. The Concho, the Guadalupe, the San Marcos, the Llano, the Nueces and the Hondo Rivers are out of their banks and are flooding hundreds of thousands of acres of cultivated lands.

FEATURES OF THE FLOOD

Loss of life 30 to 50.

Loss of Property $3,000,000.

Austin suffers most.

Land along the Colorado overflowed for a distance of nearly 500 miles.

Seventeen Counties affected.

Austin is without a water or light system.

Colorado is still rising, but other large rivers, like the Brazos, are falling.

One ranchman lost $20,000 worth of cattle.

Every wagon bridge on the Colorado, between Austin and Columbus, 150 miles, has been destroyed.

BREAKING OF THE GREAT DAM

An Eye-Witness Describes the Scene Attending the Calamity at Austin.

SAN ANTONIO, Tex., April 9.—Mr. Jefferson McLemore, who was an eye-witness to the collapse of the dam at Austin, thus describes the great catastrophe:

"I was gazing intently at the great body of water as it swept gracefully over the crest of the dam, carrying with it acres of drift that parted as it went down the falls. The water over the crest was more than ten feet in depth, and was rising at the rate of eighteen inches an hour. The fall of the water was about 40 feet and the roaring and surging was awful. Nothing in my opinion, could in any measure compare with it except the falls of Niagara.

"While thus looking with awe on a sight such as I had never before witnessed, I noticed a sudden commotion of the waters near the center of the dam. For a moment the water where the commotion occurred seemed to recede, but it was only for a moment. It then shot upward with a tremendous spout to a height of perhaps 50 feet, as if in gleeful fury, and I saw that the dam was giving way. The commotion spread toward the east end of the dam and there was a trembling of the earth.

"Suddenly, above the dismal roar of the surging, raging waters there came a cry 'The dam is breaking; the dam is breaking.' The sound of the cry was as dismal as that of the maelstrom.

"When the break occurred the distance from the crest of the wave, as it rolled over the dam to the water below, was about 40 feet. Imagine then, if you can, a body of water 40 feet in height, 1400 feet in width and 30 miles in length, suddenly released from confinement, and you will have a faint idea of the scene that I witnessed as the dam across the Colorado River gave way.

"Once released from its confinement the water subsided rapidly, seeking a level with that below the dam, and then it was seen how the Colorado River flood, which started from here yesterday, was brought by the wall of water descended on the homes of hundreds of families without warning. Almost every wagon road bridge across the river between here and Columbus, 150 miles south, was destroyed.

The Colorado River is not the only West Texas stream that is on a rampage. The Concho, the Guadalupe, the San Marcos, the Llano, the Nueces and the Hondo Rivers are out of their banks and are flooding hundreds of thousands of acres of cultivated lands.

"The dam was not toppled over, as many supposed it would be, but instead, a large section, beginning near the center and extending toward the east bank, was moved bodily down the stream a distance of at least 40 feet. Another section, extending to within 30 feet of the head gate masonry on the east end was also moved down stream a distance of 40 or 50 feet. Between these two displaced sections there was a gap of about 100 feet, where the dam had completely disappeared, and this was not long before the section nearest the center also crumbled and disappeared. Had the remaining displaced section also tumbled down the tower broke, as it would have a few hours later would possibly have been saved. As it was, this section threw a heavy current against the power house, which eventually undermined the west wall of the building and caused it to collapse."

DAMAGE ALONG THE COAST.

The Tarpon Club Property on St. Joseph Island Injured.

DALLAS, Tex., April 9.—E. H. R. Green, son of Mrs. Hetty Green, and president of the Tarpon Club of the coast, has received telegrams from Rockport of heavy damage to club property on St. Joseph Island. By a severe storm in Matagorda Bay, along Matagorda Peninsula and Matagorda Island, a number of small vessels were wrecked and some lives are believed to have been lost.

THE FARMERS SING FOR CORN IS KING!

This year, King Corn and the farmer shrewd
Will own the earth and its daily food;
The big, coarse grain is the real thing now,
And wheat is nowhere, we must allow;
The price goes up like the stalks in spring,
And this is the Corn King's song they sing:

Yellow is the gold, the grain;
Western farmers crow again.
Corn is king,
The welkin ring!
Spread the news with might and main!

Then all hands 'round in a merry whirl;
And for'd and back, in a swing and swirl;
The mortgage's lifted; the debts are paid,
The big crops did it, with prices aid;
We've done our work, now we'll have our fling—
And this is the Corn King's song we sing:

Yellow is the gold, the grain;
Western farmers crow again.
Corn is king,
The welkin ring!
Spread the news with might and main!

If there ever was a time in the world's history when corn was king, it is now. Prices are up near the 40-cent mark; the demand is strong, and the farmer is sitting back, with his cribs full, holding for prices that suit him, while the "shorts" are squealing like so many porkers caught in tight corners of a stake-and-rider fence. Or if Mr. Farmer is sold out, he is looking forward to a fine crop, and a demand that will not be satisfied, while Famine walks the land in India, and millions of bushels will not pay his tribute.

Corn is about one-third higher than it was six months ago. This rise has come gradually, but surely. Because it came so slowly it was not till lately that it was noticed. But now!

In figures, this advance means about $203,000,000 on the annual crop, or about $3 to every man, woman and child in the United States.

ROBERTS' ARMY HAS LOST ITS LEGS.

(CONNTINUED FROM PAGE ONE.)

even to filter. One cannot pump it through a Berkfelt candle.

"At Ramdam there was a big pond—what was left of moisture in the dam. One bathed in it only under the most pressing compulsion of cleanliness. The water was very shallow, but the mud was black and deep. One sank to the knees if one tried to walk, and so sat gently half in mud and half in brown soup and thanked God for water. One rose from it with the green leeches hanging about one's body like bits of seaweed, and with a sprinkling of a less known insect.

"Horses looked askance at that pool, but the men drank of it greedily and drank of it where alone they could reach it, where the horses' hoof had churned it into a blackish green liquor, thick as soup."

Here is a vignette from the field of battle: "Twenty yards to the left a man is lying, pressed flat to the ground. He is very much the ground color, and the occasional dust whirls over him have aided the disguise. There are little tufts of withered scrub, which help to hide him, though but a few inches high. The sun has been blazing on his back and the sand about him for seven hours, and the veldt wavers confusedly in the glare of the heat. A pale blue lake of mirage has formed about the furthest kopjes and left them like dark islands in the sky. The man on the left feels gingerly for the tin bottle which lies under his elbow, his fingers spread over its felt covering, and gives it a gentle shake. The shake is repeated and he begins to draw the bottle slowly under him, keeping his body rigidly stiff. The job is a long one, because the bottle strap catches in his accoutrements and he dare not move to free it. When he has it at last beneath him, he begins to turn over as slowly as he has done all else. He lifts his foot a few inches, feels a spit of dust sand beside him not much more than an arm's length away. He keeps his eyes on the mark the bullet has made and remains for some moments as if it had turned him to stone. Then, with a more laborious patience he resumes his movement until, at last, he is on his back and has the bottle above him. It holds only a few hot drops, but he thought he had drained even them an hour, and his tongue is like a piece of fur in his mouth. He got, with a rush, to the place he occupies about 8 o'clock in the morning, when a sudden crackle from the river in front of him laid the whole line on its face, where it has remained, with occasional wriggling forward ever since. He is on the right of his company and alone, for the man next him, after chaffing the Boer shooting for half an hour, began suddenly to whimper and has been still ever since.

He failed himself to take the bullets humorously, but he gave a grin between his face and the ground and struck his belt buckle. Then he cursed them and was afraid, till he lost all other feelings in the awful sense of thirst.

"He knows the action is still going on, for he can hear the steady pounding of a battery from the hill behind him, and sudden series of rifle fire beyond the river to the left. He knows too, from those hateful spits of dust, that the Boer is still behind the bushes in front of him, but the Boer is always behind something, and he is tired of trying to shoot and being shot at by a man whom he never sees. Besides, if he lifts his rifle the dust begins to jump again, and the rifle barrel is scalding hot, the varnish is sizzling on the stock as though it stood before a fire, and to touch it seems to quicken the unbearable thirst.

"He tries to curse at the hour as the sun goes over, and falls on his left side. He writes words in the sand with his fingers and rubs them out, bewilders and hurts his brain with the bundle of food in front of him, does anything he can to keep from thinking of the maddening drouth within him. What he really thinks of God knows.

"I lay there blarsting them Boers so long as I can remember," said one who had lost consciousness after eight hours of that kind of fighting, and his attitude was probably characteristic. But cursing is not cool work, and dries a man already drouthy, while still the crackle of fire comes from the river and death stands before a drink. At last, while there are still some three hours of daylight, the patter of rifles along the dongas on the further bank grows more and more hurried, till it runs into a continuous roll. A last determined, disastrous attempt is being made to push back the enemy's right. The Seaforths, Connaughts and Canadians, mixed together, are clambering, leaping, blundering forward across the deep intricate channels of the dong beds.

The man on the other side of the river only knows of what is going forward by the swell and spread of the fire. Five minutes and it has sunk again to the snap, snap of scattered rifles. What has happened? Whose are the bodies in those pits of death? Where is the enemy and where the friend? He has not the least idea. If things have gone well there will be fresh orders probably, but no orders come.

"At 6 o'clock he had been 12 hours under fire; his last meal was a biscuit, 15 hours before, he had fallen in at 8 o'clock in the morning, after marching all the day before. But he is aware neither of weariness nor of hunger in the fever of his thirst. The flesh of his face, stained brown by the sun, has a dry, twisted look, like the parched stem of a scrub, though all the moisture had been wrung from it. One grows to know that look out here. His fingers never leave his water bottle, nor his eyes the green fringe of bush along the river. Another hour and the guns about him cease firing, and a new fight seems to be beginning far away on the right. The sun is going down, and he can see nothing to the left of him, but a hot gold glare of dust.

"Then out of it a man leaps and makes a dash forward toward the river. There is a sharp ring of an order to stop him and almost with it the quick stammer of a dozen shots, and the man swings around and pitches forward on his back. The battle grows louder on the right, a Howitzer battery has come into action, brownish, puffs of lyddite are bursting along the kopje. But the man lying in the scrub pays no heed to it. His arms are spread out flat, his fingers dug into the sand. He is pulling himself slowly forward, his eyes glaring ahead through the scrub. When a bullet strikes near him, he stops a moment, but goes on again. So in half an hour he covers about 50 yards. He can see the cool hollow of the river but there is only brown grass along its banks and his one chance lies in a dash. He is on all fours for a spring, but he gets no further. A rifle has been following the faint trail of dust above him and he sinks down in a lump with a bullet through his head."

STORY OF FIVE COMPANIES

How the Boers Captured the British Expedition at De Wet's Dorp.

BETHANY, Saturday, April 7.—Gen. Catacre's force has returned here without having found any trace of the ill-fated British column captured by the Reddersburg commando. It is impossible to estimate the British losses, but as the men fought stubbornly, it is probably that they were large.

Gen. Gatacre arrived to late. Reddersburg was already reoccupied by the Boers and the enemy are now threatening the lines to the south.

The story of the capture is as follows:

The Royal Irish Rifles had been marching in the eastern part of the Free State collecting arms, and were returning to Bethany on Tuesday, when they were intercepted by a Boer commando, which had placed three guns in position. The Irish intrenched themselves, while the mounted infantry scouted along both flanks, only to find escape impossible.

The Boers opened with gun and rifle fire. The British replied sparingly with rifle fire, husbanding their cartridges in the hope that help would arrive.

Gradually the Boers drew into closer quarters. They fired intermittently during Tuesday night, but did not attempt to rush the British position until Wednesday, when the Irishmen, who had fought tenaciously, were suffering severely from want of food and water. By this time also the Rifles had expended their last cartridge.

Finding that there was no sign of succor, they surrendered, having fought for nearly 30 hours. They lost ten killed and many wounded. Among the captured is Capt. Tennant, Gen. Gatacre's chief intelligence officer.

ROBERTS' ARMY IS AFOOT

Lung Disease Attacks All Imported Horses and the Mounting of His Troops Is a Serious Problem.

WASHINGTON, April 9.—Charles R. Hallett of London, who is now in Washington, says:

"I have been with an agent of the Government who is buying horses for the army a good deal within the past few days, and he tells me that 109 of Roberts' horses were shot one day this week. The agent received the news along with a message urging him to make haste in purchasing. Primarily, the horse sickness is some lung disease, although it shows itself in a swelling of the head and a quick pulse; there was a slight dip behind, then another rise, which constituted the real crest. As the men advanced over the sky line and exposed themselves to full view, the Boers suddenly sprang up in their trenches and fired in quick succession the five rounds with which their Mausers were charged, at a range of 50 yards.

"The native horses are subject to this sickness, but not so bad as the imported horse. In fact, the native horse does not get disabled. The South African horse is small and hardy animal and can stand a great deal. The fact that he is small means that he does not have to eat much, and this is a great advantage. He is 'salted'; that is, he has usually gone through the horse sickness. The fresh horses are 'unsalted.'

"Mules are not afflicted with the horse sickness. If Roberts has a great many mules he may not be seriously handicapped by the horse sickness. If his transport is furnished largely with horses, it would not be surprising to hear of its almost total collapse. It gets very cold in Bloemfontein and winter is just coming on. The British troops are in for months of the hardest kind of service. There will be nothing heard of 'on to Pretoria' for some time."

AMERICAN SHIP OVERHAULED

Captain of the Sea Witch Expressed His Mind in Picturesque Language to the British Officers.

From Howard C. Hillegas, the Post-Dispatch Special Commissioner in South Africa.

(Copyright, 1900.)

LORENZO MARQUEZ, Delagoa Bay, March 1.—After evading the squadron of the war ships blockading this port and anchoring far in the bay the American clipper ship Sea Witch, laden with flour for the Transvaal, was boarded in Portuguese waters by a boat's crew from the British man-of-war Wasp early in the morning of March 25.

The vessel was anchored about three miles inside of Portuguese waters. A boat's crew from Her Majesty's ship Wasp examined the ship's papers and cargo. Capt. Howes mistook the Lieutenant and his men for Portuguese officials and made no protest to them while they were examining his papers, but when the officer began overhauling the cargo Mate Claxton became suspicious and asked questions.

"The Left'ant," said he afterward, "strutted around the deck as if he were cock of the walk and he made me confounded tired. He was a short Johnnie and wore his sword around his neck so that it would not touch the ground. I laughed to split my sides and he wanted to know what I was laughing at, old chap. Then I knew he wasn't a Portuguese and saw that the ship he came from was flying a British flag.

"Then I got mad. Says I to him: 'What do you Britishers want on this ship?' He smirked a bit and asked me for a cigarette. That made my blood boil, and I stepped up to him and asked him whether he saw that American flag flying at the masthead. 'It's a bit frayed,' I said, 'but it's all right, you bet.'

"He groans in reply and then I went for him for fair. 'You see it or you may not, but I'll tell you that this ship is a bit of United States territory, and while the skipper's having his breakfast I am acting President. We may be floating pretty far away from our seat of government, but it will take a big sight smarter Britisher than you to bamboozle me. We treated you on the square and you tried to pull our leg by coming aboard a ship where you have no right. Now get off this ship of the United States territory and take your sword with you, or we'll have a new Majuba Hill right here.'"

The lieutenant withdrew from the Sea Witch immediately and when he came ashore he told a friend at the Club de Lorenzo Marquez that he never expected to escape from that bit of American territory.

"'Why, said he, 'the bloomin' Yank cursed so that I had to hold my ears shut.'"

ENGLISH LACK OF STRATEGY

Disaster at Spion Kop Scathingly Reviewed by a British Army Officer.

Correspondence of the Associated Press.

LONDON, March 31.—The officer with Gen. Buller who so scathingly described the disaster at Spion Kop, in "To-Day" continues his remarkable series with a denunciation as bitter as ever fell upon a general. This week his article is confined to a general review of the strategy, or rather lack of strategy, which preceded the relief of Ladysmith, and he includes a terrible indictment against the useless sacrifice of the Irish brigade, whose gallantry excited so much admiration in England.

"Yes," writes this officer." "Ladysmith has been relieved at last; we have been blundering along the line of hills that form that northern bank of the Tugela for many months; attempting to pass it at all sorts of impossible places, and suffering heavy loss each time. That is an accurate description of the ten weeks' campaign on the Tugela. No one knew the ground or took the trouble to learn it.

"As an example of this sublime indifference, Gen. Buller was not aware that Hlangwani Mountain, which commanded the crossing of the Tugela, was on the southern side of the river till he had failed in three different attempts. Yet he lived for weeks within three of four miles of the hill and at the battle of Colenso his right flank extended beyond it.

"As to strategy, there was none, neither good nor bad. The troops were moved along, and when a hill or an entrenchment appeared in front they were ordered to take it. Sometimes they failed, sometimes they succeeded; often when they had succeeded, after terrible loss, the post was found to be useless and was abandoned. This is the blind folly in which we have been engaged, and which, more through good luck than good management, has eventually succeeded. But had not Lord Roberts' victory drawn away a great part of the Boers for the defense of their own country it would never have succeeded and Ladysmith would have fallen. Thus weakened, the Boers had not force enough to occupy such a long defensive position, and one by one the strong places fell into our hands.

"On Friday, Feb. 23, Gen. Hart was ordered to send up the Connaught Rangers, the Inniskillings and the Dublins along the line of the railway to attack some low hills where the river turned again toward the east. The operation was most difficult and dangerous. Six companies of the Inniskillings and two companies of the Connaught Rangers formed the attacking lines; the remainder of the Rangers and half of the Dublins were in support; the reserve consisted of the other half of the Dublins. In this order the Irish brigade recrossed the railway and began the attack, coming at once under a severe cross-fire from the hills on the right and left. It was at such times that tactical errors led to such terrible loss of life. Some troops had indeed been sent to the hill on the left, but they were not ordered to push the attack and they could not, from their position, even see the northern slopes; they merely acted as sentries to prevent our being entirely cut off. Any one could see that it was madness to send an attacking force up the central hill, while the flanking hill was unoccupied, and the Boers thereon were left free to concentrate their fire for its defense.

"But stupid as was the scheme, the method adopted for its execution was even worse. Gen. Hart placed himself on a neighboring hill with a telescope and a bugler, so he was completely out of touch with the attack, and could not know when a rest was necessary or when an attack could profitably be pressed. These matters are felt only by the officers on the spot, and it is absolutely necessary to leave it to their discretion. There he stood, sounding at intervals the 'advance,' then the 'double' and the 'charge.' When it appeared to him that the attack was not proceeding rapidly enough to suit his taste, the bugle rang out again in peremptory tones.

"Our artillery, meanwhile, was shelling the trenches at the top of the hill and kept down the enemy's fire from that direction, so that the advance line got to within a hundred yards of what seemed to them to be the top, and waited for a moment to take breath, under cover of the steepness of the hill. Then, the general's bugler sounded the three calls 'advance,' 'double,' 'charge.' The word was passed along the ranks; bayonets were fixed, and springing to their feet the men dashed forward with a cheer.

"Not a shot was fired by the enemy and the place seemed to be deserted. The crest was reached and passed, and the triumph seemed complete. But alas, that crest was but a false crest; there was a slight dip behind, then another rise, which constituted the real crest. As the men advanced over the sky line and exposed themselves to full view, the Boers suddenly sprang up in their trenches and fired in quick succession the five rounds with which their Mausers were charged, at a range of 50 yards.

"The native horses are subject to this sickness, but not so bad as the imported horse. In fact, the native horse does not get disabled. The South African horse is small and hardy animal and can stand a great deal. The fact that he is small means that he does not have to eat much, and this is a great advantage. He is 'salted'; that is, he has usually gone through the horse sickness. The fresh horses are 'unsalted.'

"Mules are not afflicted with the horse sickness. If Roberts has a great many mules he may not be seriously handicapped by the horse sickness. If his transport is furnished largely with horses, it would not be surprising to hear of its almost total collapse. It gets very cold in Bloemfontein and winter is just coming on. The British troops are in for months of the hardest kind of service. There will be nothing heard of 'on to Pretoria' for some time."

HORSES FOR BRITISH MOUNTS

English Agents Make a Contract at New York for 50,000 American Animals.

Special to the Post-Dispatch.

NEW YORK, April 9.—An agent for the British Government will sign a contract this week for the delivery of 50,000 horses in South Africa by July 1. This is the current report in horse markets.

It is said that a firm of dealers will provide the animals and they are already preparing to collect the great number required. According to the rumors the horses are to be shipped directly from this port to Cape Town. It is said the average price for the horses will be about $100, which would make the total amount of the contract $5,000,000. The United States Government allows $150 each for the purchase of cavalry horses.

There is little doubt that the British Government is trying to buy horses in this country as it is all over Europe to meet the demands of the army in South Africa.

Scruggs, Vandervoort & Barney

DRY GOODS COMPANY.

Tuesday, April 10th,

Will Have On Sale

New Suitings for Tailor-Made Gowns.

50-inch All-Wool Homespuns, in shades of Tan, Brown or Oxford Grays.....Per yard, $1.00

50-inch All-Wool Cheviots, in the Stylish Mixed Tans, Grays and Natural Colorings.....$1.50

48-inch All-wool Wide Width Serges, in shades of Tan, Blue, Brown.....Per yard, $1.50

58-inch All-wool English Tailoring Checks and Stripes, varied styles.....Per yard, $2.25

48-inch Imported Venetian, in Gray, Tan, Blue, Brown, Castor—Per yard, $2.50

45-inch Silk Stripe Covert, in Blue, Gray, Tan, Castor—Per yard, $2.00

New French Challies.

During the past week we have added to stock a special importation of All-Wool and Silk and Wool French Challies, in new Persian, Pompadour and Cashmere effects—Dresden Figures, Stripes, Small and Medium Spots and Figures, on Light, Medium and Dark colored grounds; from.....30c to 85c

New Wash Goods.

IRISH DIMITY—A variety of choice printings, on the stylish Pink, Lavender, Delft and China Blue color grounds.....25c

Madras.

Mercerized Stripes, in various widths and colors; desirable for men's wear.....30c

Scruggs, Vandervoort & Barney

DRY GOODS COMPANY.

Kid Gloves.

Clasp Gloves. Three Qualities.
"Premier," Three Clasp, Glace and Suede.....$2.00

Lacing Gloves. Three Qualities.
"Fosterina," Four Hooks, Glace and Suede.....$2.00

These are the Finest Gloves we know.

"Standard," Three Clasp, Overseam and Pique.....$1.50
"Duprez," Two Clasp, Overseam and Pique.....$1.00
"Fowler," Four Hooks, Overseam and Pique.....$1.50
"William," Four Hooks, Glace and Suede.....$1.00

We Fit All Gloves We Sell.

DEATHS.

BOOTH—On Sunday, April 8, 1900, at 5:40 a. m., of pneumouia, in his 80th year.

Funeral on Tuesday, April 10, at 10 o'clock a. m., from the Church of the Immaculate Conception. Interment private. Please omit flowers.

BOWMAN—At 5 p. m., April 7, 1900, at the home of his son-in-law, Dr. C. E. Peck, in Chicago, Robert Bowman of this city.

Funeral from his late residence, 3029 Dickson street, at 3:30 p. m. Tuesday, April 10. Friends invited. Interment private.

ERNST—On Monday, April 9, 1900, at 6:20 a. m., Lottie Ernst, beloved daughter of Fred and Annie Ernst, aged 1 year and 4 months.

Funeral Tuesday, April 10, at 2 p. m., from family residence, 1211 Carr street.

HART—On Sunday, April 8, at 9:30 p. m., Thomas Hart, Sr., aged 70 years.

Funeral on Tuesday morning at 9 a. m. from his late residence, 3930 Westminster place, to St. Francis Xavier Church. Interment private.

HODGMAN—On April 7, at 4:40 p. m., Charles Hodgman, aged 48 years.

Funeral services at Central Presbyterian Church, corner Garrison and Lucas avenues, Tuesday, April 10, at 2:30 p. m. Interment private. Friends are requested not to send flowers.

JERNER—On Monday, April 9, 1900, at 12:30 a. m., Alice E., beloved daughter of Alex L. and Bessie Jerner (nee Ejorkman), aged 8 years 9 months.

Funeral will take place Tuesday, April 10, at 2 p. m., from family residence, 1518A N. Jefferson av., thence to Bethania Cemetery. Interment private.

KEHOE—On Saturday, April 7, 1900, at 11 p. m., Miss Alice Kehoe, sister of Mrs. M. Sheridan and Mrs. J. Hogan.

Funeral will take place from the family residence, 132 Blackstone av., Tuesday, April 10, at 8:30 a. m., to St. Rose's Church, thence to Calvary Cemetery. Friends invited to attend.

M'GINLEY—On Sunday, April 8, at 8:30 p. m. John McGinley, beloved husband of May McGinley.

Funeral will take place from the family residence, 6218 Clemens av., on Tuesday, April 10, at 2:30 p. m., to St. Rose's Church, thence to Calvary Cemetery.

MAUD ADAMS' STATUE BARRED.

It Will Not Be Permitted in the Paris Exposition Grounds.

NEW YORK, April 9.—"The $150,000 gold statue of Maud Adams, the actress, typifying 'The American Girl,' will not be exhibited at the Paris Exposition," says A. H. Mattox, press representative of the United States Commission.

"Miss Adams' statue will not be admitted within the exposition gates," said Mr. Mattox, "on the ground that the exhibit is a personal one. Commissioner-General Peck was asked for space for the statue, but I am authorized to state that the only American statue to be shown will be that of Lafayette, the money for which was subscribed by the Government and by children of the public schools. Commissioner Peck has written from Paris most positively that he will not have the statue of Miss Adams at the exposition."

MASONIC TEMPLE DEDICATION.

Opening Services Will Be Held in the Various Halls Next Wednesday.

Next Wednesday evening the new Masonic Temple at Grand and Finney avenues will be formally dedicated, with elaborate ceremonies. The programme will include a session of the Grand Lodge and speeches by prominent members of the order. Portions of the exercises will be open to the general public, but admission to the dedication proper will be by card. Meetings will be held simultaneously in the several halls on the fifth floor of the temple.

CASTORIA For Infants and Children.
The Kind You Have Always Bought
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher

DEATHS.

RONAN—On Saturday, April 7, at 11:45 p. m., Margaret Ronan, beloved aunt of Thomas J. Lynch, aged 47 years.

Funeral will take place from the residence of her nephew, 1106 South Ninth street, on Tuesday, April 10, at 2 p. m., to Annunciation Church, thence to Calvary Cemetery.

SHELLEY—Sunday, April 8, 1900, at 9:30 a. m., Margaret Shelley, relict of the late Dennis Shelley, and mother of John, James, Dennis, David, Mary, Ellen, William, Margaret, Thomas and Daniel Shelley and Mrs. James Spear.

Funeral from family residence, No. 2332 Montgomery street Tuesday, April 10, at 8 a. m., to Sacred Heart Church, thence to Calvary Cemetery. Friends are invited to attend. Please omit flowers.

Deceased was a native of Mullenahone, Tipperary, Ireland.

White Hall (Ill.) papers please copy.

SMITH—On Sunday morning, at 6:15 a. m., Alexander D. Smith, in his forty-second year, at the residence of Peter M. Davidson, 4520 Lucky street.

Funeral from 4520 Lucky street, Tuesday, 2 p. m., April 10.

TATUM—On Sunday, April 8, at 6:50 a. m., John A. Tatum, in his sixtieth year, husband of Zulma Farris Tatum.

Funeral on Tuesday, April 10, at 2 p. m., from residence, 3417 Eads avenue, thence to St. Kevin's Church, Cardinal and Park avenues. Interment private.

TIMBERLAKE—On Sunday, April 8, 1900, at 4:30 p. m., Mary A. Timberlake, daughter of the late William H. Timberlake, age 61 years.

Funeral Tuesday, April 10, at 10 a. m., from St. Paul's Episcopal Church, South St. Louis. Residence 6818 Virginia av.

Harrodsburg (Ky.), Los Angeles (Cal.), Little Rock (Ark.) papers please copy.

WALSH—On Sunday, April 8, at 10:50 p. m., John E. Walsh, beloved husband of the late Josephine Walsh and son of Ellen Walsh and the late John Walsh.

Funeral from family residence, 2323 Dickson street, Tuesday, 2 p. m., to St. Bridget's Church, thence to Calvary Cemetery.

San Jose and Los Angeles (Cal.) papers please copy.

WALSH—Saturday, April 7, 1900, at 6 o'clock p. m., Josie Walsh (nee Egan), beloved wife of Maurice D. Walsh, daughter of James and Margaret Egan, sister of Mary, John and James Egan and Mrs. Annie Mears.

Funeral from family residence, 2307 O'Fallon street, Tuesday, April 10, at 8:30 a. m., to St. Bridget's Church, thence to Calvary Cemetery. Friends are invited to attend.

CRUISER ALBANY DELAYED.

British Shipyards Slow in Completing Her Fittings.

WASHINGTON, April 9.—The naval authorities are exasperated over the delay in completing the cruiser Albany at the Armstrong Works, at Elswick, where her officers and crew have been for the last two weeks. The principal trouble has been due to the steam heating, which is something practically unknown to foreign warship builders, but which was made part of the contract for the Albany. Letters from officers on the ship received tell of the sufferings of the crew during a fortnight of British weather, when on the clearest day it was possible to see almost the length of the ship. The rest of the time a raining and wet and always chilling to the bone. All the time an insufficient force of yardmen were hammering away in all parts of the vessel. The works employ 20,000 men, but the labor union regulations are so far-fetched that more work, it is said, could be accomplished in an American establishment with 10,000 men. The final delivery of the ship has been promised for April 10, and after going to coal at Southampton the Albany was to start across the ocean in the hope of reaching New York on April 25.

WOMAN'S LOVE FOUND A WAY.

Missouri Girl Obtains Pardon for Man Who Wronged Her.

WED IN GOVERNOR'S MANSION.

MISS MAUDE MALOTT'S DEVOTION TO GEORGE W. WILSON.

He Was Sent to Prison in 1899, and Since Then the Girl Has Spared No Effort to Set Him Free.

Special to the Post-Dispatch.

JEFFERSON CITY, Mo., April 9.—George W. Wilson, who was sent to the penitentiary from Clay County in June, 1899, under sentence of five years for enticing a female under lawful age from her home, was pardoned by Gov. Stephens this morning. Immediately after Wilson was taken out of the prison he was met by Miss Maude Malott, the girl he betrayed, and together they went to the executive mansion where they were married by Rev. W. G. Pike, chaplain of the prison, in the presence of Gov. and Mrs. Stephens.

Since Wilson came to the prison Miss Malott has been unceasing in her efforts to have him pardoned. She has haunted the Governor's office for months and finally procured a lengthy petition from citizens of Clay County asking that executive clemency be extended. Her father was obdurate, however, and protested against the pardon until a few days ago. Finally, the daughter won him over and a letter was received from him this morning saying that he withdrew his protest. This letter decided the matter, and when Miss Malott called at the Governor's office she found the pardon waiting for her and an invitation from Gov. and Mrs. Stephens for the marriage, to take place at the mansion. She was almost overcome with joy at the announcement, but hastened to the prison with the precious paper, and her lover was soon a free man.

This is the first time, so far as any one can remember, when such a wedding took place in the Executive Mansion.

Wilson is said to have borne a good reputation prior to coming to the prison. His bride belongs to a very respectable family of Clay County, and is rather pretty and attractive. Her persistent fight for her lover won the admiration of every one about the State House, and there was not a man in the building who did not feel happy when she won her gallant battle.

PLOT TO BLOW UP JAIL FOILED

Plan Arranged to Liberate Expert Safe Blowers Confined at Bridgeport, Conn.

Special to the Post-Dispatch.

BRIDGEPORT, Conn., April 9.—Through the watchfulness of Capt. George McCloskey of the New York Detective Bureau a bold plot to blow up the jail in Bridgeport and liberate three expert safe-crackers was frustrated late Saturday night. Men armed with rifles and revolvers stood at every corner of the building, a posse of reserves were within call and telephone and telegraph wires were in readiness to aid in a coup.

About midnight four rough looking men sauntered up in front of the pail and surveyed the premises. A cough from one of the armed guards within the gate alarmed them. A moment's whispered consultation ensued among the quartet and before the officials could be notified the men staggered off, as if intoxicated, and disappeared in different directions.

Supt. Birmingham of the Bridgeport police was notified late Saturday afternoon that four men had left this city for Bridgeport and that there was good reason to believe they intended to blow up the north wing of the jail with nitro-glycerine and in the confusion effect the escape of three notorious burglars named Harry Ogden, alias "Connecticut Blackie," Jim Murphy, known in the rogues' gallery as "Big Murphy," and Dan Lashaway.

The superintendent warned Sheriff Hawley and deputies were posted inside and outside of the jail. Orders were given that nobody should be admitted within the main gate and everybody who approached the building was to be closely scrutinized.

A strict watch was set on the prisoners who were to be rescued and plans made to seize them at once if any untoward episode occurred. As it turned out, there was no jail delivery and beyond admitting that advices had been received of a plot to blow up a part of the jail the officials refuse to discuss the matter.

MRS. DEWEY QUITS ST. PAUL'S

She Will Hereafter Attend St. John's Episcopal Church With the Admiral.

WASHINGTON, April 9.—The wife of Admiral Dewey has left the Catholic Church, which she joined a few years ago, and in which her marriage to the admiral was celebrated.

She will hereafter attend St. John's Episcopal Church, in which the admiral has for years had a pew.

The admiral declined to talk about the matter, except to admit that Mrs. Dewey had some weeks ago definitely given up her pew in St. Paul's Church.

The Dewey pew at St. John's was vacant throughout yesterday's service. Not even the admiral was there. This, however, was accidental, as it had been his intention to attend the 11 o'clock service, but he was kept so busy seeing callers, with several of whom he spent almost the entire morning in his study, that he did not get to church.

At the time of her marriage Mrs. Dewey, wishing to have the ceremony as quiet as possible, made the stipulation that no one should be present at the ceremony outside of her own party. As it turned out, there were two persons in attendance utterly unknown.

On this account there was considerable feeling. Not since her marriage has Mrs. Dewey attended St. Paul's or any other Catholic Church, so that her final leaving is not a complete surprise to her personal friends.

At the time of her conversion to the Roman Catholic faith Mrs. Dewey was a pewholder in St. John's. Mr. Jules Boeufve, chancellor of the French Embassy, at that time a member of St. Matthew's Church in this city, was largely instrumental in Mrs. Dewey's conversion, as in that of several other prominent society women about the same time.

Why Don't You

get rid of that cough? It will make your lungs sore and may lead to consumption. A few doses of the old family remedy—Scott's Emulsion—will loosen it up, and a few more doses cure it entirely.

At all Druggists; 50c. and $1.00.

SCOTT & BOWNE, Chemists, New York.

RUTHLESS RAFFLING OF AN ACTOR'S TRUNK.

ACTOR LAWRENCE HANLEY AND HIS FORMER POSSESSIONS.

For it so falls out
That what we have we prize not to the worth
While we enjoy it, but being lacked and lost,
Why, then we reck the value; then we find
The virtue that possession would not show us
While 'twas ours.

W. SHAKSPEARE.

Lawrence Hanley, who has played Shakespeare off and on, as the spirit moved him, for some years, may or may not have thought of these lines while his trunk was being raffled by a constable in Belleville Saturday.

The trunk reached Belleville in October, and it contained the wardrobe which Hanley would have worn in a "superb production of 'Hamlet'" had he not suddenly become busy elsewhere—to wit, at the Lindell Hotel, many miles from the Belleville opera house.

The manager and the company got together and decided that "Hamlet" without the ham would not be a howling success. Of course Mr. Hanley was indisposed. When a man is as seriously indisposed as he was that night he feels like answering an anxious theater manager's telegram with:

"Thou troublest me; I am not in the humor."

While Hanley remained at his hotel an angry mob was besieging the box office of the Opera House. It clamored for its money. Manager E. J. Stannus was forced to refund, and as he handed out the coin

"The big round tears
Coursed one another down his innocent nose
In piteous chase."

That audience was not to be parleyed with. It had sat on the hard chairs in the Opera House for nearly two hours waiting to get a glimpse of Hamlet and hadn't even seen the ghost.

It reasoned:

"Why should a man whose blood is warm within
Sit like his grandsire, cut in alabaster."

In vain did Mr. Stannus try to temporize. The more the crowd yelled the oftener he repeated:

"I thank you for your voices; thank you: Your most sweet voices."

"Mr. Hanley," he said, "is ill. He failed to appear on that account and"——

"Then you and I and all of us fell down."

"But for his illness I am sure Mr. Hanley would be here."

At the close of Mr. Stannus' speech a man in the audience said:

"In my mind's eye, Horatio." This remark made

"A hit, a palpable hit.

Now, Mr. Stannus was out some coin expended in advertising the show. He seized Hanley's trunk and sent the actor a message which read in effect:

"Thyself and thy belongings are not thine own."

Up to this time Hanley had been inclined to take the matter philosophically, arguing:

"Shall I not take mine ease in mine inn?"

But when he learned that his trunk had been seized he realized that:

"If all the year were playing holidays
To sport would be as tedious as to work."

And so he bade the manager:

"Speak of me as I am; nothing extenuate,
Nor set down aught in malice."

However he did not go to Belleville to claim his trunk. The audience was still living there.

Saturday morning the contents of the trunk were auctioned. That is, they were put up for sale, but Manager Stannus, who had expected a great rush to be made for the actor's effects, learned that:

"All things that are
Are with more spirit chased than enjoyed."

The trunk contained a sash that might be used with equal facility in "Richard III." or a St. Patrick's Day parade, a make-up outfit; three daggers one of which showed signs of having been used to open oysters; one pair of tights, Hamlet; one pair of ditto, Romeo; one pair of opera length leather boots suited either to Falstaff of a duck hunter; three towels and a sheet marked L. Hotel; a rabbit's foot and a hoodoo charm labeled "bourbon whisky; and one Richard III. hump.

The whole lot brought $23.70, that amount being bid by Manager Stannus who says he will hold the trunk a reasonable time to give the actor a chance to redeem it.

Hanley has meanwhile announced:

"I'll purge and leave sack and live cleanly," and as, "He was ever precise in promise keeping," it may be that:

"All these woes shall serve
For sweet discourses in our time to come."

BRYAN THE CHOICE OF PARTY LEADERS.

Committeemen of Forty-One States Express the View That He Will Be Nominated by Acclamation.

NEW YORK, April 9.—A morning paper has received dispatches from Democratic National Committeemen who are in touch with the sentiment of their party in the several States indicating that Bryan will be practically nominated by acclamation, as is indicated by the tabie below:

STATE.	Democratic National Committeeman.	Choice of Candidates.
ALABAMA	Henry D. Clayton	Bryan.
ARIZONA	Marcus Burbage	Bryan.
ARKANSAS	Thomas C. McRae	Bryan.
CALIFORNIA	J. J. Dwyer	Bryan.
COLORADO	Adair Wilson	Bryan.
CONNECTICUT	Alexander Troup	Bryan.
DELAWARE	Richard R. Kenney	Doubtful.
FLORIDA	Samuel Pasco	Bryan.
GEORGIA	Clark Howell	Bryan.
IDAHO	George Ainslie	Bryan.
ILLINOIS	T. A Gahan	Bryan.
INDIANA	John G. Shankland	Bryan.
INDIAN TERRITORY	Thomas Marcum	Bryan.
IOWA	C. A Walsh	Bryan.
KANSAS	J. G Johnson	Bryan.
KENTUCKY	Trey Woodson	Bryan.
LOUISIANA	N. C. Blanchard	Bryan.
MAINE	Seth C. Gordon	Doubtful.
MARYLAND	Arthur P. Gorman	Doubtful.
MASSACHUSETTS	John W. Corcoran	Opposed to Bryan.
MICHIGAN	Daniel J. Campau	Doubtful.
MINNESOTA	Thomas D. O'Brien	Bryan.
MISSOURI	W. J. Stone	Bryan.
MISSISSIPPI	W. V. Sullivan	Bryan.
MONTANA	John J. McHatton	Bryan.
NEBRASKA	W. H. Thompson	Bryan.
NEW JERSEY	Philip P Baker	Bryan.
NEW HAMPSHIRE	True L. Norris	Doubtful.
NEW MEXICO	H. B. Ferguson	Bryan.
NEW YORK	Frank Campbell	Doubtful.
NEVADA	Clayton Belknap	Bryan.
NORTH CAROLINA	Josephus Daniels	Bryan.
NORTH DAKOTA	I. T. Baker	Bryan.
OHIO	John R. McLean	Bryan.
OKLAHOMA TERRITORY	Whit M. Grant	Bryan.
OREGON	J. N. Townsend	Bryan.
PENNSYLVANIA	J. N. Duffy	Bryan.
RHODE ISLAND	Richard B. Comstock	Bryan.
SOUTH CAROLINA	B. R. Tillman	Bryan.
SOUTH DAKOTA	James M. Woods	Bryan.
TENNESSEE	James M. Head	Bryan.
TEXAS	James G. Dudley	Bryan.
UTAH	A. W. McCune	Bryan.
VERMONT	H. B. Smalley	Bryan.
VIRGINIA	Peter J. Otey	Bryan.
WASHINGTON	W. H. J. White	Bryan.
WEST VIRGINIA	John T. McGraw	Bryan.
WISCONSIN	E. C. Wall	Bryan.
WYOMING	W. H. Halliday	Bryan.

DEATH OF DR. A. L. SHORTRIDGE

He Was for Many Years a Prominent Citizen of Missouri.

TIPTON, Mo., April 9.—Dr. Alfred Lewis Shortridge, one of Tipton's prominent citizens, died here Sunday. He was born in Scott County, Ky., June 2, 1813. Coming to Callaway County, Mo., in 1833, he made the trip back and forth several times on horseback to Lexington, Ky., to attend Transylvania University, and graduated in medicine from there in 1836. He located in Portland, Mo., later removing to Boonville, Mo. In 1850 he went to California, returning later to Cooper County. He married Miss Mary Bradley December 31, 1851, in Syracuse, Mo. He moved to Kirkwood, Mo., in 1867, where he resided until 1877. While in Kirkwood he was interested in the White Car Fast Freight Line on the Missouri Pacific Railroad; also, in barrel works and a tobacco factory in St. Louis. He was one of the founders of the Cooper County Bank. He entered in 1847 the land upon which he lived until he retired and removed to this city in October, 1890.

ROOSEVELT'S UNCLE.

Goes to Europe to See Croker and Talk Over the Political Situation.

Special to the Post-Dispatch.

NEW YORK, April 9.—Robert B. Roosevelt, the Democratic uncle of Gov. Roosevelt, sailed for Europe Saturday. Mr. Roosevelt is a member of the Tammany Society and is on very good terms with Richard Croker. It is said that his chief purpose in going abroad at this time is to have a talk with the Tammany chief.

Mr. Roosevelt thinks the party has a good chance of winning the presidency and also of electing a Governor.

When he meets Mr. Croker he will tell him that the delegation from this State to the national convention should go to Kansas City unpledged. Mr. Croker will also be told that the candidacy of Admiral Dewey has changed the political situation and made it more interesting and doubtful. He took with him hundreds of clippings from newspapers.

Although personal friends of Mr. Roosevelt say he is in favor of the nomination of Augustus Van Wyck for President, he said to a Post-Dispatch reporter last Friday that he was for Dewey.

JUST BEFORE HIS WEDDING.

Capt. Louis Ostheim, First U. S. Artillery, Found Dead.

SHOT HIMSELF BY ACCIDENT.

HE WAS TO HAVE MARRIED MRS. EVA BRUCE WOOD.

Had Just Returned From the Philippines and Had Been Busy With the Preparations for His Marriage To-Day.

CHICAGO, April 9.—A verdict of death by an accidental wound was decided on to-day by the Coroner's jury in the case of Capt. Louis Ostheim of the First United States Artillery, who was found dead last night in his apartments at the Auditorium Annex. At first it was believed that the death of Capt. Ostheim was a premiditated suicide, but no motive has been found for such an act and after listening to considerable testimony the jury rendered its verdict. Capt. Ostheim was to have been married to-day to Mrs. Eva Bruce Wood and procured a license Saturday. Capt. Ostheim, it is said, had been in poor health since his return from the Philippines and had suffered considerably from insomnia.

Capt. Ostheim was found dead in his room at the Auditorium Annex last night. There was a bullet wound in his right temple. Under his body was a new revolver. The body lay on the side and life seemed to have been extinct since Saturday night.

According to announcements in the Chicago papers Capt. Louis Ostheim and Mrs. Eva Bruce Wood were to be married in this city to-day at the residence of the bride's uncle, Walter B. Phister. After the ceremony Capt. Ostheim and his bride were to leave immediately for the East, visiting Philadelphia, the Captain's former home, and other cities. After May 1 they were to be at home at Fort Screven, Savannah, Ga., where the Captain's battery is stationed.

Among the articles found in the Captain's room were two wedding rings. One was of heavy gold and inscribed: "Eva, to Louis, April 9, 1900." The other was smaller and more delicately made. Inside was engraved: "Louis to Eva, April 9, 1900."

Capt. Ostheim was stationed at Fort Sheridan previous to the Spanish-American war, and it was during his stay here that he met Mrs. Wood. He had been transferred from service with the Sixth Artillery in Manila to the First in the United States, and had come to Chicago to be married.

Nothing was left in the room to throw any light on the affair. The only writing found was the following address on an empty envelope: "Miss Clara Ostheim, 1312 North Seventh street, Philadelphia." In the pockets of the Captain's clothing were found eight $50 bills, five $20 bills and a check for $210.

Capt. Ostheim registered at the Auditorium Annex on Monday, April 2, one week ago to-day. He seemed to be in excellent health, showed the tan of his Philippine campaigning in his face, and was was reserved in his manner.

Known in St. Louis.

Capt. Ostheim, during his Philippine service, was in the same regiment and battery that the late Lieut. F. A. Pearce was. It will be remembered that Lieut. Pearce killed himself while suffering from insanity brought on by sunstroke and severe wounds while on service in Iloilo last summer. Capt. Ostheim was then First Lieutenant of the same battery, G, while Pearce was Second Lieutenant. It is not known that Ostheim was suffering from the effects of service in that island.

Ostheim was well known in this city. He was a personal friend of Capt. Rumbold, and was often in camp with Battery A when Rumbold was its comandant, especially before the Spanish war. He spent a week with the battery at Lamar, in 1897, and was very popular with both officers and men.

BANKER TAKES HIS LIFE

Called Upon to Explain in Court How He had Handled a $600,000 Trust Fund.

OAKLAND, Cal., April 9.—Banker H. H. Pitcher, who has charge of the Livermore Bank, in the capacity of manager and cashier, blew his brains out at his Livermore home to-day.

Pitcher was a trustee of the estate of the late Thomas Varney, deceased, valued at $600,000. His trust was being investigated in court. Pitcher was to produce his books in court to-day and testify as to how he handled the bank and the trust. Rather than appear in court he blew his brains out. Pitcher did not leave any message.

WIFE AND WIDOW.

Judge Ferriss Decides There Is a Difference.

In the suit of Ormsby against the New England Insurance Co., Judge Ferris Monday rendered the following opinion:

"There is a distinction between 'wife' and 'widow.' Ormsby, by his application directed the company to issue policy to his 'wife,' but by mistake the company made it payable to his 'widow.' If the policy had been properly issued to the 'wife' she would have had at once a vested interest in the policy, which would not have been divested by a divorce and subsequent remarriage of the husband."

Sang to Prisoners.—At the city jail, Sunday, Miss Marguerite Ferry sang for the prisoners, and other services appropriate to Palm Sunday were held.

PRETZINGER'S CATARRH BALM Cures Cold in the Head IN ONE NIGHT.

The following three testimonials, from your own State, taken at random from among hundreds equally as strong:

MRS. H. B. WRIGHT, Olney, Ill., writes: "You don't know how grateful I am—first to my God and next to you, for the relief your Balm gave me. The effect on me is wonderful. Before I began using it I had awful struggles for life by a membrane forming in my throat. Since using it I do not choke up as heretofore, although I suffered for nine years previous."

Stops Earache Instantly

PRESTON HARDCASTLE, Mgr. Mills & Gibb, 252 Fifth avenue, Chicago, Ill., writes: "I would not be without your Balm in my house if it cost double the price."

W. A. CAVERLEY, 57 Michigan avenue, Chicago, Ill., writes: "Was a sufferer from catarrh for years, and was completely cured by Pretzinger's Catarrh Balm."

Only 2 Cents for Sample

Send only one 2-cent stamp for postage, and we will send you a sample of this wonderful remedy, which will certainly and effectually cure all kinds of nasal catarrh, colds in the head, catarrhal sore throat and deafness. It acts like magic with children, and is perfectly safe under all conditions and circumstances.

B. PRETZINGER & BRO., Chemists, Dayton, O.

DEWEY'S TRIP WEST

CHICAGO RECEPTION COMMITTEE CALLED ON HIM.

HIS ITINERARY COMPLETE.

He Asks That All Entertainments Be So Arranged That Mrs. Dewey Can Share in Them.

WASHINGTON, April 9.—The Chicago Reception Committee, consisting of W. B. Conkey and J. M. Glenn, had a final interview with Admiral Dewey to-day. No mention was made of politics, the Admiral's only allusion to the matter being that since he had accepted the invitation to visit Chicago last October, conditions had so changed that he was accepting no further invitations. He assured the committee that he was glad to accept the hospitality of the city of Chicago. He told the committee he had received invitations from various organizations there to become their guests, but had not accepted them. He had placed himself solely in the hands of the city of Chicago.

He requested that there be no separate entertainments for himself and Mrs. Dewey. He wished matters so arranged that she could attend the functions at which he would be present. The Admiral, who received the committee in a most cordial manner, was assured that his wishes in this respect would be carried out and also was informed that arrangements had been made to have his son, who is now a resident of Chicago, participate in the various entertainments.

The Admiral's party, consisting of himself and Mrs. Dewey, Lieut. Caldwell, Mr. Maddy of the Baltimore & Ohio Railroad, a Chinese servant and Mrs. Dewey's maid will leave this city in a special train over the Baltimore & Ohio on April 29, in time to reach Chicago and rest before the ball at the Auditorium on the night of the 30th, the eve of the second anniversary of Manila Bay.

The train will be one of the handsomest ever run over the Baltimore & Ohio tracks, Admiral and Mrs. Dewey will occupy President Cowen's private car. No stops will be made between Washington and Chicago, as the Admiral does not wish the trip to have the appearance of a stumping tour.

After leaving Chicago, however, the party will take a twelve days tour through the Mississippi Valley. So far as outlined, this will include a stop of one day at Jacksonville, Ill., two days in St. Louis, two in Memphis, two in Louisville, two in Nashville and one in Frankfort.

PREPARING TO LIGHT STREETS.

City Notified That Kern Company Will Install Lamps Soon.

A. J. O'Reilly, supervisor of city lighting, received a letter from the Kern Incandescent Lighting Co. of New York Monday stating that a representative of the company would arrive in St. Louis in a few days to arrange for the lighting of the street west of Jefferson avenue, in conformity with the contract which was recently awarded them.

A sample of the lamps to be used was sent to Mr. O'Reilly for inspection. The lamp is arranged for gasoline, but the tank being removable the lamp will be available for the use of gas.

BAD TASTE IN HIS MOUTH.

That Is the Effect of Grandjury Report on Mayor Ziegenhein.

Mayor Ziegenhein has not yet filed charges against Supply Commissioner Meier, whose official affairs were the subject of a caustic report by the recent grandjury.

His Honor is in no hurry about the matter, and he stated to the Post-Dispatch Monday that he needed more time to deliberate before taking formal action.

"The subject, he says, leaves a bad taste in his mouth, and he prefers not to discuss it for publication. Just now he would sooner talk about that grand "banquet" held at the Planters' Hotel Saturday night, at which he said the supporters of his administration were present in large numbers.

SIDENER HAS DIPTHERIA.

Taken Ill at the Merchants' League Club Banquet and Escorted Home.

Judge George B. Sidener of the First District Police Court is confined to his home with diphtheria.

The Judge was taken ill at the Merchants' League Club banquet Saturday night and was taken home. A physician was called and it was ascertained that he was suffering from diphtheria. Judge Sidener contracted a severe cold several days ago, and it would not yield to treatment. Judge Boettger is acting in his stead.

Catarrh In Spring

Means unusual danger, because it makes one especially susceptible to attacks of the grip, severe colds and influenza. Offensive discharge from the nose, bad breath, stuffed-up feelings, cough and sneezing, ringing noises, watery eyes, headache and pain in the back are symptoms to be heeded. With Hood's Sarsaparilla to purify your blood, build up your strength and sharpen your appetite, and Hood's Pills to remove natural waste, all catarrhal symptoms will be cured, colds and fevers prevented, all blood humors and tired feelings overcome, and you will be in perfect condition for Spring and Summer. Get Hood's—the best Spring Medicine.

$250,000 FIRE IN NEW YORK

Edward C. Smith Box Factory, Brooklyn Iron and Oil Works, and Other Property Destroyed.

NEW YORK, April 9.—The Edward C. Smith Box Factory was destroyed by fire to-day. The flames spread to adjacent structures, and caused a loss estimated at a quarter of a million dolars. The loss on the box factory is about $100,000.

The woodyard of George W. Piper at Provost and Page streets, was destroyed with small buildings containing machinery; loss $10,000.

The other losses were as follows: Post & McCord, the Brooklyn Iron Works, $50,000; Alexander Collum Coalyard, $50,000; Church & Co. Soda Works, $10,000; the Brooklyn Oil Works, $25,000. Loss on various small buildings brings the total up to about $250,000.

THE CLAY FELL ON HIM

John Bradley's Jaw Was Fractured and His Face Lacerated.

John Bradley, a teamster, residing at 2128 Gravois avenue, met with probably fatal injuries Monday morning in an excavation at Main street and Washington avenue. He was driving a team attached to a wagon which was hauling loads of clay out of the excavation. While going up the incline leading to the street, the wagon upset, both horses as well as the load of clay falling on Bradley.

He sustained a compound fracture of the jaw and his face was badly lacerated. He was also injured internally. While being treated at the Dispensary by Dr. Vogel, he had a hemorrhage of the lungs. Bradley was sent to the Baptist Hospital. It is said that he was a marshal in the St. Patrick's Day parade.

FELL DOWN A SHAFT.

Anthony Caspar's Spine and Shoulder Were Injured.

Anthony Casper, 22 years of age, residing at 1700 South Twelfth street, met with a serious accident Monday morning at the plant of the Stephens Lithographing and Engraving Co. at Second and Vine streets.

He was employed on the second floor of the establishment. In the course of his duties Monday morning he went to the elevator shaft and looked up to see where the car was. In so doing he lost his balance and fell to the bottom of the shaft, a distance of 30 feet. His spine was injured and his shoulder dislocated. Dr. Vogel gave the injured boy temporary relief at the City Dispensary and forwarded him to the City Hospital.

DAVIS IN ABOUT TWO WEEKS.

Administration's Bad Boy Has Promised to Speak in St. Louis.

Webster Davis, former Assistant Secretary of the Interior, who resigned his office to champion the cause of the Boers, has accepted an invitation extended by Dr. Preetorius and other St. Louis Boer sympathizers to deliver a lecture in St. Louis.

In his letter of acceptance, Mr. Davis says he already has engagements that will keep him in the East two weeks, but that he will come to St. Louis as soon as they are filled.

THE EVIDENCE COMES.

From All Parts of the City and From All Kinds of People.

Testimony Is Daily Gathered in Behalf of Morrow's Kid-ne-oids and Liverlax.

No preparation ever placed before the people of St. Louis has gained such a high reputation as Morrow's Kid-ne-oids and Liverlax. The statements of St. Louis people about these medicines are remarkable.

Geo. King, cigar manufacturer, who resides at No. 1106 Jule street, St. Joseph, has used these medicines with remarkable results, and speaks as follows: "I have been afflicted with liver complaint for a long time; I am naturally of a bilious temperament. I had malaria in my system and was bilious much of the time. I have taken liver pills and other liver remedies, but nothing relieved me until I commenced to take Morrow's Liverlax. I felt much better after taking the first dose and continued to take it until that tired, languid feeling left me, and I am full of animation and as lively and vigorous as ever. Malaria has been driven out of my system, and my liver seems to perform its functions. Liverlax is splendid.

"I took a few doses of Morrow's Kid-ne-oids for their tonic effect, and I am so well pleased with the result that I will continue to use them right along. I will heartily recommend Morrow's Kid-ne-oids and Morrow's Liverlax."

Kid-ne-oids are not pills, but Yellow Tablets, which is a scientific form of preparation. Liverlax are small, red pellets, which cure constipation and sell for twenty-five cents a box. Kid-ne-oids sell for fifty cents a box. Both of these remedies are for sale at all drug stores.

Descriptive booklet mailed upon request by John Morrow & Co., Chemists, Springfield, Ohio.

For sale in St. Louis by Johnson Bros., Druggists, corner Broadway and Franklin ave., and F. V. Johnson, Manager, 518 Olive st.

Cutler's Carbolate of Iodine Pocket Inhaler Catarrh

Is guaranteed to cure

All druggists $1.00

W. H. SMITH & CO., Props. Buffalo, N. Y.

DOCUTA SANDALWOOD CAPSULES.

Cures Gonorrhea, Gleet, Unnatural Discharges in a few days. All druggists. Accept only Docuta. By mail $1.50. Full directions. Dick & Co., 133 Center st., New York.

BOOKS BEING EXAMINED.

The committee, consisting of Charles Schwelekhardt, Adison W. Pritchett and Charles Bilhartz, recently appointed by the Mayor to examine the city books and accounts for the fiscal year 1899-1900, began work Monday afternoon in the City Treasurer's office.

About Gas Ranges.

Ordinary stove polishes make "something frightful" of the gas range. Dirt and grease mix with the polish and when it burns off the odor is stifling.

E-Z Liquid Stove Polish

is just the thing for the gas range. Applied once a month during the summer and brushed with a cloth often, it gives the range a velvety black waterproof finish. Ask the janitor to use it.

Metaline makes nickel stove trimmings as good as new.

MARTIN & MARTIN, Manufacturers, Carroll and Sacramento ave., Chicago, Ill.

ST. LOUIS POST-DISPATCH.

Founded by JOSEPH PULITZER. Published by
THE PULITZER PUBLISHING CO., 513 Olive St.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES.

Week Day Issue, in St. Louis and Suburbs.....One Cent
Week Day Issue, Elsewhere.....Two Cents
Week Day Issue, on All Trains.....Two Cents
Sunday Issue, at all places in or out of St. Louis.....Five Cents
Delivered by Carrier in St. Louis and Suburbs.
Week Day and Sunday, per week.....Eleven Cents

TERMS OUTSIDE OF THE CITY AND SUBURBS.
Postage prepaid in United States, Canada and Mexico.

BY MAIL IN ADVANCE.		DAILY AND SUNDAY.	
Daily and Sunday, 1 year	$6 00	Delivered by Carrier in Towns Outside of St. Louis:	
Daily and Sunday, 6 months	3 00		
Daily and Sunday, 1 month	60	Per Week	.15 Cents
Sunday, 1 year	2 00	Per Month	.65 Cents
Sunday, 6 months	1 00	Week Day only,	
Sunday, 3 months	50	Per Month	.45 Cents

POSTAGE RATES ON THE POST-DISPATCH.
16 Pages.....1c 24 to 32 Pages.....2c 40 to 50 Pages.....3c
Outside the United States, Canada and Mexico, Double the Above Rates.

TELEPHONE NUMBERS.

	Bell.	Kinloch.
Business Office	Main 654 and 655	A 646 and A 643
Editorial Rooms	Main 1950	....
City Editor	Main 666	A 647
Circulation Department	Main 1577	....

Entered at the Post-Office at St. Louis as Second-Class Matter.
Remit by Money-Order, Draft or in Registered Letter.
Address all communications and complaints of imperfect service to POST-DISPATCH, St. Louis.

Agent Foreign Advertising, S. C. Beckwith Special Agency.
48 Tribune Building, New York. 460 The Rookery, Chicago.

—SWORN—
CIRCULATION
—OF THE—
Sunday Post-Dispatch
—MONTHLY AVERAGES—

April 8, 1900...160,478

April 1, 1900.....162,305
March.....161,112
February, 1900.....152,565
January, 1900.....142,344
Year 1899.....112,450

IMPORTANT.

☞ The Post-Dispatch will accept all advertising with the distinct and unequivocal guarantee that it has a larger bona-fide paid circulation, **Sunday or Daily,** than any other Newspaper West of the Mississippi River; and larger in the City of St. Louis and its suburbs than any two other morning or evening newspapers combined.

Biggest West of the Mississippi.

One of the eight largest Sunday newspapers in the United States.

AUSTIN'S MISFORTUNE.

The awful disaster which has overtaken Austin, Tex., and adjacent country will excite an interest and sympathy not less than was aroused by the great Johnstown flood a few years ago.

Austin has lost her magnificent dam, one of the greatest engineering works in the country, the city electric light and power houses, besides more than 100 houses swept away in the flood. How many lives are lost is hard to say—probably not less than 50.

But perhaps the worst feature of the situation is that the suffering will be prolonged. Austin is without light, water and power. The actual loss of $2,000,000 will be swelled indefinitely by the almost complete stoppage of business. And the consequent distress among the poor will be very great.

The people of Austin made theirs a great city by energy and the intelligent view of what a municipality should do. The reservoir, dam and power house were public works of which any city might well be proud. That Austin will soon rise again from the desolation and restore her power and beauty is the earnest wish of every citizen of St. Louis and Missouri.

With Kansas City so quickly replacing a vast auditorium for a great national convention, there is evidently sufficient public spirit in Missouri. The same promptness and energy shown in Kansas City should be made apparent in St. Louis in the preparations for the greatest World's Fair ever seen. The date is far ahead, but the exhibition is to be extraordinary and there will not be a day to spare if it is to be all that it can be made.

A DISTINGUISHED WOMAN.

Mrs. Robert G. Miller of Fostoria, O., is distinguished as the first woman repeater.

On election day Mrs. Miller's husband was candidate for the Board of Education. Mrs. Miller got out and hustled for him. She rounded up a "block" of five or ten women and voted them in the Fifth Ward, and slipped in her own ballot along with theirs. Then she returned to her own precinct in the First Ward and cast a ballot there.

A little later in the day it occurred to her that this was wrong. O, dear! So she returned to the Fifth Ward polling place and tried to have the ballot canceled. But as she had been passed by the judges there was some difficulty, and the matter isn't settled yet.

The fable teaches that women haven't the courage of their political instincts. Their deviltry is not robust and confident. No male fepenter would say "O, dear!" and own up.

The British soldier who has to fire upon women in the Transvaal is entitled to extra pay. Shooting Boer women is worse than killing Philippine rabbits.

WHY THE DELAY?

The filtration ordinance passed the Council in response to a public demand which was renewed in unmistakable terms before the Committee on Ways and Means of the House of Delegates.

This is not a debatable question. Every citizen wants pure water. The only way to obtain pure water is to provide a suitable filtration plant, and this can be obtained only through a series of experiments such as are contemplated in the ordinance.

If the House obstructs or defeats the public will so clearly made known it is because the delegates are not zealous to serve the public interests. They have other fish to fry.

Kaiser William has made the young Queen of Holland a Colonel of Hussars; but if he wants to do the Dutch a really good turn he will go to the aid of Uncle Paul Kruger.

WAR CHAMPION'S PLEA.

Col. James G. C. Lea, Assistant Quartermaster-General, United States Army, says "War is work, hardship, healthful growth; peace is ease, luxury, disease."

In thus denouncing peace as a condition of ease, luxury and diesease, the man of war blindly ignores the great industrial world with its triumphs over nature and turns his attention solely to that limited circle known as "Society," which alone may be said to become debased by long continued peace.

Are the clearing of forests, the building of railroads, the drainage of swamps, the cultivation of the soil, the work of invention, the hum of the factory, the spanning of rivers, the digging of tunnels, the writing of books, the painting of pictures signs of "ease, luxury, disease?"

Have the great captains of industry, the great inventors, the scientists, the authors and artists been men of ease? Is their work the outcome of a diseased condition? Are the millions who live by useful labor victims of ease and luxury? Is it necessary, in order to further stimulate them, to set them to killing and wounding each other?

Is it not a fact that the steam engine, the electric motor, the agricultural machine, the knowledge of scientific farming, the triumph of the miner and the scientist have all been products of peaceful days? Is there no strenuous state of life but that of the fighter?

To reduce the argument for war to an absurdity, it is only necessary to apply it to individuals or families. Do these find the atmosphere of quarrel and feud productive of progress and prosperity?

It is well for the soldier to be contented with his lot. But reason and experience are with the advocates of peace and not with him. The best he can do is to do his unpleasant duty when ordered and keep silence.

St. Louis has been a pudding for boodlers and bribers. That is why the city funds are short. Had the money paid into the city treasury every year been properly used, and had no franchises been given away, what a city we might now have to show our hosts of visitors! Until the leaks are stopped we shall continue to suffer for lack of means to carry on the municipal government even in a crude way.

PUBLICITY AS A MOTIVE POWER.

Judge Duffie of the Hot Springs Circuit Court has announced from the bench that he will personally strive to have the Legislature enact laws for the suppression of gambling at that great resort.

This remarkable manifestation of judicial indignation was provoked by a report of the grandjury to the effect that there was a great deal of gambling going on which they could not suppress owing to official connivance.

The prevalence of gambling and the conditions under which it flourished in Hot Springs were brought out by the Post-Dispatch. The people of that town were in blissful ignorance of all the violations of law mentioned by Judge Duffie until they got the news in these columns.

Publicity is invaluable to a community. A strong newspaper, even though published hundreds of miles away can tell the people of any town or city many things that it is good for them to know. The Hot Springs people were aroused to the realization of disgraceful conditions there by the Post-Dispatch's publications and there is now a lively hope of the purification of the atmosphere.

With Pettus in the Senate and Allen in the House, the South can make the country laugh every day in the week. We can forget some of the evil work of a machine Congress when a bright man lightens the Congressional Record with a humorous sketching of national affairs.

A BIG ELECTRIC TRUST.

The absorption of the Siemens-Holske Electric Company of America by the General Electric is said to foreshadow a trust which shall cover the world.

The Siemens-Holske is the leading electric interest in Europe, and in this country controls the Widener-Elkins and Whitney syndicates. The new trust will therefore control all the principal electric vehicle companies of this country and related industries, it being understood that a consolidation of the largest electrical companies and an alliance with the General Electric will soon be effective.

The movement interrupted by the so-called panic of a few months ago, seems to be resumed. It seems to be impossible to arrest the movement toward universal monopoly.

The Athara bridge incident has taught British engineering firms a lesson. Recently the firm of Kerr, Stuart & Co. of London filled a contract calling for two locomotives, five miles of railway, one mile of curved railway, 30 sets of points and crossings, 24 ballast wagons, 15 eight-wheeled bogie wagons and two special brake wagons, in 10 days. American energy could hardly do any better than this.

The Kentucky Republicans hope for a decision in their favor because the United States Supreme Court has a Republican majority. The highest Kentucky court, which has just decided against them, has a Democratic majority. If all cases are to be decided according to the politics of the judges, the making of laws is a great waste of time and money.

If Secretary Root is juggling with figures to conceal our enormous war expenses it is because the nearness of the presidential campaign has made it a partisan necessity. The war stamps are getting more and more unpopular. One great railroad is avoiding them by substituting cash for checks.

With the bonds which it is to issue, the Carnegie Co. will have a capitalization of $320,000,000. Does the American consumer longer doubt that he has been imposed upon? Is this the "infant industry" he thought would suffer if he did not vote to permit it to work the Government?

When Cecil Rhodes arrived in England he was met by Beit, Harris, Hawkesley and Maguire—promoters and speculators, not of the best class at that. If Rhodes is a public character it is singular that his return to England did not prompt some other public character to greet him.

The strong minded women of all countries will call the world's attention to the Queen's visit to Ireland as an evidence of superior feminine wisdom, and they will want to know what man in her place might not come back with a broken head?

A prominent St. Louis Republican says that Webster Davis is a poor man, that "his public life has never yielded him riches." This is another way of saying that he is not like the men who made his resignation necessary.

"We will ram it down their throats as we did in 1865." This is what Speaker Henderson said in caucus anent the Porto Rican tariff bill. Very well. On election day Mr. Henderson may find that the mess was not digestible.

POST-DISPATCH SNAP SHOTS.

A good many "occurrences" are likely to "occur" before Little Bobs telegraphs that the union jack is flying over Pretoria.

Mr. McKinley's portrait suspended between two portraits of Mayor Ziegenhein would make a pretty ornament for the grandjury room.

Several of the inhabitants of Sodom, Mo., attended a sale at Free Nigger Bend, the other day. We need not go outside of our own State for questionable names.

It is much better to have Uncle Joe Wheeler at home than in the Philippines. We are now much more directly in communication with his typewriter than we were.

Albert Edward's composure under the fire of an assassin shows how much he might do on the firing line in the Transvaal. Little Bobs may have to send for him yet.

It is asserted that a man seeking employment in Louisville, Ky., stands but one chance in a hundred of getting it. This allows a good deal of leisure for the discussion of State politics.

Should William Smith of Michigan persist in running as an independent Republican candidate for President, he should assure the country that he will not wabble and that there is no chocolate in his spinal column.

Why should Attorney General Griggs be censured for awarding building contracts without competitive bidding? If the policy of the present Administration is not the destruction of competition, what else does it mean?

The snake editor finds his season opening auspiciously. The Kansas snakes are already coming out of their holes to destroy hundreds of cows and bull the beef markets. The fin de siecle snake stories should all be models.

It seems that titled editors and titled contributors have not made a success of William Waldorf Astor's Pall Mall magazine. Perhaps Mr. Astor did not make enough of an effort for an American circulation. There are Americans who delight to honor titles whenever they can find them.

ANSWERS TO CORRESPONDENTS.

ADMIRER.—He is not.

CHOUTEAU.—Inquire of some music dealer for names of composers.

A. W. W.—Apply to J. S. Higgins, Census Supervisor, Third and Olive.

CONSTANT READER.—There are Government baths at Hot Springs. Go there and apply.

B. F. SCOTT.—Ask your local ticket agent. He will get you all the information you need.

A READER.—The advertising space indicated is worth $2.50 for one insertion in daily and $3 one insertion Sunday.

CONSTANT READER.—According to latest statistics at hand, 1898, there are 456,420 miles of railway in the world. In the United States 185,466.

SUBSCRIBER.—An orphan is a child (not an adult) who has lost both parents. Webster says also used sometimes to designate a child who has only one living parent.

THE GREAT RUBY,

BY ROSE COGHLAN,

Famous on the American Stage as a Player of Many Parts in Great Productions.

Synopsis of Previous Chapters.

The Duke of St. Edmunds owns a ruby which is intrusted to Sir John Garnett, a London jeweler, to sell for £50,000. On the day of sale it is stolen, through a clever ruse, by a gang of diamond thieves, among whom are a woman known as Countess Charkoff and a man calling himself Col. Colville. Lady Garnett is a vain woman, who, in trying to be aristocratic, spends her husband's money lavishly and is the dupe of the thieves. The ruby is hidden in a box of chocolates which Countess Charkoff has.

Continuation of Chapter Two.

"My first step will be to search the guests' rooms while they are at dinner tonight."

"Very good. Come with me. I'll get you the pass keys. But be sure none of them catch you at it. It'd be ruin for the house."

"Don't let that worry you," laughed Brett as he followed the manager and Louisa to an inner room.

They had barely disappeared when a woman glided from behind a half-open door at the other end of the office.

It was the Countess, who had just left Longman.

"A detective to search the rooms!" she gasped. "Lucky I overheard! But what shall I do with the ruby?"

She eyed the chocolate box in despair.

"Hello, Countess!" exclaimed a hearty voice. "Here's a nice joke on me!"

Lady Garnett came in, carrying a little steel safe.

"See what John has sent me to keep my jewelry in," she laughted. "It's burglar-proof, bombproof and a lot of other things and opens with a password. He's resolved I shan't lose any more jewels, I suppose."

HER EYES WERE FIXED AND STARING.

As she spoke she was working on the combination. The word spelled out, the safe door swung open.

"Nice sort of thing to lug around, isn't it?" she grumbled.

"It's secure, anyway," answered the Countess. "By the way, what a place that would be to hide my precious chocolates from that greedy chambermaid!"

Suiting the action to the word she tossed the candy box into the open safe and slammed the door shut.

"Don't look so surprised, dear," she cried gayly, in response to Lady Garnett's air of bewilderment. "It's just one of my jokes. You'll guard my treasure, won't you?"

"Yes, certainly. That's all right. I don't believe the safe was built for chocolates, but no one can steal them from there. I only wish the Great Ruby was as safe. I'll carry it to my room now and dress for dinner."

"The detectives won't look there for the Ruby, anyway," soliloquized the Countess.

* * * * * *

Dinner was over and the Oatlands Park Hotel guests were gathered in the lounging room.

Prince Kassim was speaking to the Countess and several others of an official letter he had just received from the English Government.

"They complain I'm spending too much money," he was saying, "and they are going to send me back home to govern my own native State. After bringing me up and educating me like an English gentleman, they complain because I spend money like one. And now I'm to run home in disgrace."

"I'm so sorry," murmured the Countess. "India will be heaven, Mirtza, if you'll go there with me," whispered the Prince, as the others moved away.

"Hush! You mustn't speak so. You would tire of me in a year. Wait a moment. There's Lady Garnett's maid. I must speak to her."

Calling the maid to her she went on:

"Poor Lady Garnett has gone to her room with a bad headache, I understand. Ask her if she will kindly send me my box of chocolates from her safe."

The maid returned a moment later with the news that "Lady Garnett had gone to bed and would send the box of chocolates to the Countess in the morning."

"Worried over the theft of the Great Ruby, I suppose," commented the Countess.

"What did I tell you, Mirtza?" said the Prince. "Trouble always follows in that jewel's track. Its possessor is under a curse. You are coming to Lord's Cricket Grounds to-morrow? I play on the Cambridge team. I want you to see me, for it may be my last game before I go home."

"Home?"

"India would indeed be home if you would only go with me, Mirtza. You should rule my province as queen."

"Until you wearied of me."

"Still harping on that absurd fancy? Why are you so cold toward me?"

"I am not. Im only wise. I can see into the future. Do you think it is easy for me to refuse you?"

A different sort of love scene was at the other end of the room, where Brenda Elsmere sat with Capt. Dalrymple. The girl had for the moment eluded her mother's watchful eye and Lord George Hartopp's silly attentions and Dalrymple had taken advantage of the fact.

"Brenda," he was saying, "do you see that Japanese cabinet. Go to it the first thing in the morning. You will find there a message from me."

"Shan't you be here in the morning?"

"Yes, but I may not see you alone before I go up to London. You see I must go to the War Office to-morrow to report on some patents in connection with my balloon. The balloon camp is at Hampstead Heath and in a day or two the authorities are going there to inspect a patent lever I've invented."

"Isn't the balloon work you do very dangerous?"

"One must always risk something."

"Even the happiness of those who love us?"

"I would risk my soul to know you love me, Brenda."

"Can you doubt it, dear?"

"Here comes Mrs. Elsmere. Good night. You won't forget to look in the Japanese cabinet?"

The room gradually thinned out.

Dalrymple, before leaving it, went over to the Japanese cabinet and laid in it a note and a rose.

"If your answer is 'Yes' wear this to-morrow," the note read.

Then Dalrymple went off to bed to dream of the girl he loved. In his wildest dreams though he could never imagine the results of his sentimental note.

A pair of sharp eyes watched him from the room.

Then Brett, left alone, strode across to the cabinet and glanced at its contents.

"O!" he muttered. "A lovers' postoffice. Now, then, for a night of watching."

He lowered the lights and sat down in an easy chair.

The hours rolled slowly by. Brett was tired. His head began to nod. At last he fell sound asleep.

So heavy was his slumber that he failed to hear the stealthy opening of a bedroom door or the shuffle of feet along the balcony that led to the next room.

A light glimmered along the balcony and a white-robed figure appeared at the head of the stairs.

Lady Garnett, clad in a nightgown, her hair down her back, picked her way carefully down the steps. In one hand she held a diamond bracelet; in the other the Countess' chocolate box.

Her eyes were fixed and staring. Her lips moved vaguely.

Down into the room she came.

"The river is deep," she murmured brokenly. "It will guard its secret well."

She tossed the chocolate box into a chair.

"The river will guard its secret," she repeated.

She wandered across to the Japanese cabinet and opened it.

"This place is safe," she whispered. "Its doors are iron and double locked. No thief can burst them. What is this?"

She took out the red rose and tossed it on the floor. "More dead men's hair," she murmured. "It has no place here. The Great Ruby will be safe in this strong box."

She laid the diamond bracelet on Dalrymple's note, closed the cabinet door softly and started back toward her room, feeling her way.

One of her outstretched hands fell on Brett's face. He awoke with a start.

"Poor John," she said softly. "Poor dear old husband. He's sound asleep. Good night, dear one."

Stooping over, she kissed the astounded Brett on the lips.

"Good night!" she repeated, and crept slowly back to her room.

"Lady Garnett!" gasped Brett, in wide-eyed amazement. "Great Heaven! She is walking in her sleep."

(To Be Continued.)

RUSKIN'S LITERARY EARNINGS.

Not many authors have had a larger income from their books. For the past 13 years his copyrights brought him an average of £4000 a year. They must continue a valuable property, though the earlier writings will soon be released from copyright. A careful estimate shows that Ruskin's best selling book has been "Sesame and Lilies." After it would come "A Crown of Wild Olive," "The Seven Lamps of Architecture" and "Unto This Last."

THE LONGEST HUMAN HAIR.

The largest recorded hair growing on a female head was eight feet. The longest recorded beard was twelve feet.

WARFARE.

He couldn't make his soldiers fight,
For they were badly licked.
So he ordered up his censors,
And made the news conflict.
—Detroit Journal.

CAPT. LEARY'S WAIL.

In which the reader is given an opportunity to pronounce the name of the Island of Guam as he may please.

I'm Capt. Richard Leary,
The Governor of Guam.
These plotters make me weary
Who talk to Uncle Sam,
And try to do me injury; who say I am a clam,
And seek to have me ousted from the island where I am,
Oh, how can I be cheery,
Contented, gay or calm,
When they are knocking Leary,
The Governor of Guam?

I gave the natives freedom;
(And goodness knows they need 'em!)
To their condition suited.
I made 'em court and marry; I abolished slavery,
And yet that band of knockers have got it in for me.
No wonder I am skeery,
And vent a frequent damn,
Since I am Capt. Leary,
The Governor of Guam!

Sincere repentance makes no terms. The drowning man is rarely over-nice about the quality of his straw.

The married man must carry a double load. He has to do both what his wife will and what she won't.

There is room at the top, but very little else. You must carry your furniture with you.

Ignorance is much more often excusable than its plea.

Optimism is the child of hardship. The man at ease about his hearthstone raises many a querulous plaint against the blast that rudely tries his door, while outside, along the muddy road, the booted wayfarer lifts, above the howl of the storm, the cheery song of his unconquered heart.

LETTERS FROM THE PEOPLE.

(This column is open to everybody who has a complaint to make, a grievance to ventilate, information to give or a subject of general interest to discuss, or a public service to acknowledge, and who can put the idea into the fewest words possible. Letters from persons seeking employment cannot be given place in this column.)

In Defense of Coursing.

To the Editor of the Post-Dispatch.

It has become quite fashionable to speak of our forefathers as barbarians, brutes, etc., and to dismiss the subject with the statement that they are out of date, and, after all, knew nothing anyway.

Abusive language and invective are the weapons of bigots and of those who have no argument to submit to sustain their misrepresentations of facts. They can see no good except in their own narrow-minded ideas, set themselves up as moral censors, and those who may differ from them are moral degenerates.

Patrons of coursing fail to see the packs of hounds yelping after the "inoffensive, harmless little hares," because they do not go in packs, nor do they bark, nor growl nor snarl. The jack rabbits which are used for coursing purposes (not the little cotton-tails) are scientifically classed as rodents. Where they best thrive they are poisoned and hunted down in order that crops may be saved from their ravages.

Coursing is patronized by a respectable element of the great middle class. As one evidence of the character of persons who enjoy the sport it may be stated that it is in a very prosperous condition without the aid of the gambling class so essential to the financial success of many pastimes.

I would prefer the society of a lover of the magnificent greyhound to that of a champion of a rodent. The latter should organize a society for the prevention of cruelty to bed bugs, roaches, rats, etc.

St. Louis. C. E. R.

How Easter Is Fixed.

To the Editor of the Post-Dispatch.

In your articles in the Sunday issue concerning Easter the writer of the anonymous article makes a mistake, common to nearly all people, in stating that the rule for the determination of Easter is that it shall fall on the first Sunday after the full moon, which happens on or next after March 21, he quoting from the Book of Common Prayer, the denomination using that book not being stated. One writer in the Encyclopedia Britannica commits the same error, whilst another writer in the same publication gives the correct rule, as stated in both the International and Century dictionaries.

This rule is that Easter shall fall upon the Sunday next succeeding the 14th day of the calendar moon, which 14th day falls upon or subsequent to the 21st of March. According to this rule the observance of Easter is not governed by the full moon at all, but it depends upon the date of the new moon. The determination of the calendar moon is not given in the Encyclopedia Britannica. The present moon, or new moon, began on Friday, March 30, in both England and the United States, so that Easter Sunday falls on the 17th day of the moon, according to the manner of reckoning the civil day, as beginning at midnight. This gives plenty of time for the observance of Easter on next Sunday the world over, even though the calendar moon should be two days behind the actual moon.

The true rule for the determination of Easter, as given in the above, will sometimes cause Easter to be celebrated before full moon, as in England this year the moon does not full until one hour after Easter begins. However, in the United States the moon fulls on Saturday evening, so that in the United States this year the celebration of Easter comes in accord with the mistaken idea concerning the observance of the festival. Respectfully,

East St. Louis. C. T. KENNEY.

Kansas City and St. Louis.

From the Kansas City Star.

Every city has a greater friendship for one city than another. For years Kansas City lavished its affections upon Chicago. But, now that it is a big town itself, and the former object of its attachment has shown a disposition to maul its admirer, Kansas City naturally turns away and extends its valuable and powerful friendship to St. Louis. Hence there is general and hearty gratification in Kansas City over the friendly and encouraging disposition of the people of St. Louis at this time. Indeed, the people of Kansas City feel that the day is near at hand when the two dominant Missouri cities—one on each side of the State—shall stand together on public propositions and help each other.

Kansas City appreciates the hearty sympathy which St. Louis has extended to it in connection with the great loss it has suffered in the destruction of Convention Hall. The attitude of the St. Louis newspapers has been thoroughly decent and has inspired genuine gratitude in this community. There is no reason why these two towns should not be the best of friends. They are able not only to do each other a vast deal of good, but many of the annoyances which each suffers through the government at Jefferson City could be obviated if they would act together.

That this would be an advantage to the whole State goes without saying, notwithstanding the prejudice of the rural representatives against the cities.

PA'S RULE FOR PEOPLE WHO LOOK THROUGH HOUSES

"Now they are one thing about it," paw Told maw, after we New he had to moove; "Ennybuddy that wants to Look at This house hast to Get a Card from the Owner. They are no Sense in Lettin every hoodlum That comes along tramp over our carpets and look in the Clozets to see if we are neat when they Don't want to rent enny way."

The next Day they were about Forty people came to Look at the place, but maw Told most of them they couldn't come in if They didn't have the Pass word. One woman with a nextra chin that wouldn't stay back out of site sed she thot it was a mean trick to make her come so far and then not have a chance to Look at Things.

"I can't help that," maw told her. "I've made a rule and I won't brake it. I don't want peeple tramping thru the house that new they wouldn't rent it before they came in."

The woman told maw she was no Lady and went away. When paw came home maw told Him about it, and he said:

"That's the way to Treat such people. Make a rule and stick to it. If you let one Thru without a Card you got to Let them all come in. I'm glad you new enuff to Take my advice once in Your life. Now you see what a lot of trubble it Saves you. If I——"

About that time the Door bell rung and paw peeked Out the frunt windo and saw a Bewtiful Lady with stylish close on. When the girl opened the Door the Lady sed she Came to Look thru the house. Then maw rushed out and ast if she had a card. She didn't, and maw sed:

"Well, we can't sho it this Late in the Afternoon. You must come around Some other time, and have a card from the Agunt."

Before the laday turned to Go paw went out and sed to maw:

"O, I Gess we mite as weel sho this Lady thru. Come rite in, please."

So he ran around With her and opened all the clozzets and whenever she smiled at paw he smiled at Her, and when he found Little aibert's undershirt hanging on the Bathroom door nob he jerked it away quick and tride to Stick it in his Hip pocket, but Only got one Sleave tucked in so the rest of it Hung down behind him. Every time he would turn around to tell her sumthing after that she would smile more then Ever, and paw he smiled as sweet as He could too, and Before she got all around she Laft out loud and sed she didn't care to See enny more. Paw bowed as plesunt as he could when She left, and she turned and smiled at Him again After she Got down the Steps.

"There's a Lady," paw says when she was Gone. "She knows how to Behave when she meets a——"

Then maw took a Hold of one end of the shurt and puled it around so paw could see, and after that he Couldn't seem to Get Interested in enything maw wanted to Talk about, but had solium thots, and sed:

"Yit sum people say childrun are a Blessin."

The next afternoon paw Got off and me and him and maw Went to Hunt houses. Every time they wouldn't Let us in to See one paw and maw Got offle angry and sed some people had no more sense of politeness than Gliney pigs. After while we saw a place that paw sed Looked just like the Thing from the Outside. Then he rung the bell, and after while the woman with the extry chin that had Been to Our house the Day before came to the door. Maw didn't go up on the Portch when she seen who it Was. Paw ast if he Could Look thru the house, and the woman sed:

"Have you a Card from the agent?"

"No," paw told her, "but we've Came a Long ways and this is the Only time I can see it."

"Oh, that's to Bad," she says, "but I have a rule I can't brake. How menny houses that you new you Didn't want Have you Trampt thru to-day?"

Paw straitened himself up and told her he Didn't beleave she was ust to Talking to people with Fine feelings. Then they was a man with a voice that sounded like when the Train goes over a bridge hollered out:

"What's the matter there, muther?"

I cot up with paw around the next corner and told him she was the woman that was at Our house the Day before, and sassed maw for not Letting her in.

When maw got there he sed:

"It would be a noffle good Thing for sum wimmen that are Always afrade they mite let sumbuddy thru the House without a card if they Would reem membur that the right Shoo never feis good on the left Foot."

GEORGIE.

ST. LOUIS' COMING "CIRCUS."

Champ Clark Tells How Prof. T. Berry Smith Anticipates the World's Fair's Glories.

The best non-political thing bruited in Congress now, says Congressman Champ Clark, is the World's Exposition at St. Louis in 1903 to celebrate the centennial of the Louisiana purchase, the greatest achievement of finance and statesmanship ever performed by any one man. My friend Prof. T. Berry Smith of Central College, Missouri, has set forth his views of the great exposition in the following verses:

IN DE CITY OB ST. LOUIS IN 1903.

Ole 'oman, listen to me—now de chilun's all in bed—
Jess listen whiles I tells yo' what I beah de parson said,
What he tole us at de meetin' ob de 'dicial board to-night,
For the parson reads de papers while he ten's de gospel light,
Dar's gwine to be a circus—dat egsac'ly ain't de name
What de parson tole de brethren, but it means about the same—
Dar's gwine to be a circus, an he say it's gwine to be
In the city ob St. Louis in 1903.

'Twill be de bigges' circus dat de worl' has ever had,
And it's gwine to be a circus whar dar won't be nothin' bad;
De pasture an his people widout breakin' ob de rules
Kin go to see de circus as well as the animules.
All sexes ob religion—de gentile an' de Jew,
De Baptis', an' de Methodis', an' de 'Piscopalians, too—
All sexes ob religion, he say, was gwine to see
De circus in St. Louis in 1903.

Dar's gwine to be percessions, an' de ban's am gwine to play,
An' de tents will cubber acres—dat's what de parson say—
An' when yo' gits yo' ticket—'twill cos' yo' fifty cents—
Dey'll let yo' in for nothin' to go through all dem tents.
Dar'll be jess scads of goobers an' de pinkes' lemonade,
Dar'll be fried pies an' do'nuts, de bestes' ever made,
An' dey'll let yo' in at mornin' to stay all day an' see
Dat circus in St. Louis in 1903.

Ole 'oman, yo' ought to bin dar to heard him 'spaciate
About his country's glory, on providence an' fate;
He say de Lord was in it when Jeff'son took de chance
To purchase Looezannie from Bonypart ob France,
An' dat de Lord intended from far creation's birth
To manifest his glory to all de tribes ob yearth
In de Miss'sippi Valley—de time an' place to be
In de city ob St. Louis in 1903.

To help de Lord to show us de glory dat awaits
De parsen say de Congress ob these United States
Would gib five million dollahs to help de cause along,
An' den, de whites de choir was singin' ob a song,
De States and carpyrations would march up to de table
An' plank de'se money down as much as de' is able;
No doubt at all about it—dat circus gwine to be
In de city ob St. Louis in 1903.

Ole o'man, we mus' see it, we sho'ly can't afford
To miss dis chance ob seein' de glory ob de Lord;
Although we's bin good Methodis', we might backslide and fall
An' not git into heaven to see de Lord at all,
So we mus' take de chances dis side de pearly gates—
De parson say de railroads will gib excursion rates—
An' yo' an' me, ole 'oman, mus' sho'ly go to see
Dat circus in St. Louis in 1903.

DUTIES OF "BEST MAN."

Would you kindly inform me what are the duties of the best man and how he shall act during the wedding ceremony? B. C.

The best man takes entire charge of the bridegroom on the day of the wedding. It is his place to see that the nervous benedict is dressed and at the church (or wherever the ceremony is to take place) on time. He accompanies the bridegroom to the altar and stands at his right during the reading of the service, handing him the ring at the proper moment. He also sees that the bridegroom's belongings are packed for the wedding journey and that the officiating clergyman receives his fee.

SPORTS OF THE DAY.

HOOSIERS WERE EASY,

TEBEAU'S PENNANT WINNERS HAVE NO TROUBLE WINNING.

PAT DILLARD'S FINE SHOWING.

He Covered Third Base in Very Fine Style and Led All the Rest in Hitting.

Patsy Tebeau's pennant winners had a picnic with the Indianapolis Club of the American League at League Park Sunday afternoon.

The minors were never in the argument, but despite their lack of practice they played a fair quality of ball.

The locals hit their pitchers with the exception of "Willie" Dammann, at will, and made a total of 17 safe hits.

On the other hand, Willie Sudhoff and Jack Harper, who did the pitching for the Pennant Winners, completely mystified their opponents with the varied assortments of curves and speed they dished up for their delectation.

Sudhoff twirled the first four innings, and was hit safely three times during the interval, one of the hits being a three-bagger, which Heidrick badly misjudged, something that Emmett rarely does.

Harper finished the game, and was very effective up to the last inning, when he was hit safely four times. That, with a base on balls, a wild pitch and an error by Burkett, gave the Hoosiers three runs.

The bright, particular star of the game was Pat Dillard, St. Louis' great utility infielder. The ex-Detroiter played the third bag and accepted all the chances that came his way, two of them being very difficult ones. At the bat he was a terror to the opposing pitchers. Out of five times up he secured three singles and a slashing three-bagger.

Patsy Donovan, next to Dillard, was the best at the bat. He lined out three singles. Criger secured a pair of doubles, McGann a single and a double, Harper two singles and Burkett a triple. The final score was St. Louis 14, Indianapolis 4.

Hartsell, Indianapolis' diminutive left fielder, made a circus catch of Heidrick's long drive in the first inning. The ball was sent between the left and center fields and both fielders started after it at the crack of the bat. Hartsell reached the sphere first and grabbed it while on the run, and then tripped over the foot of Seybold, the center fielder. He turned almost a complete somersault, but jumped to his feet immediately with the ball in his hand and was vociferously applauded for the effort.

Joe Quinn played six innings of Sunday's game at second base. He secured a double and a single out of three times at bat. He had but one chance in the fielding line which he accepted. Joe's left optic is still badly discolored from the contact with that foul tip last week.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup reduces inflammation while children are teething.

JEFFRIES AND FITZ.

It Looks Now as Though They Would Meet Again.

NEW YORK, April 9.—Once again a new complexion has been put on the pugilistic muddle in Greater New York, and even the wisest critics now admit that they are unable to solve the tangle. Champion Jeffries has practically agreed to meet Bob Fitzsimmons again. Jeffries arrived in town Saturday, and a meeting with Fitzsimmons to arrange the articles will be held early this week.

Fitzsimmons has turned around completely in his defiant policy toward what he called the "pugilistic trust," and is now willing to talk fight with Billy Brady, the recognized head of the fight syndicate.

No articles have been signed nor money posted, but well-founded report has it that all necessary details will be attended to as soon as Brady, manager of the champion, returns from Detroit.

This is a match that the sporting public had long wished for. Many a man has a deep-seated conviction that the Australian will win the next time. He claims he was dosed in their last fight and that most of the time he was out of his head. There has always been the utmost good feeling between the two men.

The statement made by Jeffries in Chicago last Sunday doubtless paved the way for the return match. Then he declared that Fitzsimmons was the hardest man in the world to whip and that the big fellows dodged him because they were afraid of him. This pleased Bob very much.

"Where will the big fights be held?" is the question every one is asking.

Be a Good Smoker.

Try a Havanora High Grade 5c Cigar. All drugstores. Biest Bro., distributers.

ONE OF THE ENTRIES TO THE ST. LOUIS BENCH SHOW.

DAGMAR, GREAT DANE. OWNED BY EMILE HELFENSTELLER.

WITH THE BOXERS.

The McGovern and White the Next Contest of Importance.

The next important boxing contest will be that between Tommy White of Chicago and Terry McGovern.

They meet at Tattersalls, in Chicago, on the night of Tuesday, April 17.

White was for a long while the dandy of all the fighters in his class. In all his battles he has been floored but six times, generally getting up to go on to victory. He has never been knocked out. He has whipped Dick Green, Henry Lyons, Young Dempsey, Kid Ryan, Danny McBride, Jack Lewis, Jack O'Brien, Eddie Santry, Johnny Van Heest, George Siddons, Billy Branhan and other good ones. He drew twice with Dixon, with Ike Weir, Griffo, Art Simms, Solly Smith and "Spike" Sullivan.

This Monday afternoon Gus Ruhlin will become Jim Corbett's trainer and will join the New Yorker at Lakewood. Ruhlin will remain with Corbett until the latter's match with Jeffries on May 11 is settled. After that Gus will begin his own work for a fight with Fitzsimmons, in the first 10 days of June. Ruhlin is looking very well. He carries a dark mark under the left eye as the only reminder of his battle with "Yank" Kenny.

Ruhlin does not drink, and is always in good shape. He has an appetite ample for two. Sharkey isn't in it with Ruhlin in that kind of a match. Billy Madden has not yet decided where the giant will do his work, but there is plenty of time for that. Long-armed and speedy Charley Goff will be with Ruhlin when he starts in.

Bob Fitzsimmons and Gus Ruhlin, who are matched to fight at Westchester in June, are not old acquaintances. In fact, when they signed articles it was the first time they had ever met.

The two men sized each other up at once and they evidently decided they could be good friends, even though they are to try to put one another to sleep with a punch. So they shook hands and talked on various subjects like two chums.

Fitzsimmons, when asked what he thought of Ruhlin, replied:

"I think Ruhlin is a gentleman, and I have not met a more sensible pugilist during my many years in the roped arena. There is nothing about him either in his ways or actions which would make you believe he was a fighter, as he conducts himself in a very gentlemanly manner and does not pursue bluff challenges like other fighters are in the habit of doing.

"His challenge to me was a very businesslike one, in which he claimed he would like to meet me, as he thought he was entitled to the chance. I consequently decided to give him a fight, not because I was compelled to, but merely through the way in which he challenged me.

"Besides being possessed of these good manners, I want to say that he is a dangerous man of any of us, for as he has been defeating a number of good men during the past year I therefore expect him to give one of the hardest fights I ever had, and I hope the best man will win."

The Three Cushion Tournament.

The class A three-cushion tournament at the Grand is becoming more interesting daily. The standing of the players to date is:

Players.	W.	L.	Players.	W.	L.
Peterson	0	1	Staley	1	1
Lawrence	1	0	Campbell	1	0
Nolan	1	1	Hutchings	0	1

Monday night's game will be between Mr. Hutchings and Mr. Staley and it promises to be one of the best played of the tournament.

A TEN-INNING GAME.

HARGADINE-M'KITTRICKS AND BOHM BROTHERS PLAY IT.

GREAT DAY FOR AMATEURS.

Hundreds of Games Played All Over the City on Saturday and Sunday Afternoons.

The new baseball ground at Athletic Park on which the Hargadine-McKittricks are to play their Saturday and Sunday games were christened on Saturday afternoon with a game in which the Hargadine-McKittricks met the Bohm Bros.' team, formerly known as the Eagle Bs.

The H. McK.'s appeared in their new uniforms and presented a fine appearance on the field.

The game was by no means a pitcher's battle. The men who twirled were not in condition and a slugging match was the result, the final score being 18 to 14 in favor of the Hargadine-McKittricks.

From the opening to the close of the game each pitcher was hit hard, and no less than eight home runs were scored.

The game ended at the close of the seventh inning on account of darkness.

On Sunday afternoon the same teams met again at Athletic Park, and this time they played real baseball. For nine innings neither side appeared to be able to get the best of the other. At the close of the ninth the score was 3 to 3. In their half of the tenth the Hargadine-McKittricks, by hard hitting and errors of the opposition, piled up eight runs.

Bohm Bros., in their half, were unable to score, a splendid running catch by Moran at center cutting off their last chance in that direction. The Hargadine-McKittricks were loudly cheered for their splendid rally in the ninth. The score was:

HARGADINE-M'KITTRICKS.	AB.	R.	H.	E.	BOHM BROS.	AB.	R.	H.	E.
Williams, ss	5	2	2	0	Laffler, rf	5	0	1	1
Kuehne, 3b	5	1	1	1	Cornelius, cf	4	1	1	0
McSweeny, rf	5	1	0	0	Glendon, 2b	5	0	3	0
Murphy, lb	5	1	0	2	Cudmore, lf	5	1	0	0
Steger, 2b	5	1	1	0	Kolley, c	4	1	1	2
Gross, cf	5	1	1	0	Foster, 1b	4	1	1	2
Moran, cf	5	2	1	0	Dwyer, 3b	4	0	1	2
Dicks, p	5	1	1	0	Craven, p	4	0	0	0
Lewitz, c	5	1	1	0					
Totals	45	11	7	3	Totals	40	3	5	9

Innings—	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Hargadine-McKitt'ks	0	0	1	2	0	0	0	0	8	—11
Bohm Bros.	0	0	1	2	0	0	0	0	0	—3

Home runs—Kolley 1. Double plays—McGilligan and Glendon. Base on balls—Off Craven 4; off Dicks 4. Umpire—Billy Lane.

TIPS FROM THE TURF.

Opening of Fair Grounds Meet Takes Place Four Weeks From Saturday.

The racing season at the St. Louis Fair Grounds will be comenced four weeks from next Saturday.

But even now there is an air of business out there and all sorts of preparations are being made to care for the thousands of horses that are to be here and whose owners have already applied for stable room. New stables are being built on every side and there will be accommodations ready for fully 2000 horses, the largest gathering of thoroughbreds the Fair Association has ever had within its gates:

The fifth race at Memphis Monday is at a mile and promises to be the best on the card. The entries are:

Capron	86	Compensation	101
The Lady	91	Molo	105
Sir Gatlan	98	Handpress	105
Ed Tipton	101	Crocket	110

The fifth race at Bennings Monday is a handicap at one mile and a sixteenth. The weights with apprentice alowances claimed are:

Bright of the Garter	126	First Whip	112
Sidney Lucas	122	Beau Ideal	112
Brisk	121	Mousseltoff	108
Queen of Song	117	Magic Light	108
Robert Bonner	114		

The third race at Tanforan Park Monday is a handicap at one mile and one-sixteenth. The entries are:

Scotch Plaid	112	Anchored	98
Dogtown	112	Formero	108
Custellator	100	Chimura	108
Rapido	97	Arbacea	108

CONTINENTAL ATHLETIC ASS'N

John T. Walsh Re-Elected President and Field Meet Contemplated.

At a meeting of the Continental Athletic Association at Cella's Hall, Taylor and Delmar avenues, Saturday night, the following officers were elected for the ensuing year:

John T. Walsh, president; R. J. Richardson, vice-president; Wm. J. Wolff, secretary; Wm. P. Keevil, financial secretary; Bert Elder, treasurer, and Geo. E. Francisco, serjeant-at-arms.

The following committee was appointed to secure grounds and make arrangements for the annual field meet, which will be held in June: Chairman, Yule; chairman, John Francisco, Bert Elder and Wm. Keevil.

An entertainment and an impromptu banquet followed the meeting and election of officers. The association will give a dance at Pickwick Hall on April 25.

APRIL BOWLING TOURNAMENT.

A Seven Weeks' Schedule Adopted at Sunday's Meeting.

At a meeting of the board of managers of the April tournament, held at the Courthouse Alleys Sunday evening, the following clubs were representing:

Windsors,	Courthouse,
Westerns,	Bankers,
Franklins,	Postoffice,
Difficulties (Belleville),	Tuesday Nights.

The principal business transacted was the framing of a schedule for the tournament, and on account of the lateness of the season the tournament will run but seven weeks. The opening game will be played between the Courthouse and Franlin Clubs, Monday, April 16, at 8:30 p. m., in the Courthouse Alleys. A cash purse of $50 and a silver trophy valued at $100 have been donated.

O'KEEFE'S KING OF THE HILLS.

He Wins the Green Tree Cup, the Important Coursing Event.

Ben O'Keefe, the veteran sportsman, who has done more than any man in St. Louis to advance the interests of coursing, was the happiest man in town on Sunday afternoon.

His great hound, King of the Hills, then won the Green Tree Cup, the most important coursing event that has taken place in St. Louis this year, and won it only after a desperate struggle.

This was the wind-up of the coursing season and there was a big crowd out to see the finish. The race for the Green Tree Cup was run in this way:

FIRST ROUND.

King of the Hills beat Farewell.
Baby Barnes beat Van Ness.
Lord Klenkirk beat Glory Quayle.
Fortuna beat Hot Times.
Black Beauty beat Lady Hortense.
Van Nye beat Harvest Maid.

FIRST TIES.

King of the Hills beat Baby Barnes.
Lord Glenkirk beat Fortuna.
Black Beauty beat Van Ness.

SECOND ROUND TIES.

King of the Hills, a bye, Lord Glenkirk drawn.
Black Beauty, a bye with Warburton.

FINALE.

King of the Hills beat Black Beauty and won the cup.

The season was the best the St. Louis Coursing Club has ever had, but they hope to beat it next season, when they will have a more commodious field to do their racing on.

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ASSOCIATION FOOTBALL PLAYERS

Championship Trophy to Be Given to West Ends Monday Night.

The Association Football League of St. Louis will hold their final meeting of the season Monday night at Victoria Club rooms, Seventh and Pine streets. All the players of the four clubs are cordially invited to be present. The report of the treasurer will be read. This season was the banner one in the history of association football in St. Louis. The championship emblems will be presented to this year's champions, the West Ends, at Monday night's meeting.

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GARDEN SEEDS — Grown for us and carefully selected each year for earliness and fine quality.

FIELD SEEDS—Clover, Timothy, Red Top, Onion Sets, Seed Potatoes and everything for the Farm and Garden.

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Cures all CHRONIC, NERVOUS, BLOOD, SKIN and URINARY DISEASES—both sexes. NERVOUS DEBILITY, LOST MANHOOD, etc., producing nervousness, despondency and irritableness or unfitness for business or marriage; result of errors, lost manhood, milky urine, organic weakness, quickness, etc. Method restored and a radical cure guaranteed. Blank 71, free, explains.

BLOOD POISONS—all stages. Eczema, Ulcers, cured for life by safe means. Blank 72, free.

URINARY and BLADDER ailments quickly cured. Painful, Difficult, Too Frequent or Bloody Urine. Blank 73, free explains.

PILES and all RECTAL diseases cured. Modern methods; no cutting. Call or write for advice.

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DR. WHITTIER. Consultation free at Office or by Mail. Separate Waiting Room for Each Person.

MANHOOD RESTORED "CUPIDENE" This great Vegetable Vitalizer, the prescription of a famous French physician, will quickly cure you of all nervous or diseases of the generative organs, such as Lost Manhood, Insomnia, Pains in the Back, Seminal Emissions, Nervousness, Failing Memories, Pimples, Unfitness to Marry, Exhausting Drains, Varicocele and Constipation. It stops all losses by day or night. Prevents quickness of discharge, which if not checked leads to Spermatorrhœa and all the horrors of impotency. CUPIDENE cleanses the liver, the kidneys and the urinary organs of all impurities. CUPIDENE strengthens and restores small weak organs.

The reason sufferers are not cured by Doctors is because 90 per cent are troubled with Prostatitis. CUPIDENE the only known remedy to cure without an operation. 5000 testimonials. A written guarantee given and money returned if 6 boxes does not effect a permanent cure. $1.00 a box, 6 for $5.00, by mail. Send for FREE circular and testimonials.

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Le Roy & Clayton, Chas. A. Gardner, Harris & Fields, Amann & Hartley, Walter Deaves, Manikin Theater, Hodgkins & Leith, Stella Dorset, Eckert & Berg, O'Brien & Buckley, Jim & Fanny Donovan, May Wentworth, La Petite Mathilde, Traske & Gladden, The Kinetrome.

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The Home of Folly—Two Frolics Daily.

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Extra—To-night—Benefit of Leo Reichenbach.

OLYMPIC. TO-NIGHT.

Matinees Wednesday and Saturday.

FIVE SUPERB PRODUCTIONS,

Presenting the Nearest Approach to the Perfection of Dramatic Art.

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ADA REHAN

In a Repertoire of Her Most Famous Successes (prepared by the late Augustin Daly).

Monday and Tuesday Evenings,

The School for candal.

Wednesday Evening and Wednesday Matinee,

AS YOU LIKE IT.

Thursday (Only Time),

"THE COUNTRY GIRL" and "A HAPPY PAIR."

Friday and Saturday Evenings and Saturday Matinee,

TAMING THE SHREW.

THE COMPANY:

George Clark,	George Wharnock,
White Whittlesey,	N. S. Lewis,
Wilfred Clark,	Clement Hopkins,
Eugene Ormond,	Miss Mable Roebuck,
Charles Harbury,	Miss Virginia Navarro,
Foster Larder,	Miss Loulae Draper,
R. S. Piggott,	Miss Marion Stuart,
De Witt Jennings,	Miss Margaret Owen,
Richard Russell,	Miss Katherine Clinton.

Each play will be given with all the dainty scenic and costume surroundings heretofore employed by Mr. Daly.

Monday April 16—"Because She Loved Him So."

GO TO THE ICE BOX and take out a delightfully cool bottle of that good, palatable

TRADE MARK

BURTON Half-and-Half,

"RED LION BRAND."

and let the tired man of the house have a glass before his supper. It will refresh him and help his appetite. A glass will help you, also.

Ask your grocer or liquor dealer. If they can not supply you, telephone brewery direct. Kinloch 0, 1344.

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In sending out this free test treatment Dr. Whetzel is demonstrating to thousands of Asthmatic sufferers that at last a positive cure has been discovered for Asthma in all its forms and stages, no matter of how long standing or how many doctors have failed to cure. The new treatment of Dr. Whetzel's will cure. It will cure permanently and CURES TO STAY CURED.

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HOPKINS BARGAIN 25c MATINEES

IN THE OZARKS..

HANLEY and BATEMAN.

VAUDEVILLE.

Next—"THE MERCHANT OF VENICE."

CENTURY....

Such a Gladness.

THE ROGERS BROTHERS IN WALL STREET.

MATINEES WED. AND SAT.

GRAND Wed., Sat. Matinee 25c and 50c

NIGHT PRICES—25c, 35c, 50c.

THE GIRL FROM CHILI.

Next Sunday—CORINNE, THE LITTLE HOSE.

Music Hall Closed Holy Week

Tannhauser Apr. 16.

Box office open all this week.

A True Old Tale

About The Only McNichol!

"This keeping house," said Jonas Kedge,
"Why, Tom—it puts my teeth on edge.
To board is worse, to lodge still more;
I tell you life becomes a bore!
And yet while streams of misery trickle,
I hear you cry 'Go see McNichol!'
My dear old man, you're crazy still,
This time your friend can't fill the bill!"

"No, sir—I'm right; I'll prove you wrong.
And put your fib where they belong.
I've pondered o'er McNichol's rhymes,
I've pondered on McNichol's rhymes,
And laughed like you and grinned in glee
To think what he could do for me.
By George! things got so very hot
I nearly went wild on the spot."

"The house won't stay clean not a minute,
The dust and grime is right here in it,"
My wife declared; the girls got mad,
And sassed her; even the best we had.
Then when I came to understand,
I said, 'By Jove, I'll take a hand!'
I joined a string of folks intent
On living right, away we went.
"Laugh if you want to, it's a fact,
A man just naturally has to act
Or be snowed under. Life became
A thing of joy; home worth its name.
I got things new and sweet and nice,
A grumbler couldn't fight the price.
Our hired girl laughs all day long
—Mac can't assist you: MAN YOU'RE WRONG!"

If you don't believe that new carpets, whole curtains and unbraised furniture a week on easy terms try it once—buying on the instalment plan—try (Trade mark) THE ONLY M'NICHOL.

1015-1022-1024 Market st., St. Louis, Mo.

P. S. The worry of living is prodigious enough under the smoothest conditions in a dress city. A clean house to begin with is not enough—keep it clean; send out the old shabby stuff. New goods are cheaper, especially if you come to one of the Home-maker McNichol. Splendid goods, all grades. Furniture carpets, curtains, clocks, couch's, dishes, lamps, pictures, baby cribs and carriages, brass. Iron and folding beds, bedding, odds and ends for beauty, draperies, parlor and bedroom suits, chetal glasses, library and office effects, kitchen and laundry new coal, gas and oil stoves, ranges, refrigerators, ice boxes, most economical thing in the house; utensils for saving work, everything needed in house, room or flat.

Varied prices, but all the lowest in the West. Learn how to live for least labor and expense. Cash or Credit. Low, Easy Terms.

THE ONLY McNICHOL, A FRIEND TO BEGINNERS.

HOTELS.

HOTEL VICTORIA

EUROPEAN PLAN.

5th Avenue, 27th Street & Broadway, NEW YORK CITY.

All that is left of the famous Hotel Victoria are the walls.

The house during the past year has been entirely rebuilt, remodeled and refurnished at a cost of over four hundred thousand dollars.

It is equipped with every known device for the convenience, comfort and safety of its guests.

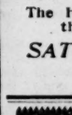
Its interior is fitted with the newest and most approved furnishings.

The Standard of Excellence is what will be found in the New Hotel Victoria.

The Hotel will be opened for the reception of guests

SATURDAY, APRIL 14.

F. T. WALTON, Proprietor.



IT MAKES THE FOOD PURE. That's why JACK FROST Is a favorite wherever introduced. A perfectly pure and wholesome BAKING POWDER sold at the popular price—pound can, 25c.

DAD'S STRENGTHENING DETS

THE ONLY REMEDY THAT WILL COMPEL THE LIVER TO PERFORM ITS NATURAL DUTY. THEY ALSO STRENGTHEN THE TIRED HEART AND NERVES

25 CTS DAD CHEMICAL CO. NEW YORK

FULL SET OF TEETH - $2

TEETH EXTRACTED WITHOUT PAIN.

Teeth Extracted Free. | Silver Fillings Free.
Teeth Cleaned Free. | Bridgework, $3 per tooth.
All work guaranteed for 20 years.
All work done free—small charge for material only.

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MORPHINE AND WHISKY HABIT

Cured in a few days without pain. No fee asked until you are cured. G. H. KOOSE, Manager

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QUICK MEAL STEEL RANGES RINGEN STOVE CO. 414 N. BROADWAY

BUY THE GENUINE SYRUP OF FIGS ...MANUFACTURED BY... CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO. SAN FRANCISCO. NOTE THE NAME.

WITH THE AMATEURS.

The Little Americans have organized for the season. They line up as follows: J. Biethroade c and capt, L. Costello 1b, G. Bermel 2b, M. Karney 3b, R. Keely p, F. O'Hara lf, F. Slavine rf, D. Costello cf. They would like to sign a good shortstop. They play in the 9 and 10 year old class. Address J. Biethroade, 1410 Prairie avenue.

The Arcadians defeated the Franklin Avenue R.'s by the score of 17 to 8 Sunday. The Arcadians would like to hear from all teams in the 15 and 16 year old class. Address P. J. Thixton, manager, care of Christian Brothers' College.

T. W. Gagnon will meet George Teatenbeune at the Oakland Park on the 6th day of May and will go 10 rounds.

The Consumers' baseball club have again entered the field and wish to hear from all out-of-town clubs. The team is composed of the following players: Heller c, Jokers p, Swancina 1b, Guenacke 2b, Tyler Hauk 3b, C. Hauk ss, Webb lf, Reinagel cf, Bremsteller rf. Address challenges to James H. Flood, 3832 North Market street.

The Diels have organized for the season under the management of William C. Erman. They will play their first game at the college grounds on April 15, and then will make arrangements to make trips abroad. The Diels have about the same team as last year, when they beat nearly every team they faced. They would like to arrange games with teams like Decatur, Murphysboro and Quincy. Address W. C. Erman, manager Diels, 3 North Broadway.

With the exception of Paul McSweeney, the Alton Blues will have the same team as last season, when they won the championship of Illinois and Missouri. The team will line up as follows: Schwartz, McFarland and Pevans, p. Stein and Meek c, Fairbank 1b, Tommy Morrison 2b, Hicks 3b, Griffin ss, Hlob lf, Cavanaugh cf and Zoellers rf. Charley Wilson, who managed last year's team so successfully, will again be in control. St. Louis and surrounding cities wanting games address C. A. Wilson, manager, 215 Piasa street, Alton, Ill.

Manager George Miller's team will play the Kirkwood Browns on April 22. On April 29 they play the C. B. C.s. They would like to hear from all strong out-of-town teams for Sunday games in May. Address Manager George Miller, Globe Shoe and Clothing Co.

J. Murphy of last year's Sports would like to sign with amateur team as pitcher. Address J. Murphy, care A. Geisel Manufacturing Co., Second street and Clark avenue.

The St. Louis D. B. and P. Co.s will meet the Lindell Reds at Vandeventer and Park avenues Saturday, April 14. Game called at 3 p. m. Lineup as follows: Ed Grupe 1b, Jim Rogers 2b, W. Krenning cf, J. Wolfbrack p, H. Schmidt ss, H. Wolfbrick rf, G. Barth 3b, Elgin Brooks lf, G. Clement c. Would like to hear from all amateur teams, sports, Maddenville, and Big Fours preferred. Address all communications to Johnnie Provonch, manager, 3919 Papin street.

The Monarch Juniors will organize with F. Miller c, E. Held p, C McClure 1b, F. Maner 2b, F. Flood 3b, Paul Lircher captain and ss, M. McDonnell rf, P. McBrearty manager and lf, G. Tade cf, W. Rickes and C. Rotcmyer subs. They play in the 9 and 10 year old classes. Ad. P. McBrearty, 4312A De Soto avenue.

The Red Crosses would like to hear from all clubs in the 13 and 14 year old classes. Address Lawrence Allaway, 1425 North Tenth street.

James McKeana and Thomas Carroll have been signed by the Dayions. All clubs in the 16-year-old class wishing games with the Daytons please call on or address James McKenna, 2810 Marcus avenue.

The Nonparells were defeated by the Monroes Sunday afternoon by a score of 14 to 8. They will play the Monroes again next Sunday morning at Carondelet Park.

The Little Anchors have organized and would like to play any team in the 11-year-old class. Address A. Dryer, 2225 Chippewa street.

Good, allround player would like to join some good team in the 11 or 12-year-old class. Address F. Lohr, 413 South Fourteenth street.

The Delicatessen Specials have organized with Thomas Cooney p, John W. Smith c, A. Toste 1b, Frank Reynolds 2b, Andy Baker 3b, August Miners lf, George Maddox rf, E. Huddleton cf, E. Tastulek ss. Address August Miners. Wainwright Delicatessen.

The Bayards have organized with Patsy Donovan p, Pete As McGauly c, W. Oeth captain and 1b, W. McGauly 2b, John Casey 3b, Fred Warner ss, Big Procte Dix lf, W. Dregman rf, H. Liebrecht cf. They would like to hear from the Gill Bros., Hargadine-McKittrick s, Charles Browns, also all good teams in and out of the city. Address W. McGauly, 1328 Bayard avenue.

The Clifton Heights Juniors have reorganized with George Cramer lf, Sewall Smith rf, Walter Keith cf, Ed Goodsale 3b, Harry Harden 2b, Arthur O'Brien 1b, Willie Smith ss, George Harden p, Norval Taylor c. Will hear from teams in 12-year-old class. Address W. T., 6250 Clifton avenue.

A good baseball pitcher in the 16-year class who wishes to play with a team now being organized call at 2713 South Tenth street, between 7 and 8 p. m., Wednesday or Saturday.

"Odorless Fertilizer" Lawn, Flowers.

We will deliver to your door the above in 10 lbs. to 300 lbs. bags; 10 lbs. covers 625 square ft. and costs but 30c. A. B. Mayer Mfg. Co., 1020 N. 12th st. Phone Bell Main 1446. Kinloch A 854.

The Maples have organized for the season with J. Walch c, G. Mackland p, E. Bennett 1b, L. Bruner 2b, C. Bisch 3b, J. Bisch ss, J. Flemming rf, M. Vance cf, R. Rebb lf, and would like to hear from all teams in the 13-year-old class. Address Louis Bruner, 6125 Bartmer avenue.

A newly organized club on the South Side in the 16 and 17-year-old class have J. Huth 1b, R. Walsh 2b, G. Huth ss, H. Taylor 3b, Binder c, S. Stevens rf, W. Geier cf, G. Heap lf, and would like to sign a first-class pitcher. Address W. Geier, care Mermod & Jaccard Jewelry Co.

The Schawachles have organized for the season with the following players in the 10-year-old class: Henry Schawachles lf and capt., Al Cooper rf, Willie Gibbons ss, John Rinkel 1b, Christ Rinkel 2b, C. H. Mills 3b, M. Grenaids cf, William Harmling rf, Jim Kilby lf. For games address H. Brockschmidt. 5858 Easton avenue.

The Burketts have organized. They have J. Dalton 2b, J. La Barge c, W. Duba 1b, D. Brodrick 2b, M. Clancy 3b, C. Stis ss, M. Duffy lf, F. Sinclair cf, C. Duba rf, Dave Haley sub. The Burketts will defend the title of the championship of the 13 and 14 year old class against any team in Missouri. Address J. Dalton, 4016 Cottage avenue.

The Resolutes Juniors have organized and would like to hear from some team in the 11 and 12 year old class, the L. C.'s, Brooklyn Streets and Carrolls preferred. Address L. G. Sergent, manager, care of Christian Brothers' College.

The Handy Dandies have organized for the season. They line up: L. Vent c, M. Zibura p, A. Hasa 1b, F. Radomsky 2b, J. Preis 3b, J. Zibura ss, M. Krause rf, F. Zibura lf, J. Lumklewicz cf, F. Radomsky capt. They would like to hear from all teams in the 17 or 18 year old class. Address 1400 N. Twenty-first street.

The Hahmans would like to have a game for Sunday. The O'Fallon Reds, Sharks and all other good teams in the 13 and 14 year old class. John Sullivan, 1604 North Nineteenth street.

Sharks would like to hear from some good team in the 15 and 14 year old class. Address E. Mulvihill, 4335 North Twentieth street.

The Occidentals would like to arrange a game with some team in the 12-year-old class. Address all challenges to S. O. Connor, 3529 Cozens avenue.

The Champions have organized with the following players: Teddie Brady c, Neddine Bullits p, "Cheap" W. Fromang 1b, The Joe Carroll 2b, Arthur A. Albright 3b, "Phonie" Guyol ss, Kid Gleason lf, "Mosk" Sweeney cf, "Dutch" John rf. For challenges address 1420 North Twenty-second street.

The Globe Juniors have organized for the season. They line up: R. Hackett p, O. Neal c, E. Burg ss, Leo Coffey 3b, S. Murphy 2b, J. Bahan 1b, C. Carthy lf, R. Eggerston cf, G. Thompson rf. They play in the 13-year-old class. Address Ray Hackett, 4108 Easton avenue.

The Game Peikers have organized with F. Behrendt c and captain, A. Kargus p, C. Vogel 1b, A. Backer ss, C. Nester 3b, H. Koke 2b, H. Thole cf, G. Nieder lf, G. Ahrens rf, F. Pelat sub, A. Zipf mascot. Address F. Behrendt, 2020 Menard street.

The Cascarat Baseball Club would like to hear from all first-class semi-professional teams

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A CALCULATION.

WHEN you are ready to buy, stop and compute the cost of the soap used by your household in a day, a week or a month, and for the slight difference in price you will never forgo the pleasure of using the purest soap made, that is, Ivory Soap.

It is the most inexpensive of pure soaps. You need no knowledge of chemistry to realize this purity, use it and you will know. It floats.

IS AGUINALDO HIDING IN MANILA?

Belief Prevails That He Has Not Left Luzon.

KEEPING IN A SAFE PLACE.

IT IS SAID THAT HE COULD EASILY ESCAPE DETECTION.

Gen. Otis Is of the Opinion That the Tagal Leader Has Not Been Out of the City Since the First of the Year.

WASHINGTON, April 9.—In the mail from Manila which has just arrived at the War Department there were at least two communications expressing the conviction that Aguinaldo is hiding in that city. One of these letters is from a United States Secret Service official, who had found conclusive evidence that the Tagal leader had been in Manila since the rebellious armies in Luzon were dispersed and who was satisfied that as he had not escaped by water he was possibly still concealed in the native part of the town.

The other letter from an officer attached to headquarters, who voiced the opinion of all the higher military authorities that Aguinaldo was certainly not in any of the outlying districts on the Island of Luzon, for American troops had too thoroughly overrun the entire country for the rebel chief to escape detection, and especially as in every province there were enough enemies of Aguinaldo to have betrayed him to the soldiers had his presence made it possible. Other officers recently returned from the Philippines confirm the impression that Aguinaldo would naturally seek safety in the Tagal quarter at Manila, where he would possibly find greater seclusion and security than in any other place in the archipelago, especially as it is not frequented by American troops or natives who sympathize with the American rule. Aguinaldo is said to be devoted to his wife and children, who have been living in Manila for several months, and it is inconceivable to those who know him that he has not made frequent visits to his family. It is said that on account of his physical appearance and with his ingenuity he would incur little or no chance of detection if he assumed the guise of a native peddler or ordinary workman.

Gen. Otis is said to have no doubt that Aguinaldo has not been out of Manila since the first of this year, but he has refused to offer any reward for his apprehension, though the Secret Service men have every assurance that betrayal by natives would speedily follow the offer. Every army officer who has been in the Philippines frankly declares that it has always been the ambition of every American in the service to capture Aguinaldo.

The best work of officers and men has always been with the main end in view of bringing in the elusive little leader. It is well known that Gen. Otis expected his capture last fall in Northern Luzon, and had arranged to send him on the United States. It is said Otis has since changed his mind about the desirability of sending him away from the island and believes it best not to be embarrassed by having him on his hands, as some elements would be dissatisfied if he were not executed and others would revolt if he should not have the fullest liberty.

BIG CLAIM AGAINST MEXICO.

Eighteen Million Acres of Land in Lower California.

MONTEREY, Cal., April 9.—A paper of considerable international importance has just been received from London by Jacob R. Leese of this city, son of the California pioneer, Jacob P. Leese. The paper is the original grant from the Mexican Government made in 1863 to Jacob P. Leese and others of 18,000,000 acres of land in Lower California for colonization purposes.

A further contract was made with the Mexican Government by which Leese paid $100,000 for the land on the condition that if he failed to colonize because of the war before the expiration of the allotted time the Government was to return him $50,000 of the amount.

This amount has never been paid, and it is stated that the Mexican Government absolutely refuses to recognize Leese's claim. J. R. Leese, oldest son of Jacob Leese, received a deed from his father shortly before the latter's death, assigning him one-eighth of the entire 18,000,000 acres, and it is this as well as the $50,000 for which he is fighting. He intends to move at once through the State Department at Washington for recognition of his claim, and a restoration of his property and that of the other heirs.

Y. M. C. A. School Closing.—The closing exercises of the educational department of the St. Louis Young Men's Christian Association will be held Monday evening in the association's hall, Grand and Franklin avenues.

INCREASE OF MONEY

LARGEST CIRCULATION IN THE GOVERNMENT'S HISTORY.

MORE GOLD AND MORE SILVER.

Per Capita Has Passed the $26 Line and the Total for the First Time Beyond Two Billions.

WASHINGTON, April 9.—The statement issued by the Treasury Department for April, 1900, shows more money per capita, more gold, more silver and a larger total of money in circulation than ever before. For the first time in the history of the country the per capita circulation has crossed the $26 line and the year 1900 carried the total for the first time past the two billion dollar line while the amount of gold and gold certificates in circulation is larger than at the corresponding date of any previous year.

The "circulation statement," which is issued at the beginning of each month, shows the total money in circulation April 1, 1900, to be $2,021,274,606, and on April 1, 1899, $1,927,846,942, while on the corresponding date in 1898 it was $1,756,058,645; on April 1, 1897, it was $1,669,000,694, and on April 1, 1896, $1,528,629,463. This shows an increase in total money in circulation in four years of $492,645,083, or 32 per cent.

The per capita money in circulation, or the average amount for each individual in the United States is also larger than ever before, being $26.12 (calculating the present population at 77,385,000), against $25.45 a year ago, $23.69 two years ago, $23.01 three years ago, and $21.53 on April 1, 1896.

The amount of gold in circulation is also greater than at the corresponding date of any preceding year, the total gold and gold certificates in circulation on April 1, 1900, being $786,846,549, against $727,748,591 on April 1, 1899, $618,448,941 on April 1, 1898, $554,582,098 on April 1, 1897, and $489,151,505 on April 1, 1896; the increase during the four years being $296,694,044, or 60 per cent.

The amount of silver in circulation, including standard silver dollars, subsidiary silver, silver certificates and Treasury notes of 1890, which were issued for the purchase of silver bullion and are to be retired when the silver is coined and put in circulation, amounts to $631,133,689, against $626,982,804 on April 1, 1899; $610,661,729 on April 1, 1898; $569,024,775 on April 1, 1897, and $568,524,447 on April 1, 1896.

The following table shows the total money and total gold in circulation on April 1 of each year from 1890 to 1900:

April 1.	Total money.	Gold and gold certificates.
1890	$1,437,404,052	$508,562,567
1891	1,530,080,494	552,785,919
1892	1,608,641,520	561,943,647
1893	1,602,521,806	519,285,960
1894	1,630,714,808	566,403,885
1895	1,584,184,424	528,337,088
1896	1,528,629,463	489,151,505
1897	1,669,000,694	554,582,098
1898	1,756,058,645	618,448,941
1899	1,927,846,942	727,748,591
1900	2,021,274,606	785,845,349

DR. HILLIS IS RETICENT.

Will Not Further Discuss His Letter of Demission.

NEW YORK, April 9.—There will be a conference at Buffalo between Rev. Dr. Newell Dwight Hillis, whose letter of demission from the Presbyterian ministry was presented to the Chicago Presbytery last Monday, and the committee from that body which was appointed for the purpose of considering the letter of resignation. This, it is believed, is due in part to the attitude of the members of Plymouth Church, who don't wish their pastor to have any further theological relations or discussions with the Chicago presbytery, and so the realization on the part of the committee that Dr. Hillis' determination to insist upon the acceptance of his resignation would make futile a conference such as was proposed. Dr. Hillis is exceedingly sensitive upon the subject, and refuses to discuss it.

"I regard the incident as closed," he said last night.

IF YOU WOULD ENJOY Good Health In the Future, USE

WARNER'S SAFE CURE TO-DAY.

It Invigorates the LIVER.
It Heals Diseased KIDNEYS.

FOUGHT IN THE COURTROOM.

Police Sergeant McGlynn Fined $50 Therefor.

AN UNPROVOKED ASSAULT.

STRUCK JOHN IRWIN, A PRISONER OUT ON BOND.

Bystanders Interfered and the Sergeant Was Brought Up Before Judge Spencer—Matter Will Go to the Board.

As the result of a fight between Police Sergeant James J. McGlynn of the Fourth District and John Irwin, indicted under the habitual criminal act, which occurred in the entrance to Judge Selden P. Spencer's Criminal Courtroom at 10:30 Monday morning, McGlynn was fined $50 by the court.

For five minutes the whole courtroom was in an uproar and there was the wildest confusion. Court officers and policemen were running hither and thither. Judge Spencer himself left the bench and went forward to assist in calming the tumult. The Judge directed Deputy Sheriff John A. Pohlman to separate the two belligerents. The deputy had to tear the men apart, so desperate was their clinch. Sergt. McGlynn's face was scratched and Irwin's cheek bore marks of fingers.

Irwin is an ex-convict, 23 years old, having been sent up for highway robbery in 1894. He was released three years ago and went to work for the Missouri Wrecking Co., where he is now stable boss.

Some months ago Irwin was arrested on the street under the Chief of Detectives' order concerning ex-convicts. He was indicted as an habitual criminal by the grand-jury. Twice his case has been continued. Monday morning he appeared for trial and on account of the absence of witnesses the State continued the case. Irwin is out on bond.

As Irwin was walking through the doors leading out of the courtroom he was accosted by Sergt. McGlynn, who stood in the entrance. Five witnesses say that the Sergeant called Irwin a vile name and said: "I'll fix you yet!"

Irwin stepped into the clerk's room to avoid the sergeant, who followed him. Frederick Vincent, superintendent of the Missouri Wrecking Co. stepped between the men.

Mr. Vincent says Sergeant McGlynn reached over his shoulder and grabbed Irwin by the throat. Irwin then struck the sergeant in the face. McGlynn called to his assistance Police Sergeant Crojonoski, who started to help him when Deputy Sheriff Pohlman rushed forward and made the fighters break away.

The men who were in the entry and saw the fight were Frederick Vincent, Samuel Lears, John Reynolds, Charles Dawson and Jesse Dawson. All say that the sergeant first attacked Irwin and that the latter tried to evade him. "McGlynn was laying for the boy," they aver.

Irwin's attorney, Rozier P. Meigs, says he will apply for a warrant against Sergeant McGlynn for assault and battery.

Judge Spencer at once summoned the sergeant, Irwin and the witnesses into court and investigated the affair. All the witnesses testified substantially as stated.

The court fined Sergeant McGlynn $50 for contempt of court and stated that he would certify the result of the hearing to the police board with recommendations.

SERIOUS RAILROAD ACCIDENT.

Joseph O'Connor Run Down on the Levee by a Freight.

Joseph O'Connor, about 50 years old, who works for Capt. William A. Jenks on the harbor boat and lives on the boat, was run over about 3 o'clock Monday morning by an Iron Mountain freight train. Both his legs were cut off. He is at the City Hospital in a very critical condition.

The train was in charge of Conductor William Couse and Engineer John Halloran.

BRIEF NEWS ABOUT TOWN

Items of Interest Condensed for the Convenience of Busy Readers of the Post-Dispatch.

Though he may be beaten for President,
The man with half a liver,
Like a genuine tar will feel at home
When cruising on Salt River.

Thomas Barron Dead.—Thomas M. Barron, aged 81, died Sunday at his home, 3016 Olive street. He had lived here 61 years. His wife and four children survive him.

Police Relief Association.—The Police Relief Association has decided for the future to pay only $1000 in death benefits. This is done, it is announced, to promote harmony.

Honored by Employes.—The employes of the Poorhouse presented their superintendent, E. G. Remmers, with a solitaire diamond ring on Saturday evening in honor of his birthday.

Aged Woman Dead.—Mrs. Mary Prothero, 4222A St. Ferdinand street, fell dead at her home late Saturday afternoon. She was 86 years old. Heart failure was the cause of her death.

John A. Tatum Dead.—John A. Tatum, 3417 Eads avenue, chief clerk in the stamp division of the postoffice, died Sunday after a long illness. He entered the postoffice under Postmaster Carlisle. He left a widow and three sons.

Missouri Lieutenant Wounded.—A dispatch from Manila announces that Lieut. Gordon of the Sixteenth Infantry, U. S. A., was wounded. The only Lieut. Gordon in the Sixteenth is Charles M. Gordon, Jr., of California, Mo. He is known to many St. Louisans. He was a captain in the Sixth Missouri.

FEDERAL COLLATERAL TAX.

"Any promissory note, whether given for a call loan or any other indebtedness and whether payable on demand or on time, requires to be stamped at the rate of 2 cents for each hundred dollars of face value or fractional part thereof.

"Interests accrued or to accrue on a promissory forms no part of its face value in determining the amount on which the tax is to be computed.

"Each renewal of a promissory note requires stamping the same as the original note and payment of interest in advance on a matured note is considered to be a renewal of the same.

"Pledges of stock, bonds, etc., as collateral security for the payment of loans are liable to tax under the provisions of that paragraph referring to 'mortgage or pledge' at the rate of 25 cents for each $500 or fractional part thereof in excess of $1000.

"No tax is imposed on transactions where stock is hypothecated as security for the payment of money simply by delivery of the certificates to the lender or deposited as a basis of credit without a mortgage or some other written instrument being executed or made whereby the said stock is pledged to secure the payment of a definite and certain sum of money.

"As modifying the foregoing rulings, attention is called to the following amendment to the war revenue act:

"Whenever any bond or note shall be secured by a mortgage or deed of trust but one stamp shall be required to be placed on such papers; provided, that the stamp tax placed thereon shall be the highest rate required for such instruments, or either of them."

Internal Revenue Collector Grenner Monday announced the above Federal ruling on the stamp tax as it applies to loans secured by pledges of collateral.

"BOYS WILL BE BOYS."

Incarceration in the House of Refuge Does Not Seem to Disprove the Ancient Axiom.

"We worry the superintendent because we have nothing else to do."—Boys' philosophy at the House of Refuge.

Sunday Albert Henley, an instructor in the Cook Avenue Methodist Church, made a present of spinning tops to the 200 boys of the primary department in the House of Refuge.

Mr. Henley made a short speech to the boys and asked them why they had been worrying the manager so much of late. They replied that it was because they had nothing else to do. They promised to be good if there was "anything in it" and then he produced the tops.

FELL ILL AMONG STRANGERS.

Girl From Madison Taken to the City Hospital.

Elise Schmidt, a good-looking girl, 15 years old, left her home in Madison, Ill., at 3 o'clock Sunday afternoon to look for employment in St. Louis. About 7 that night Officer Scanlan found the girl lying unconscious on North Market street, between Hall street and the river. She was taken to the City Hospital in an ambulance.

At the hospital the girl revived sufficiently to tell her name and address. She said that her stepmother told her to come to St. Louis and get a place. She crossed the river and walked around the streets near the levee for an hour or so, then she became ill.

Having nowhere to go the girl dropped on the street when no longer able to stand and there the officers discovered her. She could not tell how long she had lain on the ground.

The nurses got her story by repeated coaxing. The girl soon relapsed into an unconscious condition and remained so all night. Monday morning she was still unconscious.

CHRISTIAN MISSIONARY MEETS.

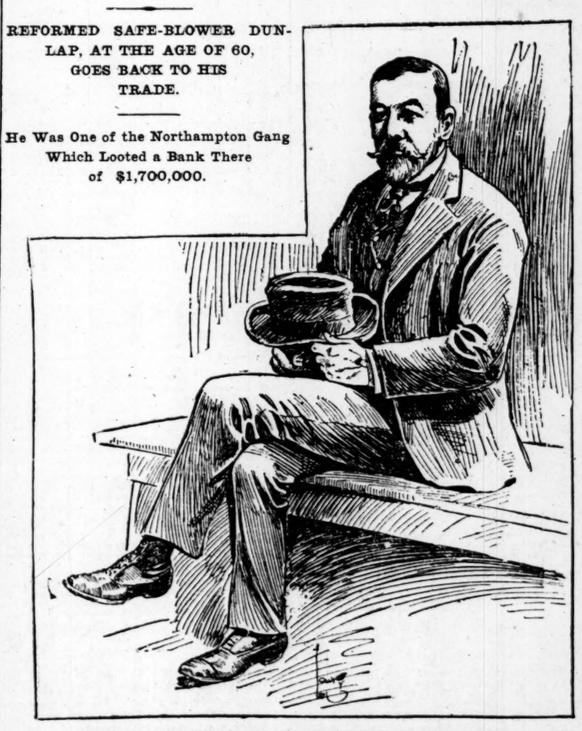
Rev. and Mrs. G. N. Eldridge Conducting Services in Old Second Presbyterian Church.

A small congregation in the old Second Presbyterian Church at Eighteenth and Locust streets Sunday afternoon attended the first of a series of meetings conducted by Rev. and Mrs. G. N. Eldridge of Indianapolis. Mr. Eldridge is superintendent of the work in Missouri, Indiana and Illinois for the Christian Missionary Alliance.

KING AMONG BANK ROBBERS.

REFORMED SAFE-BLOWER DUNLAP, AT THE AGE OF 60, GOES BACK TO HIS TRADE.

He Was One of the Northampton Gang Which Looted a Bank There of $1,700,000.



JAMES DUNLAP, KING OF SAFE BLOWERS.

CHICAGO, April 9.—James Dunlap, who with a gang of safe-blowers, startled the world by looting a bank at Northampton, Mass., of $1,700,000, has been connected with the robbery of the Pate Bank at Hoopeston, Ill., according to Capt. Colleran. Something over $3000 was taken. Dunlap has been taken back to Hoopeston for trial.

The Chicago police had supposed Dunlap had quit his criminal pursuits and settled down to pass his old age in honest living. He is 60 years old, dresses very neatly, and has every appearance of a well-to-do man.

When his last term in the penitentiary expired a couple of years ago Dunlap came to Chicago and started a saloon at Twenty-first street and Wabash avenue. He professed to have "quit the business for good." Detectives and police officers admired him for his shrewdness. They have dropped into his buffet day after day and were on friendly terms with him. But it appears that Dunlap has taken trips out of the city at different times. There have been numerous bank robberies in the small towns within a radius of 100 miles of Chicago in the past year. It is estimated half a million dollars would not more than cover the total booty. Meanwhile Dunlap has lived in gorgeous style in a commodious flat at 2252 Wabash avenue. These apartments are furnished exquisitely with the costliest bric-a-brac. It is said Dunlap must have spent $3000 in decorating the rooms.

Dunlap's arrest was effected by Detectives Conick, O'Keefe, Cullhane and Murtaugh of Central Station. A stylishly dressed housekeeper answered the door bell. The woman shrieked and fought desperately when she discovered the callers were police officers. She was quickly overpowered. The detectives sat down and waited for the veteran cracksman to return. They did not suspect that he would come direct from successful operations in the country. Dunlap entered the flat with his latchkey at 4 o'clock. He had a black satchel, containing a full set of finely wrought steel drills, which he had used on the vault at the Pate Bank early that morning. He was extremely cool when the officers pounced upon him and deprived him of his revolver.

BURIAL OF DAVID W. CARUTH.

Many St. Louisans Attended the Interment at Louisville.

LOUISVILLE, Ky., April 9.—The remains of Major David W. Caruth were buried in Cave Hill Cemetery Sunday afternoon. The new-made mound was covered by a profusion of flowers. The services of the Knights Templar were read at the grave.

The funeral party arrived from St. Louis on a special car. They were met at Union Depot by the members of Louisville Commandery No. 1, Knights Templar, and members of George B. Eastin Camp of United Confederate Veterans. The body was taken directly to the cemetery from the train. The Louisville pallbearers were: Thomas Timberlake and Stuart R. Young, representing the Knights Templar, and John W. Green and John B. Pirtle, representing the Confederate Veterans. From St. Louis the pallbearers were: W. J. Stone, G. H. Goddard, Major Thomas Shannon, Capt. E. E. Creecy and Harry Hawes.

The honorary pallbearers were: George H. Goddard, S. W. Cobb, J. G. Prather, D. R. Francis, James Bannerman, M. C. Wetmore, F. J. Lutz, W. C. Jones, R. H. Kern, W. J. Stone, Patrick Burns, W. H. Lee, J. S. Walsh, J. P. McGinn, N. A. McMillan, Will Bacon, Frank Shapleigh, Charles Clark, M. J. Burns, E. S. Puller and John C. Meeks.

The large number of floral tributes sent from St. Louis were supplemented by many designs from Louisville friends.

BROKE HIS JAW.

Christ Senn Badly Beaten and Sent to the Hospital.

Christ Senn, 20 years old, a laborer of 218 Catlin street, is at the City Hospital with a badly fractured jaw. He says he met Samuel Brandt of 216 Catlin street about 8 o'clock Sunday evening on Catlin, near South Broadway, and an argument over an old grudge was begun. Brandt was accompanied by several other men. Senn alleges that the whole crowd attacked him, and he was knocked down. He does not know whether it was a kick or a fist blow that broke his jaw.

DR. CARRADINE WILL PREACH.

Former St. Louis Clergyman to Conduct Revivals at the Temple.

Dr. Beverly Carradine, formerly of St. Louis, will begin a series of revival meetings at the Temple, Beaumont and Locust streets, Wednesday morning at 10 o'clock. He will arrive from Chicago Wednesday morning and will be tendered a reception at the Lindell Hotel. He will preach at 10 o'clock in the morning and 7:45 in the evening daily.

Funeral of Mrs. Eliza B. Webster.—The funeral services of Mrs. Eliza B. Webster took place from the home of B. F. Jones, 5724 Theodosia street to Oak Hill Cemetery. Kirkwood, Sunday afternoon. She left several sons, all of whom are railroad men. All were present at the funeral except one.

IT MELTED STEEL LIKE WAX

Heat of 5400 Degrees Generated by a German Chemist in the Presence of Mr. Edison.

NEW YORK, April 9.—It is difficult for the mind to contemplate a temperature of 5400 degrees Fahrenheit, in which great bars of steel melts like a wax candle around a wick. This temperature, it was announced by those who made the experiment in Thomas A. Edison's laboratory at Orange, N. J., was generated by a new process.

Let no layman measure the heat of the sun at close range. The men who made this experiment measure the intensity of heat by the time it takes to melt a bar of steel of given resistance.

The experiment was made in Mr. Edison's presence by Louis Dreyfus of Frankfort-on-the-Main, who wished to demonstrate to the wizard the practicability of the process invented in Essen, Germany.

The process consists in the combustion of a certain chemical compound, in connection with powdered aluminum.

Mr. Dreyfus placed in a crucible a bar of steel six inches in length and half an inch n diameter. Pouring around it a teacupful of his chemical and pouring on this a small quantity of powdered aluminum, he touched a match to it and in an instant it blazed up, throwing out an intense heat. In less than 10 seconds by the watch the steel bar was completely melted.

Mr. Edison was delighted at the results and said the process was what he had been in search of for a long time. He ordered some of the chemical for further experiments.

Mr. Dreyfus said the process was now being used in the welding together of steel rails. By a simple chemical device the two chemicals, or rather the chemical and the aluminum, can be fed continuously at at desired point and the local application of the heat continued as long as desired.

It was agreed by the experts that the heat was 5400 degrees Fahrenheit.

CASTORIA For Infants and Children.
The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher

Women Who Work

These Letters Prove that Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound Makes Women Strong.

Two Letters from Mrs. Costa

"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:—I have decided to write and ask your advice in my case. I have been sick off and on for about eighteen years and have been doctoring with different doctors, also been to the hospital but got no relief. I am at present in bed with womb disease. I hope through you to find relief."—MRS. L. COSTA, Broderick, Cal., September 21, 1898.

"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:—I more than thank you for the advice given me in your first letter. I used Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and it did me more good than all the doctors. I am now a well woman and am able to do all my work and rest well at night. Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound is the best in the world."—MRS. L. COSTA, Broderick, Cal., August 1, 1899.

Two Letters from Mrs. Markert

"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:—I have fearful pain in lower bowels so I can neither stand or walk. I have a burning pain in right side of bowels and have pain when I lie down. Menstruation is very painful and has always been; am also troubled with leucorrhœa, pain in small of back and at times stinging pain in chest. Would like your advice in regard to my troubles."—MRS. MINNIE MARKERT, 166 Summit Ave., Hoboken, N. J., May 3, 1899.

"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:—I was very sick when I wrote to you two months ago. The doctors said I had inflammation of the womb and ovaries. I was in such pain that I could not walk, stand or sleep. I have now taken six bottles of Vegetable Compound, one box of Liver Pills and used three packages of Sanative Wash; also followed your advice in regard to other things and am feeling perfectly well and can do all my work."—MRS. MINNIE MARKERT, 166 Summit Ave., Hoboken, N. J., June 24, 1899.

Can Work All Day

"The doctor said my nerves were weak, blood impure. Was troubled with hands and feet swelling, also had leucorrhœa. I have taken six bottles of Vegetable Compound and feel well once more. I have gained twenty-seven pounds and am able to work all day in the store and do not feel tired when I get home at night."—PETRA M. LOYA, care of L. Wolfson, San Antonio, Texas.

Every woman knows some woman helped by

LYDIA E. PINKHAM'S VEGETABLE COMPOUND

Pure Water

is more essential than pure food. Most food is cooked. Water is a culture medium for Typhoid germs. They multiply and thrive in clear water.

Pasteur Germ-Proof Water Filter

holds back both germs and mud. A Filter that merely clarifies is of little worth. Ask your physician if the Pasteur Filter is germ proof. Ask your plumber for booklet, "Held Back."

"What's a million dollars—and Typhoid Fever?"

The Pasteur-Chamberland Filter Co.
DAYTON, OHIO, U. S. A.

TARR THE GREAT

Acknowledged by the Dental Profession to be the Greatest Painless Dentist in the world.

Until April 14 we have decided to make Gold Crowns, 22k., for..... $1

In order to introduce our new method of extracting teeth without pain, we will extract teeth FREE daily until above date.

Best Set of Teeth	$3.00
22k. Gold Crowns	$3 00
Pure Gold Crowns	75c up
Silver Fillings	25c

DR. TARR'S NEW DENTIER CO.,
PAINLESS DENTISTS.
N. E. Cor. Sixth and Locust.
Entrance, 523 Locust St.

Save Money. Avoid Pain.

TEETH EXTRACTED WITHOUT PAIN.

Acknowledged to be the easiest and best painless extractors in St. Louis.

Until April 9 we have decided to make our best sets of teeth for $3.00.

SET OF TEETH....$3 00 GOLD FILLINGS...$1 up
Best Teeth (S.S.W) $ 00 SILVER FILLINGS..50c
22k. GOLD CR'NS..$ 00 BRIDGEWORK.....$4 00

No charge for extracting when teeth are ordered. A written guaranty for ten years with all work.

National Dental Parlors, Olive Street.
720
Open daily till 9 p. m. Sundays all day.

Dr. Lyon's

PERFECT

Tooth Powder

AN ELEGANT TOILET LUXURY.

Used by people of refinement for over a quarter of a century.

Dr. T. G. COMSTOCK,

3401 Washington avenue, says: "I have had occasion to prescribe your Geneva Lithia Mineral Water many times for the past six months, and I esteem it very highly as a most excellent alterative and tonic, useful in a variety of diseases. I have given it with good results in gastric affections, such as Catarrh, of the Stomach, for Rheumatic attacks, Diabetes and for Lithaemia. I have used it myself as a table water, and I know of no other water so refreshing as Geneva Water." Depot 714 Pine st.

Thrown From a Car.—Mrs. William Scarry received painful injuries by being thrown from a street car platform at Choteau and Tamm avenues at 8:45 o'clock Sunday night. She was standing on the rear platform preparing to leave the car when it gave a sudden start and she was thrown forward, alighting on her face. Several teeth were knocked out, her wrist was sprained and her right hip was injured.

Death of Baron Inchiquin.

LONDON, April 9.—Baron Inchiquin (Edward Donoghu O'Brien) is dead. He was born in 1833.

MOTHER KILLED WHILE SHE SLEPT.

Murder of Mrs. Charles Buechert at De Soto.

HER HUSBAND IS MISSING.

THE CRIME DISCOVERED BY TWO LITTLE CHILDREN.

The Woman's Throat Had Been Cut, but Nothing Indicating a Reason for the Crime Can Be Found.

Written for the Post-Dispatch.

DE SOTO, Mo., April 9.—A horrible murder occurred in this city last night, and was not discovered until a late hour this morning, when the screams of two little girls attracted the attention of neighbors to the house, where they discovered the dead body of Mrs. Charles Buechert lying in bed with her throat cut. Every circumstance indicated that she was murdered while asleep. Her husband was missing, and upon investigation all his personal effects and clothing were also missing.

Buechert is a German and in the employ of the railroad shops here, and as far as known he and his wife were happily married. They entertained friends until 9 o'clock last night, and Buechert, who was quite a musician, played most all evening upon the violin and was exceedingly pleasant.

He was the third husband of the dead woman, and the two little girls who discovered their dead mother were his stepchildren. No reason can be given for the crime. Sheriff Long and deputies are looking for the missing husband.

OWEN LAVIN DRANK THE LYE

Thought It Was Water, and Gastritis Followed, Causing His Death.

Gastritis, following the drinking of a lye solution by accident, caused the death of Owen Lavin, 25 years old, a gas-fitter, who lived at 1425 Spruce street. Such was the Coroner's verdict Monday.

March 22 was the birthday of Thomas Lavin, the brother of Owen. The brother says that Owen drank some beer that day in celebration of the event. Later in the day he called on some friends, John Miller and family, at 1514 Clark avenue. Mr. and Mrs. Miller went to the attic for something and Mary, the daughter, remained in the kitchen with Lavin. They had been eating some lunch. Lavin got drowsy and sat down on the window sill and fell asleep. After a time he got up and went to the range. A tomato can was a box of lye, covered with water.

Lavin drank the water before Miss Miller had time to warn him. The water was a strong lye solution.

Lavin was taken to the City Hospital suffering fearful agony. His throat and stomach were terribly scalded. For several days he received treatment at the hospital and so far recovered that he was able to walk home on March 26.

It is said that he drank a few glasses of beer after reaching home and this aggravated the injuries to his stomach. Lavin had to take to bed again. He died Saturday.

HE ATTEMPTED TO ESCAPE

Convicted Prisoner Dashed Out of the Criminal Court and Was Captured by a Policeman.

Albert Tafe, a young and powerful negro, made a desperate dash for liberty from the Court of Criminal Correction Monday at noon, and created much excitement before he was captured.

Tate had been tried before Judge Willis Clark on a charge of petit larceny and had been found guilty. As he was being led back to the cage he jerked away from Deputy Sheriff Busack and ran down the main aisle of the courtroom. The courtroom was crowded.

One or two of the spectators, who was in the hall, tried to stop the fugitive. They were knocked down and did not succeed in stopping him.

He jumped against the swinging doors and dashed out into the hall. Several deputy sheriffs were standing here, but they did not realize what was occurring until the negro was half way down the iron stairway.

Patrolman Charles H. Sidner of the Sixth Police District was standing at the bottom of the stairs. He stepped in front of Tate and grabbed him.

By this time Deputy Sheriff Busack had reached the stairway and took Tate into custody. Tate was taken back into the courtroom and Judge Clark instructed Sheriff Fohlmann to go for the Assistant Prosecuting Attorney and procure a warrant alleging an attempt to escape from the custody of an officer. A conviction on this charge will carry with it a penitentiary sentence.

FIFTY IRON WORKERS STRUCK.

Foundry Helpers Ask for an Increase in Pay.

Fifty men employed as helpers at the Shickle, Harrison & Howard Foundry, Twelfth street and Chouteau avenue, quit work Monday morning.

One of them reported to the Post-Dispatch that their demand for an increase of salary from $1.35 to $1.50 a day had been refused.

"The chances are against us," he said, "but we intend to stay out until some concessions are made to us. Others have received an advance in wages and we think we are entitled to the same recognition. No, I do not think the strike will be general, because the molders are satisfied with their wages and as we are not members of their union there is not much likelihood that they will join us."

GRAND JURY'S PARTIAL REPORT.

Indictments Returned Against A. B. Johnson and Others.

The April Grandjury made its first partial report in Judge Spencer's court Monday at noon. The report was brief and but few indictments were returned. One was against A. B. Johnson, alleging forgery. He was charged with having defrauded the Merchants-Laclede bank out of $1958 by means of a forged check.

Other indictments were: Burglary and larceny—William Doyle; assault with intent to kill—William Harrison and Arthur Payton; grand larceny—Louis Groh, Alphonse Rombeau, Charles Klinneman.

Charles Hodgman's Funeral.

The funeral of Charles Hodgman, who died Saturday afternoon at his home, 4336 McPherson avenue, will be held from the Central Presbyterian Church Tuesday afternoon at 2:30 o'clock. The two brothers of the deceased—George Hodgman of Minneapolis and W. J. Hodgman of Colorado—arrived Monday to attend the funeral.

THE MARKETS.

MERCHANTS' EXCHANGE, April 9, 1906.

A better tone prevailed this morning. Cables for wheat were stronger, giving the bulls some encouragement, which they were quick to take advantage of.

Prices advanced slightly in the early trade, but no violent changes were made. The feeling was better, but there was a lack of stimulating influences. Trade lacked confidence and at all times was cautious in its dealings, playing shy of any vigorous shiftings in price.

Though opening higher to-day, the wheat market later, oppressed by a weight of grain, sagged somewhat, but on a better demand being developed, it recovered some of the lost ground, and with occasional attacks, ruled strong during the early trade.

The increase in Northwestern receipts and local posttings up to the average were bearish, statistics acting as a damper on the spirits of bulls. To offset the influence of this class of news there were crop reports which were interesting reading. France sends but another report regarding the situation there. It is decidedly bullish in character, but on account of the amount of news of late coming from that quarter, it failed to have much effect. The Department of Agriculture reports the crop to be manifestly in much worse condition than in 1896. Though couched in a manner not calculated to excite traders, there is every evidence that this report does less than exaggerate the situation. The first report of French damage gave the loss as 15 per cent. Later another report placed damage at 20 per cent. These quite likely were entirely separate reports, in which case the damage to the crop would be 35 per cent. If the second report was simply a correction of the first it would not be so bad, but neither side of the market can afford to be hasty in forming an opinion, but must wait till some definite news is received.

Trade at present is naturally of a halting nature. The Government Crop Report will be out to-morrow, and although there may be little in it to interest the trader, it will probably give the true situation in the wheat States and uncertainty will be at an end.

Bullish news to-day was not confined to France alone; other imports reports were received. Austria and Hungary increase in their complaints. Indian area is reported 30 per cent below 1899, not over on-half average crop expected.

World's shipments, 9,867,000 bu, compared with 7,253,000 bu last week and 7,634,000 bu last year. The wheat on passage is now 40,560,000 bu, against 41,440,000 bu last week and 37,808,000 bu last year. Black Sea shipments, 632,000 bu. Imports wheat to United Kingdom, 776,000 bu, of which 160,300 bu came from Atlantic ports.

Receipts of wheat at St. Louis to-day were 27,800 bu, against 10,315 bu a year ago. Of these 382 sks and 36 cars were local, against 851 sks and 12 cars a year ago.

Receipts of wheat at Minneapolis and Duluth to-day were 608 cars, as compared with 427 cars same date last year.

May wheat was slow to open. July sold at 67¼c and at 37¾c, 67¾c, 67¾c, 67¾c and again at 67¾c. The English home-grown wheat now averages 4c higher than last year. The May price is 18c over us. The Liverpool stocks show a decrease of 56,000 bu.

Receipts of wheat at primary points to-day were 799,837 bu, compared with 524,000 bu same date last year. Shipments, 370,442 bu, compared with 102,000 bu same date last year.

Liverpool closed ¾d up for the day. Paris opened unchanged, but closed with an advance of 20 centimes, or 1c.

World's corn shipments, 4,994,000 bu, compared with 3,889,000 bu last week. Stock on passage, 10,080,000 bu compared with 8,760,000 bu last week and 9,616,000 bu last year. Receipts at St. Louis to-day were 500,000 bu, compared with 111,450 bu a year ago. Of these, 100 sacks and 459 cars were local, against 794 sacks and 94 cars the same day a year ago.

Cables had a restraining influence over to-day's market, also the heavy receipts were bearish factors. In spite of these facts a shorewell some improvement during the early hours. There was some strength in wheat, and this was communicated to corn, giving it some upward bias.

May opened with a bid of 38¾c. July sold at 39¾c, then at 39¾c, and later fell to 39¾c.

Receipts of corn at primary points to-day were 968,775 bu, as compared with 390,000 bu same date last year.

Shipments, 423,149 bu, compared with 187,000 bu same date last year.

The market to-day was not a wildly exciting one; there was not enough energy in the pit to give futures much strength.

Receipts at St. Louis to-day were 87,000 bu, compared with 66,000 bu the same day a year ago. Of these 72 cars were local, against 46 cars the same day a year ago.

Oats were dead to-day. Public interest was felt in the cereal by the pit. Futures attracted hardly any attention, and throughout the session made few sales and maintained an extensively narrow range.

May was bid 25¼c and July 24¾c.

The weakness in all futures came near the close of the session. Wheat and corn both showed material losses in spite of all the bullish news received during the session.

May wheat sold down to 70¾c, after going up to 71c. July rose to 68¾c and fell to 67⅝@67¼c. May corn sold up to 39¾c and down to 39¼c. July rose to 39⅝c and fell to 39¼c. May oats sold at 25¼c and at 25⅛c, while July did not open.

PIT GOSSIP.

Views of the Grain Markets by Prominent Traders.

Schwartz-Dupee to Oswald Graves.

Little interest is shown in wheat, the activity and excitement in corn and hog market products diverting attention from it. Receipts continue to exceed those of last year, and there is really an unsatisfactory demand, though the world's supply is up 3,837,000 bu of wheat and flour, against 3,385,000 last year. Argentina shipped 2,336,000, against 1,656,000 a year ago, making 27,296,000 since Jan. 1, against 15,032,000 in 1899. Northwestern receipts come largely from interior elevators, they losing 4,200,000 during March, against 2,000,000 in March 1899. Crop prospects are generally good for an enormous harvest.

The higher prices have developed more liberal marketings of corn by producers, and tended to curtail shipping and export demands. This week the nine primary Western points will get about 4,000,000 bu, against 2,279,000 the like week in 1899, an increase of very nearly 100 per cent. To counterbalance these is an increase in exports, 4,362,000 bu for the week, against 3,725,000 a year ago. Stocks of corn in the Bradstreet's visible are now 22,000,000 bu, against 44,000,000 in 1899, and 55,000,000 in 1898, but those two years' stocks were excessive. Former seasons generally show less than this year, and inasmuch as the 1899 crop was nearly as large as ever produced it is hardly to be that there will be any scarcity up to the new harvest.

To J. W. Sanford.

Sentiment was extremely bearish at the close on Saturday, especially on wheat, and lower were freely predicted. Crop news from Paris, in fact all foreign crop news, appear to be bullish in its character and calibre reflect same in a degree, being up ¾ at Liverpool and about ½c advance at Paris. With this in view a higher range of values should result. Bradstreet's weekly report and news from India are a couple of the attractive features and our bonus crop news is likely to cause some appreciation before long.

Chicago—Seaboard exporters wire us as follows: "Cables come slowly this morning and are featureless, for we made liberal offers Saturday, but no acceptances. Wanted to do some business this week but don't start proper."

Ten cargoes wheat for sale off English coast, against 9 Saturday.

Broomhall cables: Another decrease in the world's shipments of about 1,000,000 bu, light offerings from America and a further decrease in the weekly stocks were the cause of the firmness in this market to-day.

Corn opened at declines of ¼d reflecting the easier feeling in the Western markets on Saturday, while the larger world's shipments also had a depressing tendency. Later the tone improved somewhat in sympathy with the advance in wheat.

On any weak spot would buy both wheat and corn.

It looks as if Argentine influence is more than discounted and Europe is getting ready to buy wheat here.

London—Spot wheat—Off coast, nothing doing; on passage, rather easier; 3d cheaper. Corn—Off coast, nothing doing; on passage, rather easier; early 1d and steadier.

Chicago—Grain brought to Chicago by the Western roads during March aggregate 21,008 cars, a decrease from February of 1608 cars; March was greater than any since 1890. The gain over March, 1899, was 7044 cars.

By Bennett & Wasserman.

The concensus of opinion at this time is decidedly bearish, and rightly so. What, with an increase in the visible and a steady falling off in the spot demand for the grain, and the same reasons for a decline which were predominant last week, there is no reason why a shading off in prices should not result within the next few days, as it eventually must, unless there is a short scare before the time for the drop arrives.

The Russian shipments were the bull card today, and the strength caused by the decrease in these shipments was immediately reflected in the American markets. And then private cables stated that severe storms were raging throughout Austria, occasioning great damage to crops, and this materially helped the bullish side.

On the prospect of a million bu increase in the visible supply, John Cudahy sold about 100,000 bu in the Chicago market. Charles Smith followed with about the same amount, and Friedman and Dunn were the other heavy sellers.

There was smaller buying of corn to-day than has been seen in more than a week. Opinions of the best-posted traders were to the effect that, for the present, the market is liable to be a little weak, though there will be an ultimate advance in the price of the cereal, should present conditions prevail for the next few weeks.

Stocks of Grain in St. Louis Elevators.

	To-day.	Saturday.	Year ago
Wheat	601,788	613,723	612,660
Corn	1,313,679	1,286,703	748,892
Oats	206,058	197,842	57,252
Rye	5,851	5,851	1,899
Barley	5,432	5,412	18,192
No. 2 red wheat	373,504	377,440	37,584
No. 2 hard	49,882	49,882	100,882
No. 2 mixed corn	751,642	702,251	655,455
No. 2 hard	379,060	398,751	40,207
No. 2 mixed oats	153,833	149,710	26,821
No. 2 rye	3,751	3,751	1,228

Western Movements of Grain.

PLACE.	Wheat. Rec.	Wheat. Ship.	Corn. Rec.	Corn. Ship.
St. Louis	27,800	14,040	500,050	74,235
Chicago	68,580	183,803	272,350	258,447
Toledo	6,660	36,000	85,000	69,000
Detroit	1,000	667	8,586	7,867
Kansas City	112,700	25,200	47,600	11,900
Milwaukee	30,800	29,800	4,250	3,700
Minneapolis	377,600	44,520	12,450	.....
Duluth	174,637	46,612	29,689	.....

Western Flour Movement.

	Receipts.	Ship'ts.
St. Louis	7,640	6,847
Chicago	39,080	54,947
Detroit	400	400
Milwaukee	10,500	2,625
Minneapolis	.....	35,567

Export Movements of Grain.

PLACE.	Receipts. Barrels.	Receipts. Sacks.	Shipments. Barrels.	Shipments. Sacks.
New York	57,350	.....	104,325	16
Baltimore	38,912	.....	127,666	180,300
Philadelp'a	4,722	139,274	139,502	50,281
Boston	25,916	.....	19,277	.....
Galveston	19,488	.....	4,200	.....

Export Flour Movement.

PLACE.	Receipts. Barrels.	Receipts. Sacks.	Shipments. Barrels.	Shipments. Sacks.
New York	19,012	41,071	1,402	2,500
Baltimore	19,119	.....	6,327	.....
Philadelp'a	.....	.....	.....	400
Boston	2,570	.....	.....	31,523

Sample Market Prices.

	To-day.	Saturday.	Year ago.
WHEAT.			
No. 2 red	73	73	75 @75¾
No. 3 red	71 @72	71 @72	72 @74½
No. 4 red	65 @66	68	67 @67
No. 2 hard	.....@66	.....	69
No. 3 hard	61½@64	66	66 @67
No. 2 spring	66	66	68 @69
No. 3 spring	63½	65	66
No. 4 spring	60	.....	.....
CORN.			
No. 2 mixed	40	40	35
No. 2 white	40	40¾	35¼@36
No. 3 mixed	40	40	32½@33¾
No. 2 yellow	40	40	35
No. 3 white	41	41	.....
OATS.			
No. 2 mixed	26	26	29
No. 2 northern	26	26¾	29
No. 2 white	25½	25½	30½@31
No. 3 white	27½@27¾	28	29@30¾
No. 4 white	27½@27¾	27½	29¼@29¾
No. 3 mixed	25¾	25¾	28½
No. 4 mixed	24½	24½	28 @28½

Future Prices.

	Closing (Saturday.)	Highest To-day.	Lowest To-day.	Closing To-day.
WHEAT.				
May	70¾ b	71	70¾	70½b
July	67⅝@67¼b	68¾	67⅝@67½	67⅝b
CORN.				
May	38⅝a	39	38¾	38¼b
July	39⅝b	39¾	39¼	39 b
OATS.				
May	25¼b	25¼	25¼	25 a
July	24 @24⅛b	.....	.....	24⅝@24⅞a

Chicago Markets.

	Closing (Saturday.)	Highest To-day.	Lowest To-day.	Closing To-day.
WHEAT.				
May	66½	67⅜	66⅜	66⅞@67 b
July	67⅝@67¾	68⅝	67⅝@67⅞	68⅛@68¼
CORN.				
May	39⅞@40	40¼	39¼	39⅝b
July	40⅜	41¼	40	40⅛@40¼a
OATS.				
May	24⅜	25	24½	24½
July	24¼@24⅜	24½@24⅝	24	24 @24⅛
PORK.				
May	$12.70	$12.97	$12.80	$12.80 b
July	12.75	13.00	12.85	12.90
LARD.				
May	6.65	6.82	6.77	6.80@6.82
July	6.75	6.95	6.87	6.92 a
RIBS.				
May	7.02	7.20	7.10	7.12
July	6.82	7.00	6.90	6.95 b

Chicago Close.

CHICAGO, April 9.—April, 66¾c n; May, 66⅞@67c b; July, 68⅛@68¼c. Corn—April, 38⅝c n; May, 39⅝c b; July, 4½@40¼c a. Oats—April, 24c n; May, 24½c; July, 24@24¼c. Flax—Northwest, $1.72; Southwest, $1.72 b; May, $1.72 b; Sept., $1.24.

HAY.

Receipts—Local, 525 tons, through, 306; shipments, 506. Market firm; receipts fair; choice timothy, $12.50@13; No. 1, $11@11.50; No. 2, $10@10.50.

Clover—No. 1, $10.50@11; other grades dull, selling from $8@11; clover mixed, from $8@11, owing to color and amount of mixture.

STRAW.

Wheat, $5; rye, $7.50.

BRAN—Sacked, 72½c, East Side; 74c this side at the mill.

CASTOR BEANS—Steady at $1.12 per bu. for prime.

FLOUR.

Patents	$3 45@3 60
Straights	3 20@3 30
Clears	2 50@2 90
Low and medium grades	2 00@2 30
Red dog	1 35
Whole meal, hominy and grits	2 35
Cornmeal	2 00@2 05
Rye flour	2 95@3 20

BUCKWHEAT FLOUR—$3@3.25.

GRASS SEEDS—German millet at $1.15@1.85; mixed millet at $1; Hungarian at 70c; timothy at $2@2.20; prime timothy at $2.50; clover at $2.50 for poor to $7.50@8 for clean bright; redtop—chaff at 30@60c; poorly cleaned original seed at 3½c; prime to choice in chaff at $4; fancy at $7.50; onion sets, $3.

Flaxseed nominally at $1.69.

KAFFIR CORN—$1.10@1.20, nominally.

PROVISIONS.

LARD—Choice, $6.60; prime, $6.55.

PORK—New, $12.70; old $13.

DRY SALT—Shoulders, 7c; extra shorts, 7¼c; clear ribs, 7¾c; clear sides, 7¾c.

BACON—On orders, boxed lots—Shoulders, 7½c; extra shorts, 8c; clear ribs, 8¼c; clear sides, 8¼c.

BEEF—Mess, $9 per bbl.; Fulton, $9 50@10.

SUGAR CURED HAMS—10¾@11¾c.

LEAD AND SPELTER.

LEAD—$4.35@4.60.

SPELTER—$4.42½.

ON THE STREET.

Post-Dispatch quotations are for carload lots in first hands unless otherwise quoted. Butchers, drovers and market men buy selected stock and pay higher prices.

FRUITS.

APPLES—Market active; good demand for choice fruit. Ben Davis, $3.75@4; Greenings and Russets, $2.50@3.70; Baldwin, $2.75@3.75; Genitings, $2.50@3.25.

LEMONS—New Messina, $3@3.50.

ORANGES—California navels, $2.75@3.50; seedlings, $2.50@2.75.

BANANAS—Port Limon, $1.75.

COCOANUTS—$3.25 per sack, or $5 per 100.

STRAWBERRIES—Texas, 20@25c per quart box; Florida, 20@28c.

CALIFORNIA PEARS—$2.75@3 per 40-lb box.

PINEAPPLES—Havana, $3 per dozen.

DRIED FRUITS—Prices low and demand poor. Evaporated rings, average receipts, 4@5c; skins, ½@¾c; sun-dried apples, 3@4c for fair to choice.

VEGETABLES.

CELERY—California, $4@4.50 per crate; fancy, 65@75c per bunch.

LETTUCE—New Orleans, $2@3 per bbl.

SHALLOTS—New Orleans, 15@20c per dozen bunches.

SWEET POTATOES—Home-grown, $3.25 per bbl. for red and yellow.

MUSHROOMS—40@50c per lb.

PEPPERS—Choice Florida, $3@4 per 6-basket crate.

SPINACH—New Orleans, 25@40c per dozen bunches.

CUCUMBERS—New Orleans, 60c@$1.25.

PARSNIPS—$1@1.25 per bbl.

SOUP BUNCHES—25@35c per bbl.

TURNIPS—Cabbage, 75c per bbl.

RUTABAGAS—42½@45c per bu.

BEETS—Louisiana, $2@2.25 per bbl.; Louisiana, 25@30c per dozen bunches.

CARROTS—40c per dozen bunches.

STOCK PEAS—Firm at $1.25 per bu for whippoorwill.

RADISHES—New Orleans, 30@40c per dozen bunches.

CABBAGE—California, $2.50 per crate.

POTATOES—Burbank, 35c; Michigan Rural, 41c.

PARSLEY—New Orleans, 20c per dozen bunches.

SAUERKRAUT—¼ bbl, $1.65; per bbl, $3.40.

HORSERADISH—New home-grown, $6.50 per bbl.

STRING BEANS—$4@4.50 per bu box.

EGG PLANT—Choice Florida, $4.50 for tomato crates.

TOMATOES—Florida, $2.50@3 per six-basket crate.

CAULIFLOWER—$3 per crate for California.

ONIONS—Yellow Globe, 35@75c a bu; red globe, 75@90c a bu.

GREEN ONIONS—Alabama, 80c and Arkansas 20c per dozen bunches.

ASPARAGUS—Home-grown, $1.25@1.75 per dozen hand bunches; Choice Florida, $4@4.50 per bu box.

GREEN PEAS—$3 per bu box.

BUTTER AND CHEESE.

Butter—Steady and a fair trade; supply fair.

Creamery—		Dairy—	
Extra	23	Firsts	16 @18
Firsts	20	Extras	19
Seconds	18 @19	Store packed	13 @14
Ladle packed—		Grease	4 @ 5
Extras	18½	Process—	
Firsts	17 @18	Extras	19

CHEESE—Firm. Full cream, twins, 11¾@12c; singles, 12c; Y. A., 13c; Illinois—Twins, twibbe, singles, 9@10c; Y. A., 9½@10c; New York full cream, 12½c; Limbergers, 11½@12c; Swiss, 15@16c; brick, 11½@12c.

EGG MARKETS.

NEW YORK, April 9.—Market firm. Receipts, 24,568 cases. Sales at 12¾@12¾c for Western stock and 12@12¼c for Southern.

St. Louis—Receipts, 10,195 cases; shipments, 2160. Sales at 9¾c loss off.

GAME.

Quotation for undrawn birds. Drawn, 25c per doz lower.

Sandpiper, 25c; jacksnipe, $1.40; frog legs, $1.75.

LIVE POULTRY—Old roosters, 8½c; mixed, chickens and hens, 8c; ducks, 8c; geese, 5½@6c; turkeys, 9c; pigeons, 75c per dozen.

DRESSED POULTRY—Receipts light; little demand. Young chickens, 8@9c; lowest price for heads and legs on turkeys, 10@11c; geese, 6@6½c; ducks, 9c.

ROASTING PIGS—$1@1.25 per head.

VEALS—Dull, 5@6c for small fat; heretics, 3@3½c.

LAMBS—4½@5c for fancy fall lambs; spring, 7@8c.

WOOL

Market steady.

Missouri, Illinois, etc.—	
Medium, combing	23
Medium clothing	22
Braid and low	19 @21
Light and fine	17 @18
Hurry	16 @17
Hard burry	13 @14
Burry and clear mixed	18 @19
Iowa, Wisconsin—	
Dark	18 @19
Bright and medium	21
Fine medium	18 @19
Fine	14 @17
Texas, Indian Territory and Southern—	
Medium	20 @21
Fine medium	16 @19
Coarse and low	15 @16
Kansas, Nebraska and Western—	
Bright medium	20 @21
Fine medium	17 @18
Light fine	16 @18
Heavy fine	13 @14
Burry	13 @14
Dakota and Western—	
Bright medium	20 @21
Dark medium	18 @18
Fine medium	16 @18
Light fine	16 @17
Heavy fine	13 @14
Arkansas—	
Medium	22
Burry	15 @18
Hard burry	8 @13
Tubwashed—	
Choice	33
Fair	25 @28
Burry	23 @28
Black	3@6c less than above

HIDES, ETC.

Green salted—	
Missouri and Illinois	8¼
Arkansas and Southern	8
Dry flint, heavy Texas	17¾
Dry flint, average Texas	17½
Arkansas and Tennessee	17½
Southern	17½
Dry salted	16
On selection—	
Green salted No. 1	8¾
Green salted No. 2	7¾
Dry salted No. 1	14½
Dry salted No. 2	13½
Dry flint, No. 1	18
Dry flint, No. 2	16½
DEERSKIN, ETC—Deerskin quotable at 24c per lb for prime; Texas at 30c. Antelope, 15c; goatskin, 25@35c each.	24c

SHEEP PELTS—Market quiet; full wooled, 60@$1; lambs and shearings, 25@50c; dry shearings, 15@20c; fallen pelts, 10@12c per lb, according to quality and condition.

FURS—Very strong; in active demand; all description wanted; movement large.

Mink—No. 1 large, 90c@$1; medium, 70c; small and seconds, 50c; No. 3, 25c; No. 4, 10c; Skunk—Prime, as to size, black, 90c@$1; short stripe, as round, 30@40c; Territory do, 35@50c. All blue or nuprime less. Opossum—No. 1, 35c; No. 2, 20c; open, 10c. Wild cat, 20@30c. Civet cat, 20@25c. House cat, 10c. Wolf—Prairie, 60c; timber, 50@$1.50. Red fox—No. 1, $2.00; No. 2, $1.00; No. 3, 50c; No. 4, 20c. Gray fox—No. 1, 60c; No. 2, 40c; No. 3, 20c; No. 4, 10c. Otter—No. 1, large, $8.00; No. 1 medium, $6.50; No. 2, $5.50; No. 3, $3.00; No. 4, $1.50. Bear, $1.00@12.00. Beaver, $1.00@6.00. Muskrat, 5@10c. Badger, 75@25c. Raccoon sells, according to different grading, as follows: No. 1, large, 70c; No. 1 medium, 45c; No. 1 small and No. 2, 30c; No. 3, 20c; No. 4, 10c.

FEATHERS—Firm; small sks, 48c; large sks, 46c; geese, 3@4c; white, 4@5c; mixed, 2@3c; 28@32c; XX, 21@22c; XXX, 18@19c; XXXX, 8@10c. Chicken—Dry picked, 5½c. Duck—Dark at 27@30c; white, 30@32c.

BEESWAX—Prime, 25½c.

TALLOW—Market firm; No. 1 oil bbls, 4½c; No. 2, 4@4¼c.

SALT—65c@$1 per bbl East track.

WHISKY.

Market steady on basis of $1.25 for highwines.

MISCELLANEOUS MARKETS.

CIDER—$3.50 per bbl for inferior to $4.50 for choice sweet.

MAPLE SUGAR—8@10c per lb,-maple syrup at 75c per gal.

SORGHUM—In demand at 25@28c per gal for prime.

RAGS, OLD ROPE AND RUBBER—Rags, 90@$1 per 100 lbs. Old rope—No. 1, $1.50; No. 2, 50c. Old rubber, $7.

BROOMCORN—Scarce and firm. According to quality, $120@160 per ton.

WHITE BEANS—Market steady, $2.13 per bu for car load lots of hand-picked pea beans on track.

COOPERAGE—Slack work. Flour bbls, round hoops, 35@39c; flat hoops, 32@38c; half bbls, round meal bbls, 29c; produce bbls, 22c; lard tcs, $1.15@1.20; pork bbls, 90c per bbl this side, and 75@85c East Side.

BONES—Choice bleached, $16 per ton; other kinds, $12@16.

ROOTS—Ginseng at from $3.50 for small to $3.60@3.80 for large; lady slipper, 6c; Seneca, 30c; pink, 13½c; golden seal, 40@42c; May apple, 2@2½c; black cohosh, dry at 3@4c; dry at 2½c; angelica, 3@3½c; wahoo—bark of root, 8c; bark of tree, 2½@2½c; blood, 2½c; blueflag, 3c; skullcap leaves, 3½c for prime green; colosh, 2c.

CASTOR OIL—In barrels, per pound: No. 1 at 12c; No. 3 at 10c; small lots, ½@1c per pound more.

LINSEED OIL—Per gallon: Raw at 62c; boiled at 63c; 1c per gallon less in car lots.

COTTONSEED OIL—Summer yellow, 39c; white, 40c; winter yellow, 44c; white, 45c.

HONEY—Comb, choice white, 13@12½c per lb; fair, strained or extracted, in bbls, 6@6½c; in cans, 8c per lb higher.

DRIED GREEN PEAS—Ordinary jobbing at $1.80 per bu; Scotch, $1.35; split, $1.60.

COTTON.

LOCAL MARKET—Steady and unchanged; sales, 200 bales.

Ordinary	8 1-16c
Good ordinary	8 9-16c
Low middling	8 15-16c
Middling	9¼c
Good middling	9⅝c
Middling fair	9⅞c

Tinges and stains ⅛@⅜c below white.

WAREHOUSE STATEMENT, TO-DAY.

	1899-1900.	1898-99.
Net receipts to-day	6	74
Net receipts since Sept. 1	147,062	158,456
Net shipments to-day	405	1
Net shipments since Sept. 1	151,119	100,445
Gross receipts to-day	164	773
Gross receipts since Sept. 1	762,945	901,323
Gross shipments since Sept. 1	767,002	862,393
Stock on hand	90,749	83,088

NEW YORK—Spot, quiet and unchanged; middling, 9¾c; futures closed steady.

	Closing Saturday.	Highest To-day.	Lowest To-day.	Closing To-day.
April	9.30	9.39	9.32	9.35
May	9.30	9.37	9.32	9.37
June	9.28	9.34	9.30	9.32
July	9.27	9.33	9.28	9.32
August	9.18	9.25	9.20	9.23
September	8.40	8.46	8.14	8.17
October	8.10	8.16	8.14	8.17
November	7.96	8.01	7.99	8.00

LIVERPOOL—Spot in fair demand and prices 1-16d higher; uplands, 5 15-32d; sales, 10,000 bales; futures closed quiet; April, 5 20-64 b; April and May, 5 20-64d b; May and June, 5 17-64d s; June and July, 5 14-64d b; July and August, 5 12-64d s; Aug. and Sept., 5 8-64d s; Sept. and Oct., 4 48-64d b.

Spot Cotton Market.

Galveston—Quiet at 9¾c; receipts, 1488 bales.

Mobile—Nominally 9¼c; receipts, 295 bales.

New Orleans—Firm at 9¾c; receipts, 2308 bales.

Savannah—Quiet at 9¾c; receipts, 1362 bales.

Charleston—Firm at 9¾c; receipts, 123 bales.

Wilmington—Steady at 9c; receipts, 56 bales.

Norfolk—Dull at 9¼c; receipts, 374 bales.

New York—Quiet at 9¾c; receipts, 500 bales.

Baltimore—Nominally 9¼c; receipts, none.

Boston—Dull at 9¾c; receipts, 874 bales.

Philadelphia—Firm at 10c; receipts, 179 bales.

Memphis—Steady at 9¾c; receipts, 471 bales.

Houston—Steady at 9¾c; receipts, 944 bales.

Augusta—Quiet at 9¾c; receipts, 1078 bales.

LIVE STOCK.

National Stock Yards.

NATIVE CATTLE—Receipts, 700; market strong.

SALES.

		Av.	Price.
60 steers		1261	$5 15
22 steers		928	4 65
22 steers		928	4 50
11 steers		688	4 35
20 steers		801	4 25
21 steers		569	4 25
24 steers		613	4 10
4 stags		465	3 90
1 heifer		510	3 50
1 yearling		410	4 35
4 cows		995	3 80
1 calf		120	7 00
1 cow and calf			40 00

TEXAS CATTLE—Receipts, 1500; market a shade higher.

SALES.

		Av.	Price
20 steers		1220	$4 85
40 steers		1170	4 65
82 steers		1033	4 50
25 steers		850	4 45
25 steers		958	4 45
25 steers		808	4 35
22 steers		893	4 30
282 steers		840	4 10
23 mixed		850	4 10
3 cows		1020	3 75
2 oxen		780	3 00

SHEEP—Receipts, 4200; market steady.

SALES.

		Av.	Price.
44 spring lambs		46	$7 50
5 spring lambs		34	4 50
7 lambs		90	7 00
262 Texas sheep		63	5 00
126 Texas sheep		77	5 60
48 native		101	5 00
7 bucks		107	5 00

HOGS—Receipts 5300; market opened 5c higher.

No.	Av.	Price.	No.	Av.	Price.
52	287	$5 02½	70	253	$5 07½
22	218	5 05	84	203	5 05
71	219	5 05	88	198	5 05
6	245	5 05	5	230	5 05
8	234	5 05	60	178	5 05
7	165	5 05	6	225	5 05
80	208	5 05	21	205	5 05
8	190	5 05	12	193	5 05

SITUATIONS WANTED—MALE.
20 Words or Less, 5 Cents

BAKER—Baker; reliable all-around workman wishes situation. Ad. T 1, Post-Dispatch.

BAKER—Baker, reliable home-made bread and cake baker, wishes situation. Ad. T 4, Post-Dispatch.

BAKER—Situation wanted as baker; first or second hand; city or country. Ad. T 5, Post-Dispatch.

BAKER—Situation wanted by baker on bread and cake, in country; will take half interest in business if desired. Ad. E 158, Post-Dispatch.

BAKER—Sit. wanted by 1st hand baker; good on bread and cakes. 3027 N. Broadway.

BARTENDER—Desires first-class position; cafe or club; best New York references. W. E. Horne, 2710A Sheridan av.

BOOKKEEPER—Young man of 19 desires position as assistant bookkeeper or to do clerical work. Ad. E 5, Post-Dispatch.

BOOKKEEPER—Wanted, position by experienced young man as bookkeeper or assistant. Ad. L 5, Post-Dispatch.

BOOKKEEPER—Sit. wanted by an assistant bookkeeper; understands bookkeeping and safe-guard check system thoroughly; good penman. Ad. G 76, Post-Dispatch.

BOOKKEEPER—Sit. as bookkeeper or cashier by experienced accountant and office man, at moderate wages; refs. No. 1. Ad. P. O. Box 872, city.

BOY—Boy would like good place for room or board or anything else. Ad. B 5, Post-Dispatch.

BOY—Situation wanted by strong, reliable boy of 18, work of any kind; references. Ad. D 5, Post-Dispatch.

BOY—Bright boy, 16 years old, wishes to earn a good trade. Ad. Y 4, Post-Dispatch.

BOY—Situation wanted by boy, 16, to do any kind of work; can give best refs. Ad. M 116, Post-Dispatch.

CLERK—Wanted, sit. by young man with 10 years' experience as clerk or salesman; city refs. Ad. W 92, Post-Dispatch.

COACHMAN—Sit. wanted by middle-aged German as coachman in private family; care lawn, general work; thoroughly competent; city refs. Ad. D 100, Post-Dispatch.

COACHMAN—Sit. wanted by middle-aged man, 50, as coachman or gardener; in city or county; refs. Ad. H., 3634 Clark av.

COLLECTOR—Position wanted by young man of 24 as collector or driver; can furnish reference and first-class bond. Ad. F 5, Post-Dispatch.

COOK—Sit. as cook in private family or boarding house by young colored man; city references. 3721 Hickory st.

DISTRIBUTER—Wanted, steady job as circular and sample distributer by man of good habits; salary $15 per week and expenses; best of references. Box 237, Sumner, Ill.

DRIVER—Sit. by young married man; driving or outside work of any kind; five years with last employers; A1 refs. Ad. N 4, Post-Dispatch.

DRIVER—Wanted, by steady, sober, young married man, position as delivery driver, collector, porter or grocery clerk; good penman; best of city references; can also furnish small cash bond if required. Ad. P 6, Post-Dispatch.

ELEVATOR MAN—Position wanted by young man who has had 11 months' experience on rope elevator; can give recommendation from last employer. Ad W 5, Post-Dispatch.

GARDENER—Situation wanted as gardener, florist and care of stock; years of experience and the best of reference. Ad. F 4, Post-Dispatch.

MAN AND WIFE—Situation wanted by colored man and wife in private family; wife as cook, man as coachman. 2231 Scott av.

MAN—Situation by man to do work of any kind; reference. Ad. 2637 Morgan st.

MAN—Bright, industrious young man of 23 wishes employment of some kind; speaks German and English; city reference. Ad. P 5, Post-Dispatch.

MANAGER—Wanted, position as manager of some branch office; capable of appointing agents in or out of city; can give bond for $200 and good city refs. Ad. L 95, Post-Dispatch.

MAN—Situation wanted by married man of 26, stranger in the city; desires work of any kind. Ad. O 105, Post-Dispatch.

MAN—Wanted, sit. by young, handy man; can run trucks of any kind; handy in shipping room; willing to help in porter work; good references. Ad. P 82, Post-Dispatch.

MAN—Sit. wanted in grocery in St. Louis by married man of good character; salary to start, $10 per week; best of reference; one year's experience. Box 237, Sumner, Ill.

MAN—Situation wanted by young German to care for horse, cow, lawn and do housework. Ad. A 6, Post-Dispatch.

MAN—Situation wanted to do any kind of work; good reference given if necessary. Ad. G 5, Post-Dispatch.

MAN—Situation by German, 42, honest, industrious, sober, to take care of horses, cows, lawn, garden; handy with tools; references. Carl Gartner, 715 N. 6th st.

MAN—Situation wanted by honest, intelligent colored man, age 19; experienced porter and elevator conductor. Ad. R 4, Post-Dispatch.

NAILER—Situation wanted by young man as nailer in wholesale dry goods house. Call or ad. 9th Burger, 1007 N. Garrison; references.

OFFICE CLERK—Position by experienced young man as office clerk and stenographer; have experience in bookkeeping; best of references; chance of advancement. Ad. G 4, Post-Dispatch.

PAINTER—Sit. by experienced house painter to work by the day for private parties. 1325 N. 10th st.

PORTER—Situation wanted by first-class porter in barber shop. 2726 Locust st.

PORTER—Situation wanted as porter in drug store. Ad. T 946, Post-Dispatch.

PORTER—Situation wanted as drug store porter; colored; can give reference. Ad. C 209, Post-Dispatch.

SALESMAN—Wanted, position as traveling salesman on Tennessee River; can furnish good reference. Ad. O 5, Post-Dispatch.

SHIPPING CLERK—Wanted, position as shipping clerk or delivery driver or porter; 4 years' experience with last employer; bond if required. Ad. W 96, Post-Dispatch.

STENOGRAPHER—Situation wanted as stenographer, bookkeeper or office work; good refs. given. Ad. D 4, Post-Dispatch.

UPHOLSTERER—Upholsterer wants work by day or job. Address L 79, Post-Dispatch.

WAITER—Situation wanted by experienced waiter in hotel, restaurant or boarding house; refs. Ad. E 4, Post-Dispatch.

WINDOW DRESSER—Sit. wanted by window dresser; dry goods; expert card writer; modern methods; long city experience; moderate salary; in or out city. Ad. W 82, Post-Dispatch.

HELP WANTED—MALE.

BAKER WANTED—A first-class cake and pastry baker at once. Write the Bijou Bakery, Keokuk, Io.

BAKER WANTED—A young baker; also a young boy to work in shop. Bakery, 1200 Lafayette av.

BAKER WANTED—A good third-hand baker at once. 1319 St. Louis av.

BARBER APPRENTICE—Apprentice wants job Saturday night or Sunday. Ad. W 3, Post-Dispatch.

BARBER WANTED—Barber. 819 Chestnut st.

BARBER WANTED—Good barber, at once, 10 and 25. 2936 Market st.

BARBER WANTED—Good barber, 10c shop; steady work; bring tools. 1709 Franklin av.

BARBER WANTED—Good wages; steady job. 2002 S. Broadway.

BARBERS WANTED—Two first-class barbers at once. 823 Wash st.

BARBER WANTED—Good barber at once. 800 Carr st.

BARBER WANTED—Good steady barber. 111 S. 6th st.

BARTENDER WANTED—Bartender at 2000 De Kalb st.

BLACKSMITH WANTED—A good blacksmith to take charge of a country blacksmith shop; German; married man; sober and industrious. Inquire Sligo Iron Store Co., 845 N. 2d st.

BOY WANTED—Boy to work in baker shop; must be strong. A. Herberger, 1235 S. Broadway, city.

BOY WANTED—Boy to work in tin shop. 1858 Park av.

BOY WANTED—Small boy to do errands, at 307½ Pine st., 4th floor, room 31.

BOY WANTED—Boy, 14 years old, to work in lunch room. William Reckert, 53 Biddle market.

BOY WANTED—For physician; must live within walking distance 2700 Stoddard st., 2 blocks north of 27th and Wash.

BOY WANTED—Small boy; one who is willing to work. 1402 Olive st.

BOY WANTED—To strip tobacco in cigar factory. 308 N. 3d st.

BOYS WANTED—To try Harris' $1.98 shoes; made for good wear. 530 Pine st.

BOY WANTED—Errand boy. 620 Olive st. Landeryou Co., 3d floor.

BOY WANTED—Colored boy, 17 to 19 years, to work around house and yard; good home. 5408 Maple av.

BOY WANTED—In printing office to distribute; state experience and wages expected. Address M 169, Post-Dispatch.

BOY WANTED—Errand boy. 817 Franklin av., third floor.

BOY WANTED—Boy about 15 to do general work and run errands. Ad. W 4, Post-Dispatch.

BOY WANTED—Colored kitchen boy; room and board; $8 month. 2912 Washington av.

BOY WANTED—Boy. Apply room 213, 506 Olive st., C. F. Welek & Co.

BOY WANTED—Boy to feed press; will teach inexperienced boy. Thornton, 21 N. 8th st.

BOY WANTED—Colored boy to work around the house. 3429 Pine st.

BOY WANTED—Good boy of 15 or 16 in butcher shop. 724 N. Vandeventer.

BOY WANTED—Colored boy from 18 to 20 to assist in housework. 1015 Dillon st.

BOY WANTED—Dining room boy and chambermaid; colored; at once. 3414 Washington av.

BOY WANTED—Boy to learn. Bakery, 2203 S. 3d.

BUTCHER WANTED—Good butcher, with references. 1106 Bayard.

BUTCHER WANTED—Butcher, young man. 3207 Meramec st.

BUTCHER WANTED—Butcher, one capable of taking charge of shop. 1851 Biddle st.

CANDY MAKER WANTED — Experienced, all-round candy maker. Apply 516-518 Spruce st.

CARRIAGE PAINTER WANTED—At Uhlenhaut Bros.', 1322 Merchant st.

CARRIAGE PAINTERS WANTED—Two carriage painters and boy with experience, at once, at 1621 S. Jefferson av.

CAR STENCILERS, ETC., WANTED—At the American Car and Foundry Co., at St. Charles, Mo., two freight car stencilers and three freight car coulers. Apply in person and we will put you to work.

CLERK WANTED—Experienced hardware clerk; must have reference from last employer. 2338 Market st.

COAT AND VEST MAKERS WANTED—Coat and vest makers. Apply at once, 931 N. Broadway.

COMPOSITORS WANTED — Southeast corner Broadway and Olive st., room 31.

COOK WANTED—A good man cook for cheap restaurant business. 327 Market st.

COOK WANTED—Good allround man or woman cook. 103 N. 14th st.

COOK AND FARM HANDS WANTED—On my farm. C. H. Evans, 916 Locust st.

COOKS WANTED—Chef cook, sober, experienced, $11 weekly; second cook, sober and good broiler, $8 weekly. Saddle Rock Restaurant, 202 N. 8th.

COOK WANTED—Bright cook. 1040 N. Taylor av.

COOK WANTED—A good man cook for private boarding house. 1430 Mississippi av.

DISHWASHER WANTED—Colored boy to wash dishes. Apply to Hotel Beers.

DISHWASHER WANTED—Man dishwasher at Fritz's place, 2200 Pine st.

DRIVER WANTED—One-horse driver. Call at 411 S. Main st.

DRUG CLERK WANTED—Junior drug clerk, 1 or 2 years' city experience; references. Craemer, Easton and Euclid.

GARDENER WANTED—Experienced man who understands gardening and general farm work. Apply to 516 Walnut st.

KITCHEN MAN WANTED—Man to work in kitchen. 2328 Pine st.

LABORERS WANTED — Brickyard laborers. Christy Fire Clay Co., south end King's Highway street car line.

LABORERS WANTED—Apply at once. Shickle, Harrison & Howard, 12th and Papin sts.

MAN WANTED—Man to make himself useful around the kitchen. Bridge Hotel, 3d and Lucas.

MAN WANTED—Paper cleaner; only first class need apply; call 6:30 p. m. at 1242 N. 3d st., room 8.

MAN WANTED—$18 a week and expenses to energetic person to travel and appoint agents for our publications; no canvassing. Address, with references, R. H. Woodward, Baltimore.

MAN WANTED—Good, handy man in kitchen to act as 2d cook. 1426 Market st.

MAN WANTED—Single man to care for horses, cow and make himself generally useful. 18 N. Main st., East St. Louis.

MEN WANTED—Men on 2d and Salisbury sts. Carroll Contracting Co.

MEN WANTED—At the American Car & Foundry Co., at St. Charles, 8 coach builders and 2 inside finishers; come to St. Charles and we will put you to work.

MEN WANTED—Men to learn barber trade and represent us; can place 500 graduates at $60 after only eight weeks' experience; new field, no expense to learn if you work for us; can also supply positions on Pullman cars, hospitals, hotels, city and country shops; special advantages to those from distance. Write to-day. Moler College, 1141 Market st.

MEN WANTED—To stop at Grace Hotel, 414 Market; rooms 25c a day; $1.50 week and up.

MEN AND TEAMS WANTED—10 men and 5 teams, Tuesday morning, Taylor and Easton avs. M. Nolan.

MEN WANTED—Commercial travelers to take Advance Metal Polish as a side line; commissions are large; it is of every-day use in store, factory, office and every household; it will add $100 per week to the income of a salesman without interfering with his regular lines. Ad. for testimonials and terms to salesmen.
ADVANCE CHEMICAL MFG. CO.,
208 Olive st., St. Louis, Mo.

MEN AND TEAMS WANTED—Men and teams on Elm, between 6th and 7th sts. John A. Lynch.

METAL WORKERS WANTED—At 1416 N. Sarah.

PAINTER WANTED—Young man for painting. Call 2127 Franklin av.

PAINTERS WANTED—Carriage painters. 3329 Locust st.

PAPER HANGER WANTED—On a job in exchange for dentistry. 720 Olive st., fourth floor.

PAINTERS WANTED—Carriage painters, at Moran & O'Toole's, 413 Spruce st.

PAPERHANGER WANTED—First class. Apply J. M. Reed & Co., 514 N. Sarah st.

PAINTERS WANTED—Good house painters; state wages. Ad. H 272, Post-Dispatch.

PAPER HANGER WANTED—At 4238 Fountain av., or 2214 Cass av.

PORTER WANTED—An experienced German porter immediately. 700 N. 6th st.

PORTER WANTED—Colored, for hotel work. Mona House, 203½ N. 6th st.

PRIVATE diseases a specialty at Franklin Avenue Free Dispensary, 1214 Franklin av.

SALESMAN WANTED—Competent man to take charge of picture frame artists' materials department. J. E. Grant Co., Dallas, Tex.

SHOEMAKER WANTED—Experienced McKay and Standard screw operator. L. B. Joslin Shoe Co.

SHOEMAKERS WANTED—Two steady men, with tools; bench or jack. Wilson's, 1010½ N. 6th st.

TEAMSTERS, ETC., WANTED—Teamsters and laborers. Fruin-Bambrick Con. Co., Russell and Mississippi.

WHEELER-HOLDERS WANTED—Four men to hold wheelers. Apply near 3036 Hickory st., 6 o'clock Monday evening. John A. Lynch.

TEAMS WANTED—Pipe teams for wheelers, on Park av., between Vandeventer and Spring avs., on Tuesday morning. John A. Lynch.

TEAMS WANTED—Teams for wheeler work on Vandeventer and Vista avs.; $3.50 day. Carroll Contracting Co.

TIEMAKERS WANTED—20 tiemakers; 14c cash. L. T. Waggoner, Otterville, Ill.

TIEMAKERS WANTED—500 tiemakers at once; new works, unculled timber; 12c paid for making; healthy climate and pure water; prompt cash pay every two weeks; parties of five can secure reduced rates at Frisco Line City Ticket Office, A. McLeod & Co., Neosho, Mo., or Eureka Springs, Ark.

UMBRELLA MEN WANTED—Umbrella men; two steady men. Wilson's Union Umbrella Shop, 1010½ N. 6th st.

UPHOLSTERER WANTED—First-class upholsterer and one apprentice. 2707 Lafayette av.

WAITER WANTED—A good waiter. South Side Hotel, Broadway and Pestalozzi st.

WAITER WANTED—Immediately, colored man to wait on table and help with housework; must come prepared to remain; reference required. 3357 Morgan st.

WALL SCRAPERS WANTED—To-day. Kilber, 4230 Page av.

WOODWORKER WANTED—1st-class carriage woodworker; good job to right man. 3329 Locust.

STOVE REPAIRS

For every stove or range made in the United States to be had at A. G. BRAUER'S, 219 Locust st.

SALESMEN WANTED.
14 Words or Less, 20 Cents.

SALESMAN WANTED—Salesman for city; salary and commission; good opening to right party; refs. required; investigate. Conroy Bros., 1007½ Olive.

SALESMEN WANTED—2 first-class salesmen to travel South and sell a well advertised proprietary medicine to the trade, and make newspaper advertising contracts; none but gilt-edge salesmen of good appearance and address and who are well recommended need apply. Ad. A 6, Post-Dispatch.

PARTNERS WANTED.
14 Words or Less, 20 Cents.

PARTNER WANTED—Young man, sober, industrious, well educated; to handle news department of daily paper in city of 20,000; $1000 to $5000 interest will be sold. Ad. R 85, Post-Dispatch.

PARTNER WANTED—One with $100 and services in good paying office and mail order business; money secured; references exchanged. Call room 402, Holland bldg.

PARTNER WANTED—Partner with $275 in restaurant; clearing $150 monthly; rent $20. Ad. G 72, Post-Dispatch.

CANVASSERS AND SOLICITORS.
14 Words or Less, 20 Cents.

COLLECTOR WANTED—Collector, $10 month and board and commission. 1802 Kennet pl.

AGENTS WANTED.
14 Words or Less, 20 Cents.

A BIG offer to agents; see our latest premium; big com. on all tickets. Genelli, 923 Olive.

AGENTS WANTED—Agents, at once; best money maker in the market; pay every night; everything free, including Bryan's latest photo. Murillo, 1314 Olive st.

AGENTS WANTED—Manufacturer of patented novelties and specialties, in city few days, desires to meet competent men and women to appoint as traveling and general agents; three good selling novelties; 1 to 8 p. m. T. T. L., Edison Hotel, 107 N. 18th st.

AGENTS WANTED—Party used to school supplies and other novelties. The New Hiett M'ch's. Co., 1110-1112 N. Broadway.

AGENTS WANTED—Agent to handle fixtures for hotels and offices. The New Hiett M'ch's. Co., 1110-1112 N. Broadway.

AGENTS make $6 to $10 a day selling the cheapest and most perfect water filter ever invented. Retails at $1.50; big profit to agents; exclusive territory. Seneca Filter Co., Seneca, Mo.

AGENTS WANTED—25 agents; the best accident and sick benefit policy issued; liberal contract. St. Louis Life Insurance Co., Wrainwright Bldg.

AGENTS WANTED—Lady agents to sell new article to women Ad K 75, Post-Dispatch.

MAIL ORDERS.
14 Words or Less, 20 Cents.

TO ALL who long for greater wealth of purse and power of self, read "A Conquest of Poverty," by Helen Wilmans; paper, 50 cents, postpaid. Ad. John H. Johnson, 346 Fulton st., Pullman, Ill.

SITUATIONS WANTED—FEMALE.
20 Words or Less, 5 Cents.

COOK—Wanted, sit. by colored cook in private family; references. 1423 Lucas av.

COOK—Sits. by two reliable women; cook and laundress. Call 817 N. 21st st.

COOK—Situation wanted by 1st-class cook and assist in laundry; country preferred for summer; best refs. 700 N. 10th st.

COOK—Reliable colored woman wants place to work in private family; cook or do general housework. 1414 Taylor av.

COOK—Sit. wanted by colored lady; good refs. 2837 Morgan st.

DRESSMAKER—Sit. wanted by dressmaker to do sewing at home. Call at 3405 Manchester av.

DRESSMAKER—Dressmaker at 3043A Laclede av.; will do first-class work; charges reasonable.

DRESSMAKER—First-class dressmaker will work in families or take work home; $2 per day. 4337 Finney av.

DRESSMAKER—First-class dressmakes; desires few more engagements; $1.50 per day; references; no objections to suburbs. 1306 Webster.

GIRL—Situation wanted by colored girl to do housework and assist laundry work. 612 Marceau st.

GIRL—Sit. wanted by girl to work in bakery or coffee house; one who has experience. 116 N. 12th st.

HOUSEGIRL—Situation wanted by colored girl to do general housework; go home at night. 2941 Atlanta st.

HOUSEGIRL—Sit. wanted by girl of 15 to assist in housework; $2 week. 2727 Eugenia.

HOUSEGIRL—By neat colored girl, sit. to do housework. 2228 Lucas av.

HOUSEKEEPER—Wanted, position by young widow as housekeeper; or work for small family of adults; is good cook. Call at 205 S. Broadway.

HOUSEKEEPER—Sit. wanted as housekeeper or chambermaid in hotel or boat. Ad. B 1, Post-Dispatch.

HOUSEKEEPER—Situation wanted as housekeeper by widow lady of 30. Apply 916 Theresa av.; has some furniture that can be used.

HOUSEWOMAN—Woman wants to do general housework; home more than wages. 816 N. 21st.

HOUSEKEEPER—Wanted, sit. as working housekeeper for bachelor or widower; no objection to children; thorough housekeeper and cook. 2733A Franklin av.

HOUSEWOMAN—Woman who understands most all kinds of work desires place in family of 2; am a good plain cook; must be good place. 2023 Franklin av.; no letters or postals answered; good references.

HOUSEKEEPER—A young widow would like to keep house for a refined widower. Ad. A 4, Post-Dispatch.

HOUSEWOMAN—Sit. wanted by settled woman; thoroughly understands cooking, laundry and general housework. 2733 Franklin av.

LADY—Young lady would like reception room work in doctor's or dentist's office. Ad. G 80, Post-Dispatch.

LAUNDRESS—Situation wanted by 1st-class laundress; washing to take home. 813 N. Channing.

LAUNDRESS—Good laundress wants day work; also, colored girl wants housework. 1508 Chestnut st.

LAUNDRESS—Situation wanted by a reliable colored woman to do laundry work or any work by the day; send postal. Edith, 1706 Chestnut st.

LAUNDRESS—Situation by colored woman to do washing; go out or take home. 2516 Cass av.

LAUNDRESS—Situation wanted by respectable colored married woman to do laundry work out by day or take home. 2218 Lucas av.

LAUNDRESS—Situation wanted by 1st-class laundress for Tuesday and Wednesday. 2319 Walnut.

LAUNDRESS—White woman wants washing by the day, Monday or Tuesday; refs. Ad. M., 1958 Arlington av.

LAUNDRESS—Sit. wanted by colored lady to go out washing or bring home. 2611 Lucas av.

LAUNDRESS—Wants washing to take home, and lace curtains. Ad. 1013 Whittier st.

NURSEGIRL—Situation wanted by white girl as nurse or to assist with general housework. Ad. Y 3, Post-Dispatch.

NURSE—Wanted, a place to nurse by woman of 38; can furnish 1st-class refs. from her last place. Call or write Mary K., 1234 N. 14th st.

NURSEGIRL—Situation wanted by young girl as nurse; will take entire charge of baby. K. Cowley, 1234 N. 14th st.

STENOGRAPHER—Young lady desires position as stenographer; good in figures and penmanship; will work for moderate salary. Ad. E 84, Post-Dispatch.

WOMAN—Situation wanted by colored woman to do housecleaning. Ad. M 5, Post-Dispatch.

WOMAN—Situation wanted by woman of experience; nice cook and seamstress; trustworthy; best references. Apply 1105 N. 19th st.

WOMAN—Wanted, by good white woman, washing or house cleaning by day. Ad. Mrs. A. Klintz, 1210 Washington av.

WOMAN—Sit. wanted by first-class colored woman; laundry work, for Monday and Tuesday and washing to take home. 4038 Finney av.

HELP WANTED—FEMALE.
14 Words or Less, 10 Cents.
Business Announcements, 10 Cents Per Line.

CHAMBERMAIDS WANTED—Chambermaids and scrubgirls, at once. St. James Hotel.

CHAMBERMAID WANTED—First-class chambermaid. Normandy Hotel, 3870 and Franklin av.

COOK WANTED—Girl to cook and do downstairs work; easy place for a good girl. 4607 Cook av.

COOK WANTED—A Russian female cook. 1801 Division.

COOK WANTED—Good white cook and to assist with laundry; references. 3856 Delmar.

COOK WANTED—A cook at 2825 Chestnut st.

COOK WANTED—Middle-aged woman to cook. 2101 Clark av.

COOK WANTED—Good pay to a first-class cook; colored woman preferred. 2923 Washington av.

COOK WANTED—Good cook; no washing or ironing; good wages. 4129 Laclede av.

COOK WANTED—A reliable colored girl that knows how to cook. 5431 Cabanne av.

COOK WANTED—German girl to cook. 2120 Locust st.

DINING ROOM GIRL WANTED—Dining room girl to help in kitchen. 1231 Market st.

DINING ROOM GIRL WANTED—At 2604 N. Broadway.

DINING ROOM GIRL WANTED—Neat, experienced dining room girl. 2360 Olive st.

HELP WANTED—FEMALE.
14 Words or Less, 10 Cents.
Business Announcements, 10 Cents Per Line.

DRESSMAKER WANTED—Thoroughly experienced dressmaker, immediately. Call Tuesday morning, 2914 Dickson st.

GIRLS WANTED—Forty young lady apprentices at sewing rooms of Wright, Greene & Wilkinson's Shirt and Pants Department, 823 N. 8th.

GIRLS WANTED—Girls; experienced duck coat and overall makers. E. & W. Mfg. Co., 1403 S. 8th.

GIRLS WANTED—25 girls to sew on shop coats. 2346 Bismarck st.

GIRL WANTED—Experienced pants finisher. Apply 1011 Mound st.

GIRL WANTED—Young girl, 14 to 16 years old, to learn hair business and help in housework; must be German parentage and live at home. Apply at 1016 Franklin av.

GIRL WANTED—German girl, 13 to 16 years. 2611A St. Vincent av.

GIRL WANTED—Girl to help with cooking; good wages. At once. 2645 Lafayette av.

GIRL WANTED—Girl for kitchen work. 2333 Chouteau av.

GIRL WANTED—Girl to sew for dressmaker. Ad. H 5,, Post-Dispatch.

GIRLS WANTED—Girls to sew; 1st-class wages. Jokerst Mfg. Co., 3031 S. 7th st.

GIRLS WANTED—Two girls to assist coat and pantaloon makers; must be experienced hands. Apply Tuesday and Wednesday at store, No. 2831 Chouteau av.; good wages to competent hands.

GIRLS WANTED—Girls to sew tents and awnings, power machines. Baptiste Tent and Awning Co., 612 N. 3d st.

GIRLS WANTED—Two girls, one for dining room work, one for dishwashing, upstairs work. 3912 Laclede av.

GIRLS WANTED—Girls to sew buttons on ladies' wrappers; steady work. Coleman & Loewenstein, 713 N. 11th st.

GIRLS WANTED—Experienced girls, 16 or 17 years old, to fold circulars. 2829 Easton av.

GIRL WANTED—Experienced girl to do general housework, washing, ironing, etc. 4107 Morgan st.

GIRLS WANTED—To sew buttons on shirts; steady work. Agatstein Shirt Co., 717 Lucas av.

GIRL WANTED—Girl to work in small restaurant. 3719 N. Broadway.

GIRL WANTED—Dinner girl of neat appearance. Saddle Rock Restaurant, 202 N. 8th st.

GIRLS WANTED—On children's hats and girdles. 219 N. 8th st., 3d floor.

GIRL WANTED—Colored girl to wash dishes and work around house. 3021 Washington av.

GIRL WANTED—Girl to work on first-class coats. H. Alber, 208 S. 4th st.

GIRL WANTED—Boy or girl to wait on table and help around the house. 3949 Cook av.

GIRLS WANTED—Two German girls; one for cooking, washing and ironing and one as housemaid. 1050 Missouri av.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—A good housegirl. 8215 Hawthorne bl., Compton Heights.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—A German girl for general housework in boarding house. 3532 N. Broadway.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—German girl for general housework; washing and ironing. 3237 Harper.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—Good girl for general housework; family of three. Apply 4324 North Market.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—Girl for general housework; no washing or ironing; small family. 3816 Olive st.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—A good German girl in small family for general housework. 2828 Gamble st.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—Good girl for general housework. 4222 Folsom av.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—German girl for general housework. 2336 Whittemore pl., west of Lafayette Park.

HOUSEGIRLS WANTED—Two girls for general housework. St. Luke's Hospital, 19th and Washington av.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—Girl to do general housework; 2 in family; good place for one interested; call any time, 4925 Rober pl. Take Tower Grove car or Grand av. car to Arsenal st.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—Colored girl for housework; state age and reference. Ad. M 4, Post-Dispatch.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—Girl for general housework; no washing; small family. 2632A California.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—Housegirl for small family. 4243 Cook.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—German girl in German family for general housework. 1223 Whittier st.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—Girl for general housework in small family. 2751 Shenandoah av.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—A housegirl at 8435 Franklin av.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—Girl for general housework, without washing. 4036 Cook av.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—White girl for general housework; must be good cook. 8429 Pine st.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—German girl, 17 or 18, for general housework. 8224 Olive st.

HOUSEWOMAN WANTED—White woman for housework. 1416 Washington av.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—Good girl for general housework. 1700 Cora av.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—Experienced girl for general housework; no washing or ironing. 3934 Washington av.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—Good German girl of 18 or 14 years to assist in light housework. 2001 E. Grand av.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—Girl for general housework and cooking in small family; wages, $16 to good girl with satisfactory references. 5924 Horton pl.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—Good girl for general housework. 3024 Glasgow pl., cor. Webster av.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—Girl for general housework. 2804 Franklin av.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—Girl for general housework. 1411 Franklin av.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—A German girl for general housework. Inquire at 2116 Victor st.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—Girl for general housework. 2949 Dayton st.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—Good girl for general housework. 4222 Folsom av.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—Girl for general housework. 4461 Page av.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—Girl for general housework. 2404 De Kalb st.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—Girl for general housework, at once; good wages; small family. 1020 Hamilton av.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—Good girl for general housework; small family; good wages. 4813 Fountain av.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—German girl for general housework. 1302 Franklin av.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—Girl to do general housework in small family; no washing. 1558 California av.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—German girl for general housework in small family. 4104 Maryland av.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—A good girl for general housework. 4390 Laclede av.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—A good girl to assist in general housework. Call at 1442 Mississippi av.

HOUSEWOMAN WANTED—Woman for housework several hours daily; must be within walking distance. 2863 Windsor pl.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—Girl for general housework; small family. 3935 Westminster pl.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—Girl for general housework. 3001 Thomas st.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—1st-class housegirl, near Cabanne pl. Apply 2811 Washington av.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—A good girl for general housework; 2 in family; good wages; top bell, 5218 Cabanne av.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—A white girl or woman for general housework; small family; good wages; refs. required. Inquire 3111 S. Grand.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—Good girl to do general housework; one child in family. 3809 Eads av.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—Colored girl for house and dining room work. 2811 Washington av.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—Good working girl for dressmaker, Tuesday morning. Call 1801 Wash st.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—Girl for general housework at 5428 Page av.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—Girl for general housework in small family. 5843 Clemens av.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—German girl for general housework; references. 2814 Lafayette av.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—Girl for general housework, about 14 years. 1119 Dillon st.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—A good girl for general housework. 4263A North Market st.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—A first-class housegirl at 4215 Page; good wages; all modern conveniences.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—Girl to assist in housework in flat; small family; good salary. 1449 Clara av.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—Young girl to do general housework; small family; no washing or ironing. 1817 Kennet pl.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—Girl to do general housework. 4377 Delmar bl.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—German girl for light housework; good wages. 2709 Gamble st.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—Girl for general housework; no washing. 1622 Mississippi av.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—Good girl for general housework; no washing. 1916 Rutger st.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—Girl for general housework. 2115 Franklin av., 2d floor.

LAUNDRESS WANTED—Girl for laundry work and help in kitchen. 1426 Market st.

LAUNDRESS WANTED—Girl to wash and iron and assist at housework in small family. Apply 3661 Flad av.

MACHINE GIRLS WANTED—Expert machine girls to work on automatic machine; state experience and salary expected. Ad. N 5, Post-Dispatch.

MAID WANTED—Experienced woman as maid and to do housework. 3739 Westminster pl.

NURSEGIRL WANTED—Small girl to take care of children. 5157 Ridge av.

NURSEGIRL WANTED—A good nursegirl about 14 or 15 years; call at once. 1926 N. Broadway.

NURSE WANTED—Experienced nurse for baby. 8735 Laclede av.

NURSEGIRL WANTED—Young nursegirl to go home nights. Hotel Berlin, Taylor and Berlin.

NURSEGIRL WANTED—Immediately for young child; must be 16. 4536A Laclede av.

SEAMSTRESSES WANTED—Experienced seamstresses and tailoresses on suits and jackets.
HERZOG CLOAK CO.,
Broadway and Washington av.

SEAMSTRESS WANTED—Full board for a month or longer in exchange for some housework or sewing; bring references. 3557 Lindell.

SEAMSTRESS WANTED—Seamstress to help dressmaker. Mme. Bell, 3949 Cook av.

SKIRT AND WAISTMAKERS, experienced operators, will have constant employment and good prices; also wanted, handworkers; smart, industrious girls, about 17 years of age. Consoline Manufacturing Co., 2210 and 2212 Pine st.

STENOGRAPHERS WANTED—Elegant practice room and employment department; free, free, free. Century Bldg., The Oliver Typewriting Co.

TAILORESSES WANTED—Good machine hands and steady man to press on shop coats; highest wages paid to right party. 910 Morgan st.

WAITRESS WANTED—Girl as waitress in small restaurant; $2.50 per week. 819 Market st.

WAITRESS WANTED—Experienced restaurant waitress. 1916 Olive st.

WAITRESS WANTED—Young, experienced waitress in restaurant. 6 N. 12th st.

WANTED—Ladies to learn hairdressing and manicuring; splendid chance this season; four weeks completes; constant practice; expert instructions; positions guaranteed; arrangements made with best establishments for our graduates. Call or write Moler College, 1141 Market st.

WOMAN WANTED—Married woman to take charge of rooming house. 6 S. 14th st.

WOMAN WANTED—German woman between 30 and 40 with good references; pay $12. Call 6205 Famous av., Clifton Heights.

WANTED — SALESLADIES. APPLY MILLINERY DEPT. GRAND-LEADER.

LAUNDRY HELP WANTED.
14 Words or Less, 20 Cents.

GIRLS WANTED—Expert starchers and finishers. Home Laundry Co., 3126 Easton av.

GIRLS WANTED—Two experienced starchers at once. Laclede Laundry, 2900 Pine st.

GIRLS WANTED—Three first-class shirt and shirt-waist ironers, one mangle girl, one collar and cuff girl. D. L. Parrish Laundry Co., 3120 Olive st.

LAUNDRESS WANTED—First-class laundress, best reference required; call Tuesday morning, 3715 Lindell.

LAUNDRY GIRL WANTED—Good laundry girl; good wages. 2805 N. Broadway.

STARCHER WANTED—Experienced starcher; none other need apply. Schaab Laundry Co., 2205 Chestnut st.

WOMAN WANTED—German washerwoman. 2920 Henrietta st.

LOST AND FOUND.
14 Words or Less, 20 Cents.

Lost.

BOA—Lost, Sunday night, on Broadway car going north, or Leffingwell car at Broadway and Walnut st., dark brown fur boa, about one and one-half yards long. Liberal reward if returned to Major Booth, U. S. Arsenal, Arsenal and 2d sts.

COLLARETTE—Lost, in the Ten Cent store, opposite market, Saturday, seal collarette; lady that found it return to 4406 McPherson av.; receive $10 reward.

DOG—$10 reward for return of brown Shepherd pitch, lost April 1. 4266 Morgan st.

DOG—Lost, medium small black dog; half spaniel, half terrier; deliver to 5218 Cabanne av.; liberal reward.

PENDANT—Lost, pendent, set with diamonds and pearls. Liberal reward if returned to 5305A Morgan st.

POCKETBOOK—Lost, Sunday, at transfer near water tower, a pocket wallet containing a small pebble, of no value except to owner. If returned to 5467 Maple av. no questions asked.

Found.

WATCH—Found, small gold watch, initials W. K. to T. B. Call 2022 Eugenia; give full description.

THEATRICAL.
14 Words or Less, 20 Cents.

ACTRESS WANTED—Young lady for vaudeville; must have good figure. Ad. K

PERSONAL.

14 Words or Less, 30 Cents.

PERSONAL—Lady bid good-by to gent and lady, 6th and Olive, Sunday evening, noticed gent on corner, please address Y 5, Post-Dispatch.

PERSONAL—Will Maggie Dinsmitt of Little Rock send her address to B 9, Post-Dispatch?

PERSONAL—Learn hypnotism and magnetic healing; copy of $25 course sent to any address for $1. Ad. American School of Suggestion, St. Louis.

PERSONAL—Ladies are requested to visit my new hair-dressing and manicuring parlors and see my pneumatic system for developing the bust; I guarantee to develop the bust from two to six inches; three treatments free; a sample of Pearl face enamel free to every lady caller; try my pneumatic wrinkle remover; it never fails. Mme. Alexis, room 610, Carleton bldg., opp. Barr's.

AMALIA FISCHER,

Orphan, daughter of Friederich and Pena Fischer, formerly in German Protestant Orphan Home. Write or call on John P. Herrmann, 1127 Chestnut.

PERSONAL SUNDRIES.

14 Words or Less, 20 Cents.

"A—1—Printing—Cheapest place in town—McGill & Co.—121 N. 11th, bet. Pine and Chestnut."

ADVICE FREE: Divorces a specialty; easy terms, confidential, competent and reliable attorney, who has been in business in the city for several years. Law Office, 1002 Olive st., 2d floor.

A FREE cure for private troubles, discharges, etc.; either sex. D. Medical Co., 107 N. 9th st.

BROILED oysters on toast, per doz., 25c. Wm. G. Milford, 209 N. 6th st.

DIVORCES secured promptly and quietly; advice free; reasonable charges; other litigation promptly attended to. Central Law Bureau, 113 N. 8th.

DR. ANNA NEWLAND, 205 S. 14th st.; home for ladies before and during confinement; irregularities from any cause successfully treated.

DR. MARY ARTHUR'S monthly regulator; ladies save time and money by calling at 2907 Morgan.

DON'T make a drug store out of your stomach; ladies' powerful remedy. Physician, P. O. Box 711.

DR. EMMA LOURCH, 2300 S. 12th st., receives during confinement; ladies in trouble call.

DR. MARY ARTHUR, specialist; ladies' private home during confinement; trained nurses in attendance; best of medical attention; treats irregularities; guarantees success or no charge; infants adopted; write or call. 2907 Morgan st., Kinloch D 121.

DRUNKENNESS CURED—Medicine sent by mail for $1; sample free. Caplo Medical Co., 411 Gratiot st.

EVERY MAN, married or single, should not fail to visit the Grand Museum of Anatomy, 11 S. Broadway; free consultation and advice with each admission; physicians always in attendance.

HOW soon graduate in medicine, dentistry, osteopathy, electricity, magnetics. Box 890, Chicago.

LADIES in trouble will not regret calling at 3446 S. Broadway; terms reasonable.

LADIES—My regulator never fails; one complete treatment free. Mrs. E. Starr, 2911 Franklin av.

LADIES in trouble call; private home before and during confinement. Mrs. Meyers, 2018 Wash st.

LADIES—If in trouble, save time and money by calling at 2911 Franklin av.

LADIES—Dr. Anna Newland', Regulator never fails; try treatment free. 205 S. 14th st.

MIDWIFE—Receives during confinement; home found for inf.; ladies in trouble call. 2340 S. 9th.

MRS. DR. HOGAN receives before and during confinement; home for infants if desired; call or write; strictly confidential. 2217 Olive st.

MRS. L. HOTSON, ladies' private home during confinement; absolute protection and safety assured; motherly care; irregularities; success guaranteed or no charges; infants adopted; information free; ladies in trouble call or write; German and French spoken. 2291 and 2293 Olive st.

MRS. DR. CALLANAN treats all diseases and irregularities successfully; lowest terms. 2926 Market st.

MRS. DR. MURPHY—Private home during confinement; homes found for infants free; treats irregularities; ladies try my regulator and safeguard; call or write. 2123 and 2125 Olive st.

MRS. BRIDGES, the favorite and always successful ladies' doctor, may be consulted at 3336 West Pine, late 1204 Chouteau av. Kinloch C 1580; no medicine.

OLD DR. WARD, 1503 Washington av.; ladies or gents in trouble from any cause call or write; 40 years' experience; guarantee results.

RAPPHO—Olga Nethersole's sensation; few copies left; sent to your address for 20c stamps. Send Reliable Book Co., 1104 Market st., St. Louis.

GOLD AND SILVERWARE.

14 Words or Less, 20 Cents.

WARRANTED solid gold spectacles fitted to the eyes, $2.50; eyes tested free. St. Louis Optical Mfg. Co., 723 Locust st.

ATTORNEYS AT LAW.

14 Words or Less, 20 Cents.

MO. LAW AND ADJUSTMENT ASSOCIATION. Main offices, 715 Wainwright Building.) CONSULTATION FREE and confidential. DIVORCE AND DAMAGE SUITS a specialty. Unexceptional references furnished.

PATENTS AND PENSIONS.

14 Words or Less, 20 Cents.

PATENTS, PENSIONS; advice free. H. D. & H. S. O'Brien, 421 Chestnut st.; notary public.

STEAM CARPET CLEANING.

14 Words or Less, 20 Cents.

AMERICAN Steam Carpet Beating & Renovating Co., 19th and Pine; best work; lowest prices.

CARPETS taken up, cleaned, made over and laid; lowest prices. Empire Steam Carpet Cleaning Co., 2123 Lucas. Main 1131; Kinloch C 966.

ENTERPRISE STEAM CARPET CLEANING CO. —Special attention to altering, sewing and laying. Easton and Pendleton avs.; phone, Kinloch C 883.

CLAIRVOYANTS.

14 Words or Less, 30 Cents.

SPIRITUAL MEDIUM—Advises on business, domestic and health; developing circles Tuesdays, Fridays. 2000 Olive st.

MME. ANNA, the best-known fortune-teller of the West; 326 Market st. Established 1852.

LOANS ON PERSONAL PROPERTY.

14 Words or Less, 20 Cents.

A PRIVATE party has money to loan on furniture and pianos; easy payments; confidential and proper treatment assured. 501 Chemical bldg.

ALL loans on furniture, pianos or any good security done quickly and quietly; property left in your possession; loans made up to monthly payments, thus reducing loan at each payment, our terms are the lowest in the city. See us before going elsewhere. NEW YORK FINANCE CO., 207-8-9 Odd Fellows Bldg., 9th and Olive sts.

A PRIVATE party makes loans on pianos or household goods; easy payments; business confidential. Room 211 Century Bldg., 9th and Olive.

ARE you a salaried employe of a firm or corporation and need money? See Stelzer, 5359 Mermod & Jaccard Bldg., B'way and Locust st.

FINANCIAL—Money to loan on furniture and pianos at lowest possible rates; easy monthly payments. With discount if paid before due; business absolutely private; loans made within 24 hours after application is received. Fidelity Brokerage Co., 914½ Olive st., room 1. Tel. B 434.

MECHANICS' FINANCE CO. lends money on furniture, pianos, sewing machines, etc., without removal; monthly payments; discount given if paid before due; business con. 904 Olive st., 2d floor.

MONEY TO LOAN—Confidential loans on furniture without removal; easy terms. Notary Public, 902 Franklin av.

MONEY TO LOAN—$20 or more loaned on furniture; no publicity; terms of payment to suit borrower. 918 Pine st., room 211.

MONEY furnished salaried people and retail merchants without security; easy payments. Tolman, room 801, 211 N. 7th st.

STORAGE.

14 Words or Less, 20 Cents.

ABSOLUTELY FIRE-PROOF STORAGE—New warehouse; Grand and Laclede avs.; for afekeeping of furniture, pianos, pictures, trunks, boxes, etc.; careful moving, packing, shipping, etc.; money advanced, get our rates; phone C 986. R. U. LEONORI, JR., & CO., 1219-21 Olive st.

AMERICAN STORAGE & MOVING CO., 2315 Olive —Moving, packing and shipping; store in separate rooms. Tel. Main 2531.

F. H. PORTMANN Storage, Moving & Packing Co., St. Louis and East St. Louis. Kinloch D 1247. Bell Tel 2694. Office, 2301 Cass av.

HENRY C. WIEHE, storage and moving company; goods carefully handled; money advanced on storage when wanted; easy terms. 1512-1516 Franklin.

SOUTH SIDE STORAGE & MOVING CO., 1901 to 1905 Sidney st.; telephone Sidney 235.

FIDELITY STORAGE PACKING & MOVING CO. 1723-25-27 and 1729 Morgan St.

Branch office, 1005 Pine st.
Bell Tel—Main 1174 and Main 263. Kinloch C 943

MERCANTILE TRUST CO.

SOLICITS Collection of Rents. Sale of Property. Applications for Loans.

HOUSEHOLD GOODS WANTED.

14 Words or Less, 20 Cents.

BEDS WANTED—To buy, single iron beds; must be cheap; also restaurant dishes. Ad. R 95, Post-Dispatch.

FEATHERS WANTED—To buy, 10,000 lbs. of used feathers; will pay highest price; don't sell to fakers. Joe, 613 N. 12th st.

FEATHERS WANTED—To get highest market price address M. Speelman, 2628 Olive st.

FEATHERS WANTED—Will pay 35c to 50c pound; send postal. Batavia, 112 N. 9th st.

FURNITURE WANTED—Full value paid for household goods, contents of houses and flats. W. Jones, 1143 Olive st.

FURNITURE WANTED — Dining, also bedroom furniture; cheap for cash. Address F 92, Post-Dispatch.

GAS RANGE WANTED—Second-hand gas range; state condition, make and price. Ad. Y 9, Post-Dispatch.

HIGHEST price paid for furniture and feathers. Bensinger, 756 Walton av.; send a postal.

HIGHEST cash prices paid for furniture, pianos, carpets, feather beds or entire contents of flats and stores. Wolf, 18 S. 11th st. Phone—C 405.

HOUSEHOLD goods wanted; I buy furniture, stoves, carpets; car loads; small lots. Rice, 2219 Wash.

PARTIES declining housekeeping see us before selling your furniture, pianos, carpets, etc., to highest bidder; cash advanced; auction rooms. R. U. LEONORI, JR., & CO., 1219-21 Olive st.

SELECT oysters, ray, stewed or fried, 25c. Wm. G. Milford, 209 N. 6th st.

WILL pay the very highest price for furniture, carpets, feathers, stoves, etc.; any quantity; don't sell before you see Joe, 611 N. 12th st.

HOUSEHOLD GOODS FOR SALE.

14 Words or Less, 20 Cents.

Furniture.

FURNITURE—For sale, chamber suit, 6 oak dining chairs, almost new, $15. 4207 Lucky st.

FURNITURE—Oak bedstead with springs, bureau, washstand, bowl, pitcher, $7. 1615 Cass av.

FURNITURE—For sale, mahogany canopy top bed, sideboard, buffet, sewing table, card table and bookcase. 3100 Olive st.

FURNITURE—For sale, contents of nicely furnished 3-room flat; cheap. 2219A Washington.

FURNITURE—Bedroom set, $3; dresser, $1.50; Singer machine, $1.50; wardrobe, sideboard, folding bed. 1704 S. 11th st.

HOUSEHOLD GOODS—For sale, cheap, handsome mahogany china cupboard, hand-carved leather chairs; also other old pieces. Call 4473 West Belle pl.

Stoves, Ranges, Etc.

HOUSEHOLD GOODS—For sale, Home Comfort range, new gas fixtures, furniture, carpets, door and window screens. 3957A Finney av.

RANGE—For sale, $45 hard and soft coal range; almost new; price $15. 1604 S. 12th st.

STOVE—For sale, Charter Oak cook stove; $3. 1110A Ohio av.

Sewing Machines.

SEWING MACHINES—For sale, 1 Singer $7, 1 White $8, 1 New Home $8, 1 Domestic $10; all improved and guaranteed. Singer office, 1042 Vandeventer av., near Finney. Kinloch C 1269. Open evenings.

SEWING MACHINE—For sale, latest improved 5-drawer oak Singer sewing machine, in perfect condition; bargain. 3839 Windsor pl.

Miscellaneous.

HOUSEHOLD GOODS—For sale, parlor, dining room and bed room sets, piano, carpets, hat racks, Home Comfort range, laundry and gas stoves, lawn mower, garden hose, ice chest, filter; no dealers. 3641 Finney av.

MISCELLANEOUS WANT.

14 Words or Less, 20 Cents.

POKER TABLE WANTED—To buy a poker table; prefer tilting top; state price. Ad. G 4, Post-Dispatch.

Old Gold Diamonds and Silver. Bring it to 109 N. 6th st. and get the highest cash price paid.

MISCELLANEOUS FOR SALE.

14 Words or Less, 20 Cents.

BABY BUGGY—For sale, handsome baby buggy; almost new; sell cheap. 1711A S. 12th.

BALLOONS, parachutes, shooting gallery, nigger babies, wheels, spindles, pivots. Mr. Richards, 4037 Peck st.

BRICK—For sale, a quantity of new brick; low price. 119 N. 16th st.

FOR SALE—Ten R. I. P. A. N. S. for 5 cents at druggists. One gives relief.

HOISTING CABLE—For sale, 200 feet of ¾-inch Swedes iron cable; greater part of it good as new; examine and make an offer. Purchasing Agent, Post-Dispatch.

MOBILE select oysters, any style, per dozen, 25c. Wm. G. Milford, 209 N. 6th st.

OYSTER PATTIES, 25c. Wm. G. Milford, 209 N. 6th st.

SODA FOUNTAIN—For sale, $50, soda fountain; six syrups. 3931 Finney av.

STEREOPTICON—For sale, one double Colts' latest model stereopticon; 70 slides, 2 curtains, wire fixtures, dissolver; will sell cheap. Call 205 S. 14th st.

STOVE REPAIRS for any old stove. Send postal to Forshaw, 111 N. 12th st. Phone C 97.

WATCH—For sale, Patek Philippi, original; cost $250; will sell at a big sacrifice regardless of cost; call and see it. 109 N. 6th st.

HORSES AND VEHICLES.

14 Words or Less, 20 Cents.

Wanted.

MOVING VAN WANTED—Large moving van; call at 1511 Menard st.

WAGONS WANTED—Ice wagons or delivery wagons to letter. "Sign Painter," 2623 Franklin av.

For Sale.

HORSE, ETC.—For sale, horse, harness and two wagons. Call 922 Warren st.

HORSE, BUGGY, ETC.—For sale, horse, top buggy and harness, in good order; $40. 1830 Hogan st., near North Market st.

HORSES—For sale, young horse for delivery, 16 hands; buggy horse; young saddle horse. 2730 Morgan st.

HORSE, ETC.—For sale, horse, harness and peddler wagon; cheap; leaving city. 1806 Franklin.

HORSE—Good horse, $20; double set of harness; cheap. 1816 Morgan st., rear.

MULES—For sale, a team of small mules. 1721 N. 11th st.

STORM BUGGIES, surreys, park wagons, grocer, baker, butcher, laundry, milk, peddlers', ice and light advertising wagons; also light truck spring stake wagon. John Tobinka, 1406 N. 7th st.

SURREY—For sale, surrey. Call at 1903 Sidney st.

WAGON—For sale, covered wagon; suitable for grocer or baker; in good repair. 1307 S. 9th st., city.

ANIMALS.

14 Words or Less, 20 Cents.

DOGS—For sale, puppies; genuine French toy poodle pups, males, pure white. Call 1005 N. High st., rear.

MEDICAL.

14 Words or Less, 20 Cents.

NERVE Beans restore weak parts, make men strong, vigorous, robust; married men, men intending to marry, should take a box; astonishing results; night losses stopped; lost power restored. $1. Wolff-Wilson Drug Co., 806 Washington av.; Republic Pharmacy, 716 Olive st.

DR. BOHANNAN'S Vegetable Curative Positively cures seminal weakness, Lost Manhood, etc., the result of youthful vigorous, robust, successful in men, men intending to marry, should take a box; astonishing results; night losses stopped; lost power restored. $1. Wolff-Wilson Drug Co., 806 Washington av.; Republic Pharmacy, 716 Olive st.

FLATS FOR RENT.

14 Words or Less, 20 Cents.

No. 5182 and 5184 Kensington Av. New Model flats, in detached houses, in two apartments of six and seven rooms each; these flats are equipped with all the latest improvements; double floors, packed with mineral wool, hot and cold baths, w. c., furnace heat, screens, gas fixtures and gas grates in every room; plenty of light and good air; open for inspection.

790A Euclid av., five-room flat; hot and cold bath, w. c. and gas fixtures; only $18.

D. B. BRENNAN R. E. CO.,
Phone B 1418. 816 Chestnut st.

IMPROVED PROP. FOR SALE.

14 Words or Less, 20 Cents.

TWO NICE FLATS.

For Sale—No. 3147 Brantner pl., just west of Glasgow pl., nice, almost new two-story stock-brick front house of 5 rooms, in two flats of 4 rooms each, with bath and w. c. in each flat; alley made; we are instructed to sell quick and give a bargain. For price see KEELEY & CO., 1113 Chestnut st.

$200 CASH DOWN

And $30 per month will buy house and lot 3818 Russell av., near Grand, which is a brand-new stock brick front house of 8 rooms, with hall, bath and gas, hot water; lot 25x125 feet to alley. Furnace and slate roof. Newly decorated. Hardwood floors and picture molding. For key see KEELEY & CO., 1113 Chestnut st.

RESIDENCE—For sale, 4740 Vernon av.; 7 rooms, new brick modern residence; must be sold; price $3750, but make offer; open for inspection every day.

COTTAGE—$1600 buys my modern 5-room brick cottage; large basement; lot 25x183; $100 cash and $15 monthly. 5368 Goodfellow pl.; take Suburban cars.

$2000 WILL buy improved corner lot 50x140 feet, paying 15 per cent on investment.
M. S. BOWMAN, 617 Chestnut st.

SUBURBAN PROPERTY FOR SALE.

14 Words or Less, 20 Cents.

REDUCED $500.

NOW ONLY $2250—AT MAPLEWOOD.

New 5-room brick cottage; square, hall and modern; can sell on small cash payment and balance monthly; only 5c car fare on Suburban electric; large lot. For other particulars see
R. F. SHIELDS, 804 Chestnut st.

LOANS ON REAL ESTATE.

14 Words or Less, 20 Cents.

5-Per-Cent Money

To Loan—We have $1000, $2000, $3000, $4000, $5000, $6000, $7000, $8000, $9000, $10,000, $15,000, $20,000, $25,000 and $50,000 to loan at 5 per cent interest, on extra good security; St. Louis city improved real estate only.
KEELEY & CO., 1113 Chestnut st.

MONEY to loan; city security; any amount; lowest rates. J. H. Terry & Sons, 621 Chestnut st.

REAL ESTATE FOR EXCHANGE.

14 Words or Less, 20 Cents.

BICYCLE WANTED—To exchange, suburban lot for good gent's bicycle; give good trade. Ad. M 10, Post-Dispatch.

OPTICIANS.

14 Words or Less, 20 Cents.

EACH EYE scientifically examined free of charge by S. S. Dreifus Optician, 1600 Franklin av.

BOOKS.

14 Words or Less, 20 Cents.

BOOKS of all kinds bought, sold or exchanged. Call or send add. to Mill's Book Store, 810 Pine.

EDUCATIONAL.

14 Words or Less, 20 Cents.

SHORTHAND—Private lessons given in shorthand, bookkeeping, typewriting, penmanship, etc.; per month, day, $7; night, $5. Hartsock & Jones, 2800 Olive st. Call.

PERSONAL MENTION.

J. H. Moore of Chicago, head of several cracker and biscuit concerns, was in St. Louis Monday inspecting his interests. He has just returned from a trip through Mexico, and is traveling back to Chicago in a special car.

Thomas Wall resigned Monday as Union Station passenger agent of the Clover Leaf route to accept the chief clerkship to the local representative of the Great Northern railway.

MARRIAGE LICENSES.

A. M. Scott ..... 211 S. Twenty-second
Della Morris ..... Sugman, Ill
Samuel E. Hummel ..... 3134 N. Eleventh
Bertha A. Richardson ..... 3130½ N. Eleventh
Charley Roberts ..... 328 S. Compton
Eliza Hill ..... Festus, Mo
Julius Menke ..... 1402 N. Eighth
Nellie Carr ..... McClenahborough, Ill
Joseph S. Spradley ..... 4232 N. Broadway
Lillie M. Reed ..... Edwardsville, Ill
Tony Balsano ..... 1719 Morgan
Meri Moresi ..... 1441 Biddle
James McCann ..... 3727 Cass
Ida M. Brlegleb ..... Sullivan, Mo

Easter Cards.

The most beautiful collection ever shown in St. Louis. See the new and unique hand-decorated novelties. Easter cards 5c to $10. Mermod & Jaccard's, Broadway and Locust.

BIRTHS RECORDED.

John and Mary Miller, 721 N. Compton avenue; boy.

Edward and Bertha Fuller, 2145 Chippewa; girl.
Charles and Irene Ross, 920 N. Fifteenth; girl.
Thomas and Ella Duffy, 3444 Manchester; girl.
Jos. and Clara Shodrowsky, 1429 Picker; boy.
Marcus and Minnie Haney, 2291 Hall; boy.
L. and M. Gannon, 1426 N. Thirteenth; girl.
Julia and Martin Baumker, 1327 Biair; girl.
Annie and Sebastian Bertolami, South Third; boy.
John and Mary Condon, 780 Bayard; boy.
Theodore and Olga Koester, 10 N. Tenth; boy.
Jos. and Angelina Cavallaro, 1420 Biddle; girl.
Geaziano and Francesca Lucinda, 1139 Foster alley; boy.
Daniel and Catherine Gould, 4393 Gibson; boy.
Wm. and Katie Conway, 5650 North Market; girl.
Wm. and Nellie Heller, 2523 North Market; girl.
H. and Emma Koeller, 1140 Angelica; boy.
George and Nellie Witt, 4586 St. Ferdinand; girl.
Sylvester and Ida Copeland, 1304 Morgan; boy.
Frank and Elizabeth Jablonski, 1322 N. Twentieth; boy.
Chas. and Maggie Shepack, 1922 Bane; girl.
John and Minnie Kahlmeyer, 4439 Norfolk; girl.
Tony and Helena Lammert, 643 Tower Grove; girl.
Joan and Annie Leclinger, 2219 Hickman; girl.
Jos. and Annie Salat, 2131 S. Third; girl.
G. and Claudina Elfert, 4310 De Soto; boy.
Lemuel and Susie Spencer, 1855 N. Garrison; girl.
Homer and Lena Brown, 1333 N. Garrison; girl.
Horace and Ruby Nicholson, 3320 St. Vincent; girl.
John and Minnie Floyd, North Market; boy.
T. C. and Minnie Tonsen, 1521 N. Taylor; girl.
Chas. and Mary Grimm, 1322 S. Fourteenth; girl.
J. and Anna Bluie, 2816 S. Tenth; girl.

BURIAL PERMITS.

Lawrence Whalen, 69, 4060 Lincoln; senility.
John A. Tatnum, 90, 3417 Easton; uremia.
William Booth, 80, 27-2 Washington; pneumonia.
Thos. J. King, 38, 5874 Theodosia; heart disease.
Jas. Fitzmartin, 45, 1536 Papin; pneumonia.
John Meyer, 37, 2629 Taylor; pneumonia.
Katherine Krotsbein, 30, 1513 Hebert; tuberculosis.
Geo. Wilhelm, 76, Wabash R. R. and Switzer avenue; cirrhosis.
C. F. McCord, 40, 3500 Kossuth; pneumonia.
William Luke, 25, 1250 N. King's highway; pneumonia.
Lulu Brunsmann, 29, 1536 Papin; asthma.
Moses Taylor, 37, 901 Ewing; nephritis.
Louise Oenson, 51, 2628 Morgan; anemia.
Nettie Green, 3, 4621 North Market; convulsions.
Mary A. Loney, 66, 4609 Cook; bronchitis.
Eliza B. Webster, 75, 5704 Theodosia; heart failure.
J. N. Griffith, 83, 2855 Lucas; senility.
Sophia Mauger, 43, St. John's Hospital; edema of brain

DAVIS SPEAKS FOR THE BOERS,

Missourian Had a Crowded House in Washington.

MUCH ENTHUSIASM SHOWN.

WHAT MR. DAVIS SAW OF THE FIGHTING.

He Believes That Eventually the Boers Will Be Free and That America Should Sympathize With Their Struggles.

BOERS WILL BE FREE.

In the light of the history of the rise and fall of empires, of the sad wrecks of proud and haughty nations who hated justice and honor and right but loved tyranny, oppression and wrong, that are strewn along the pathway of the centuries, I cannot but believe that God has intended that in the two South African republics liberty and equality of rights shall prevail and that the rugged, God-fearing Boers shall be forever free.

WASHINGTON, April 9.—Mr. Webster Davis, ex-Assistant Secretary of the Interior, delivered an address last night on the war in South Africa, in the presence of an immense audience at the Grand Opera House. Every available bit of standing room was occupied and the audience manifested their appreciation by generous applause.

A score or more of public men, mainly Senators and Representatives in Congress, occupied seats on the stage and in the audience, among whom were the following: Senators Clay, Daniel, Teller, Bacon, Allen and Mason, and Representatives Talbert, Jett, Littlefield, Ridgeley, Robinson of Indiana, Burke of Texas, Ball, Gilbert, Latimer, Cox of Tennessee, Cowherd and Clark of Missouri, Bartholdt and Shafroth.

Mr. Davis was introduced by Mr. P. T. Moran, the chairman of the Executive Committee, who made a few introductory remarks. Mr. Davis delivered his remarks in a off-hand, easy style, referred to his notes only occasionally, and mainly when it was necessary to read an extract from some document or speech. He spoke for about two hours and at its close was warmly congratulated.

Mr. Davis said:

"The Boers of South Africa are among the pioneers of freedom—heroes of civil and religious liberty. They were the torch bearers who blazed the pathway for civilization through the primeval forests of the southern part of that great 'Dark Continent,' which has been the marvel of the ages. No country in all the world contains a nobler race of men and women. The Huguenots, too, of the heroic Netherlanders who, under William the Silent, wrested the independence of Holland from the hand of the Spanish tyrant. No people in all the world's history have made a more valiant effort to secure liberty for future peoples than they. And no people have endured more hardships in the cause of liberty and equality or rights than they. Indeed, it was and is 'their unconquerable love for liberty that has caused all their troubles. Years ago the Boers planted the seed of liberty in the fertile valleys of the Cape of Good Hope, where a strong national spirit developed as early as 1806, when the colony passed into the hands of England. Soon thereafter ill feeling arose between Briton and Boer. Mr. Davis entered upon an exhaustive review of the relations between the Boers and the British Government from that time to the present. He described the 'great trek' northward after the emancipation of their slaves, the formation of the republic of Natal and its absorption by England and the rise of the South African Republic. England's acquisition of the diamond fields at Kimberley Mr. Davis characterized as a transaction without a parallel for 'cupidity, dishonor and injustice.' Of the material growth of the Dutch republics Mr. Davis said:

"Cities with all the modern improvements sprang up on the veldt and in the valleys as if by magic, and everywhere the church and schoolhouse told the story of the people's progress. It is no wonder the Boers became intensely proud of their homes in the Orange Free State and the Transvaal, and well may they feel that pride, for they have their homes in one of the grandest belts of valley, mountain and plain that the world has in it.

"In the light of the history of the rise and fall of empires, of the sad wrecks of proud and haughty nations, who hated justice and honor and right, but loved tyranny, oppression and wrong that are strewn along the pathway of the centuries, I cannot but believe that God has intended that in the South African republics liberty and equality of rights shall prevail, and the rugged, brave-hearted, God-fearing Boers shall be forever free.

"Put finally this period of peace and rest was broken by the discovery of gold in the Transvaal. Then it was that the British Government determined to seek a pretext for obtaining control of the richest gold fields in the world as it had before secured the richest diamond fields. That this is the real cause for the present war no one can doubt who will listen to the frequent remark made by Englishmen in South Africa, as well as in England, that 'the gold mines in the Transvaal are worth fighting for and we are going to keep on fighting until we get them.' The British love for gold is proverbial. Wherever gold has been discovered, there the British have turned a wistful and longing eye. When gold was discovered in Alaska, only a few years ago, it will be remembered how quickly an effort was made to extend the Canadian line far enough westward to take in the gold fields. And you doubt had the British government not been anticipating the present troubles over the gold fields in the Transvaal there would have been trouble on the part of the United States Government in keeping control of the gold fields in Alaska."

Referring to the Jameson raid and certain incidents connected with it, Mr. Davis asked:

"How long would the people of our Republic stand it if foreigners from any country in the world were to come here and after getting rich in our gold mines would undertake to control our Government, and failing to do so would endeavor to destroy it?

"No flimsier pretext for robbery and murder ever emanated from the wickedest cabinet in Europe in its palmiest days than the British demand for a five-year franchise in the South African Republic. If this demand were granted not an Englishman in the Transvaal would renounce allegiance to the Queen and swear eternal allegiance to the Government of the South African Republic as against the British Government. The idea was to obtain the power to control the Government of the republic and at the same time remain British subjects. Who ever before heard of such a proposition? Would the citizens of the United States be willing to allow British subjects or the subjects of any other power to come here and control our own elections and our own Government and at the same time not renounce their allegiance to their own countries?

"The simple truth of the matter is that the British Government forced President Kruger into a quarrel after he had done everything in his power to avoid it. While negotiations were pending, British troops were being massed in South Africa. The basis of the negotiations meanwhile was ingeniously shifted so that as the British preparations for war had grown more complete the acceptance by the Boers of the so-called British terms would mean an ever increasing measure of submission and humiliation on the part of the Transvaal.

"The British demands were trumped up and are without a sound basis, either in morals or in law. It is a sad spectacle of the strongest empire in the world bringing domineering pressure to bear upon a tiny republic to influence a change of certain domestic policies, which are, in no sense, a part of the business of that empire. For the Boers to comply with the demands of the British Government would have meant the sacrifice of every vestige of essential sovereignty belonging to the Transvaal as an independent republic.

"The question of the naturalization of foreigners in the South African Republic is no more the business of the British Government than are the naturalization laws of the Republic of Mexico a matter of concern to the Republic of the United States of America. It is one of those questions of internal policy that pertains only to the Transvaal Government.

"The Boers have been greatly abused by the British because it is alleged they began the war. In other words, the Boers were too hasty; they would not wait until all the British troops had arrived in South Africa. Who ever heard of such nonsense? That a great civilized nation of 400,000,000 of people are complaining because the people of the two little republics, who do not number, all told, more than 300,000 people, including men, women and children, insisted upon issuing their ultimatum, and then proceeded to give battle before the British hosts should arrive. While on the Boer side, all told, there were not more than 30,000 men, and these had but a few inferior cannon and no bayonets or swords at all. Practically the only arms they had were Mauser rifles.

"One Boer to ten British. And yet the Boers were not trained soldiers; only simple, plain farmers; like the thousands of rugged farmers in our own country. They are just plain, common people, precisely the same kind of people that Abraham Lincoln loved.

"As citizens of the greatest republic in the world, with which side should we sympathize? I say our sympathies should go out to that brave little band of patriots who are struggling to keep alive forever the fires of liberty upon the altars of those two young republics.

"We have seen many charges made by British officers and British newspaper correspondents that the Boers have frequently disregarded the white flag and the red cross flag. Under investigation, not only among the Boers themselves, but among the 4000 British prisoners, including the officers at Pretoria when we were there, we learned that these charges were absolutely unfounded. On the contrary we did learn that this was a set up job to deceive not only the people of Great Britain at home, but to deceive the peoples of other civilized countries.

"The truth is, I defy contradiction, that the British soldiers themselves are the parties who violated many of the rules of civilized warfare, and frequently ignored the white flag and also the red cross flag. It was my fortune to witness some of these scenes myself. On the top of Spion Kop, when that wonderful battle was almost over, a young Boer soldier—not more than 15 years of age—was passing by a wounded British soldier, and the British soldier asked him for a drink of water; as the tender-hearted Boer lad was kneeling down by his side to let him drink water from his own canteen, that British soldier thrust a bayonet into the poor boy's side. And I myself talked with him, and, kneeling by him, saw the tears when he died.

"During the battle of Dundee there was a lull in the firing for a time, on account of the Boers seeing a buggy approaching them rapidly and floating a white flag. All awaited its arrival. At a distance of about 600 yards from them the buggy stopped, wheeled about, dropped the white flag and that innocent-looking buggy was soon transformed into a murderous Maxim gun, which felled nearly a dozen Boers. I talked with the man who captured that flag and saw it myself. It was a white flag with a small black stripe through the center, but at a short distance away it seemed perfectly white; that flag is now in the possession of Col. Blake, the gallant American soldier who commands the Irish brigade, which is composed almost entirely of Irish-Americans, and no braver men are in the Boer army, said Gen. Joubert to me."

Mr. Davis described the storming of Spion's Kop by the Boers, after the British had occupied it, and his own visit to the battlefield seven days later.

"When the fight began," he said, "a giant Boer, in the prime of strength and manhood, was seen carrying a small Boer flag; but a short time he fell to rise no more. Then an old white-haired veteran picked up the fallen banner, and, waving it, urged his comrades on. With flowing hair and bleeding eyes the old man toiled on, but suddenly a shell laid him low; ere the little flag touched the ground, however, a barefooted lad, only 12 years of age, who had been fighting in his shirt sleeves, leaped like a panther to the old man's side, and, snatching the flag from his grandfather's nerveless hand, raised it aloft and pushed on. A mighty shout arose from the Boers as they saw the gallant deed, and with renewed courage they made a fearful charge; following the flag, they rushed like an avalanche over the British trenches, and Spion's Kop was won."

Gen. Burgers, the Boer commander, had made several attempts to secure a cessation of artillery fire that the dead might be buried, but for several days without success. Finally, Gen. Buller accepted the Boer proposal to bury the British dead and offered to pay the bill.

"Gen. Burgers regarded this reply as an insult," Mr. Davis asserted, "but, nevertheless, concluded to bury the British dead. Then I visited the top of Spion's Kop and saw there the most horrible sight that could be imagined. Upon every hand were helmets, belts, canteens, bayonets and wearing apparel scattered about, covered with clotted blood. We saw feet and hands protruding through the ground, all swollen and black, burst asunder, while the rest of the body was covered with a thin coating of earth. The explanation was that these poor British soldiers had been buried by their comrades under a few inches of dirt. In other places we saw scores of dead British soldiers lying on the top of the ground just where they had fallen, no attempt having been made to bury them.

"As we descended from the hill we met the Boers going up to bury the British dead, who had been so sadly neglected by their own comrades and commanders, who amuse themselves by calling the Boers savages.

"Brave were the ancient Greeks of Athens and Sparta, who, with their allies, stood up to battle and to die to defend themselves against the Asiatic invasion. Brave was Alexander the Great and his Macedonians on the battlefield of Issus, where they won a victory against overwhelming odds. Brave was the struggle of the Tyrolese against the legions of Napoleon. Brave the stand made by the Swiss Cantons for liberty against the Hapsburg. Brave the wonderful charge of Pickett's men and the equally brave defense of the Union troops on the crimson heights of Gettysburg. Brave were the heroic dead who fell at Salamis and Marathon. Brave, indeed, were the famous 300 at Thermopylae. But equally brave, gallant and chivalrous are the humble peasants of the veldt, who, defending the passes of the Drakensberg, or seeking death climbing the rugged sides of Spion Kop, willing to die, if need be, to save their beloved republics from the British yoke of oppression.

"These men have the same spirit that prompted the farmers to face death for liberty at Lexington green and nerved the arms of Americans at Saratoga, Bunker Hill and Brandywine; that warmed the hearts of Washington and his shivering patriots, at Valley Forge, and at New Orleans, where Jackson and his men taught old England that easier were it to hurl the rooted mountain from its ancient base than to force the yoke of slavery upon men determined to be free.

"Then why should we not sympathize with them? Why should not the greatest republic in the world assist the smallest republics? Is the word 'liberty' to become obsolete in our national lexicon? Must this greatest republic of the world's history chain its destiny to the chariot wheels of the British Empire in her made race for land and gold? Shall the fair name of this great republic, whose purposes on land and sea has been the marvel of the centuries, be used in Europe by British officials and the British press as a menace to other European powers that are anxious to assist the Boers in their brave struggle for freedom and independence?

"Let us not drift away from the principles and doctrines of our fathers. Let us listen to the cry for help from all who struggle for liberty and justice. Let it not be said by future historians that this great republic arose in splendor and grandeur, that made the world stare, but it hated justice and liberty; it halted on its bright and shining march; it fell, and as it was going down the depths of earth, grinning from the tops of bloody thrones, shouted, 'We told you so, we told you so.' Oh, may the 80 millions of American freemen see to it that the world may know that their sympathies are not with Great Britain, but with the struggling Boers, and let it be known that they believe the cruel war waged in South Africa should stop, and stop at once."

I Cure Varicocele

(W. A. COOK, M. D.)

Whatever may be the cause of varicocele, its injurious effect is well known. It depresses the mind, weakens the body, racks the nervous system and ultimately leads to a complete loss of sexual power. If you are a victim of varicocele come to my office and let me explain to you my process of treating it. You will then not wonder why I have positively cured more than 200 cases of this dire disease during the past twelve months. Under my treatment the patient improves from the very beginning. All pain instantly ceases. Soreness and swelling quickly subside. The pools of stagnant blood are forced from the dilated veins, which rapidly assume their normal size, strength and soundness. All indications of disease and weakness vanish completely and forever, and in their stead come the pride, the power and the pleasure of perfect health and restored manhood.

I also cure to stay cured STRICTURE, SYPHILITIC BLOOD POISON, NERVO-SEXUAL DEBILITY and all reflex complications and associate diseases and weaknesses of men. To these maladies alone I have earnestly devoted 20 of the best years of my life. Physicians having stubborn cases to treat are cordially invited to consult with me. I make no charge for private counsel, and give to each patient a legal contract in writing, backed by abundant capital, to hold for my promise.

Is it not worth your while to investigate a cure that has made life anew to multitudes of men?

If you cannot call at my office, write me your symptoms fully. My home treatment by correspondence is always successful. Address W. A. COOK, M. D., or

COOK MEDICAL

CITY NEWS.

'Tis expected that every man and his wife will be at Crawford's this week buying their finery for Easter Sunday!! Where get it in such variety as at Crawford's? And where get it for such a low price?

GOV. TANNER IS IMPROVING

He Passed Through St. Louis Monday Morning on His Way Home From Florida.

John R. Tanner, Governor of Illinois and candidate for United States Senator, passed through St. Louis Monday morning on his way to Springfield from Palm Beach, Fla., whither he went a month ago for his health.

With him were Mrs. Tanner; the Governor's physician, Dr. L. C. Taylor of Springfield; Judge and Mrs. I. N. Phillips of Bloomington and Mr. and Mrs. Harry Dorman of Springfield. The party traveled over the Illinois Central Railroad in the Governor's private car.

Gov. Tanner has not been seeing reporters recently, but Dr. Taylor discussed the condition of his health with the Post-Dispatch.

"I have noted a remarkable improvement in the Governor's health since he left for his Florida trip," he said. "I have been with him constantly and have seen with pleasure that he has grown better every day. I believe that he is now on his way to complete recovery and will soon be able to get back into politics to any extent that pleases him. Of course, I know nothing about his political plans, but I understand that even, when he was a very sick man, he continued to direct his campaign."

It is said that Gov. Tanner will spend two weeks upon his return to his executive duties to the consideration of important business that has accumulated at his office in his absence. Then it is expected that he will take up his campaign with vigor.

JUST A WORD OR TWO

And now they say that Li Hung Chang,
With praise of whom the country rang,
Not very long ago, sir,
May lose, with coat and peacock plume,
His head. He did, forsooth, presume
Responsibility to assume
For Leung Chito's woe, sir.

For Leung did a missive write,
And Blaine's advice Li o'erlooked quite;
He didn't "burn that letter."
Now Empress An is full of ire;
Li Hung from all his jobs she'll fire
And to his head she may aspire,
With Leung as abettor!

And now cometh Harry Vardon, champion golfer of all the earth, and when beaten in a practice game at Yale, sayeth: "Ye are dubs; ye know not the rules at all, at all." Which is rather humiliating to all of us bonnie Scots who have been living on oatmeal and talking a la Bobbie Burns for so long. How about that, Stuart Stickney, and some more of you?

Col. Joseph Chamberlain, who plunged England into its present war and then put in his time raising orchids—while the Boers are raising several kinds of something else, be it added—is coming to the United States to rest—after the war is over. He hasn't packed his luggage yet, however.

You remember the "great, gray-green, greasy Limpopo River" that Kipling writes so much about in the "Just So" stories in the Ladies' Home Journal? Well, it's a real river, in spite of that cognomen. It forms the northern boundary of the Transvaal, too. Perhaps if he uses real rivers, with such queer and musical names, we will find that the Kolokolo bird is real, too.

There's a softness in the atmosphere,
The breeze is warm and bland;
The small boys gather in the lot—
The baseball time's at hand.

Col. Peeler would be Sheriff of Bates County. Good name for such an officer.

I saw an unique dish at a Lenten luncheon lately. It was a mound, or rather a ring, of white ice cream, the center of which was filled with candied violets. All around the outside, on the rim of the dish, were real violets, with green leaves. It was as beautiful as it was delicious.

John Drew—yes, he did—pretty well this last week.

A Washington man says President McKinley eschews colored shirts and always appears in immaculate white. He must change them nearly as often as he does his mind.

Out in the park, where the grass is green,
Where the sunlight falls thro' a leafless screen;
And the birds hop strangely from twig to bow—
I'd like to be out in the park right now,
While the spring is new, ere the freshness dies,
Go out to the park right now, if you're wise.

Sunday is the day of rest and is dedicated to the Prince of Peace. Yet, of 34 of the world's greatest battles, 12 were fought on that day, twice as many as on Thursday, which is second in the competition.

Is Africa, the "dark" continent, to be the first to use automobiles in place of railways? More than 50 are building by a Paris factory for service of this sort in the Congo Free State.

Spring is the season of sweet peace. Also of sweet peas.

It's "glove contest" in the prize-fight news, and "bloody battle" in the political column, but it means fisticuffs, either way. Great is English—as she is spoke.

Alfred Austin's new book is called "Spring and Summer in Ireland." He must be doing his duty as poet laureate while Victoria is in Dublin.

More than 34,000 men are idle in Chicago as the result of the strike there. It has cost them $3,000,000 in lost wages, $25,000,000 in work is tied up and only one of 2200 contractors is doing any work. The strike has lasted nearly two months. There is a sermon in those facts.

The St. Louis woman who threw acid in her husband's face is named Lovely. Perhaps, however, in asking what's in that name, I should add that she declares her husband was cruel to her. And he had the name first, anyhow.

Dewey has spoken; now it is up to Roosevelt, the man-with-the-mouth-full-of-teeth. How about it, Teddy?

The old Federal building, at Third and Olive streets, is to be cleaned; new doors are to be put up, and it is to be painted inside. Meanwhile the "new" one, at Eighth and Olive streets, remains as before. That's the government of it; we ask for bread and they give us stone, so to speak. I'll wager more persons pass the "new" Federal building in a day than know that the old one is on earth—yet, when we ask for lights "and a bath for the uptown" one, they clean up the one near the river!

There's a house in Olive street that might be called the tramp's terror. Upstairs, in front of a window, is a mirror attached to a bracket and so adjusted that it reflects every one who rings the doorbell. All the occupants have to do is to glance in the mirror when any one comes. Beside the window is the button that releases Towser. It's a good scheme.

The Government is to issue postage stamps in books of 12, 24 and 48, with oiled paper interleaves. Thus another game of loss to man—the stick-together stamp—will be avoided.

It was "Beer Sympathizers' Meeting" in the call, but the intelligent compositor set it up "Beer Sympathizers." The hall wouldn't hold the crowd that gathered—till the crowd learned the truth.

"Boro-Formalin" (Elmer & Amend) as an antiseptic, cleansing mouth and toothwash, is unsurpassed.

BANNER TO NINTH WARD CLUBS

Reward for the Largest Enrollment of Members in the City.

Chairman Theodore D. Kalbfell of the Republican City Committee Sunday night presented to the United Republican Clubs of the Ninth Ward a banner valued at $500, as a reward for the largest enrollment of members in the city. The ceremony took place at Concordia Turner Hall, Thirteenth and Arsenal streets.

BURGLARS WERE BOLD

ENTERED LOUIS FELBERS' HOUSE WHILE OFFICERS WATCHED.

DAUGHTER SCARED THEM OFF.

Two Policemen Across the Street Saw Nothing of Them—They Secured $40 Cash and a Gold Watch.

Burglars and sneak thieves are holding high carnival in South St. Louis despite the vigilance of Capt. Young's police and during the past few days have escaped with much plunder.

Friday evening while the family was at dinner three bold burglars looted the residence of Louis Felbers, at 1522 Menard street, although two policeman were standing across the street at the very time. Mr. Felbers is a retired contractor and owns the house in which he lives and the one next door which is occupied by his son. Friday evening his son and family were at Felbers' for dinner. It was a few minutes after 6 o'clock when the family sat down to the table. Miss Mary Felbers had occasion to get up from the table and go upstairs. The gas was burning low in the hall up stairs and the young lady was in a hurry. As she reached the head of the stairs she was astonished and frightened to see the form of a big powerful man standing in front of the door opening into her father's room.

The man was roughly dressed and his face was covered with a thick growth of stubby dark beard. A slouch hat covered much of the upper part of his face. Miss Felbers was so badly frightened that she could not move nor speak at first. Before she had regained her composure the big fellow walked up to her side and requested her to keep silent. He displayed no weapon but he spoke to Miss Felbers in a tone that showed that he was in earnest when he told her he would kill her if she made any alarm. Then the tall man entered her father's room and spoke in a whisper to two other men, who, after a brief whispered conference made a hasty exit by means of the front hall and door.

Miss Felbers then hastened downstairs where she related what had occurred. Her brother and father ran out of the front door to see if they could get any trace of the burglars. They were no longer to be seen, but across the street were two policemen in uniform who were laughing and talking. Felbers crossed the street and talked with them. Neither of the policemen had noticed the three men as they ran out of the Felbers house and disappeared.

Then Mr. Felbers asked the policemen to go across and inspect the house. Only one room had been invaded by the thieves, but it looked as though a cyclone had passed through this room. Drawers had been emptied and the contents scattered all over the room. From one of the dresser drawers two $20 gold pieces and a valuable gold watch had been taken. Nothing beside this was taken so far as known.

The police reported the robbery and two special officers were sent to work up the case. They looked wise and told the Felbers to keep quiet about the matter and by no means to speak to the newspapers about the robbery, as that would prevent the recovery of the property. The news of the robbery was successfully suppressed until Monday, but no trace of the thieves or the goods stolen has been found.

Twice last week was William Smith's home ransacked by burglars. Smith lives at 1517 Menard street. The first time his place was visited his best suit of clothes was taken. The last time his second best suit and all of his clean linen was taken.

A sneak thief gave Mrs. Mary Held, who lives on Carroll street near Menard, a lot of trouble last Friday. She had finished washing and had placed her clean linen on the line to dry. Then she went across to the grocers, and when she came back every stitch of her washing was gone.

A CHURCH CONTROVERSY ON

Pastor and Vestrymen of Mt. Calvary Protestant Episcopal Congregation Are at Outs.

The controversy between the vestrymen and rector, the Rev. Philip Williams Fauntleroy of Mount Calvary Protestant Episcopal Church, Grand and Lafayette avenues, will be on again Monday evening, when the election of the vestrymen for the coming year is to be held. Mr. Fauntleroy, by resolutions passed April 11, 1899, was asked to resign. He refused and has since continued his pastorate in the face of opposition.

Contemporary Club Meeting.—At the next meeting of the Contemporary Club, April 17, the leading address will be given by Rev. S. M. Crothers of Cambridge, Mass. His subject will be "A Plea for an Appreciative Rather Than a Critical Attitude Toward Literature."

THE IDOL OF THE TURF.

The Most Popular Jockey in America and England Recommends Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets.

No jockey has ever appealed so strongly to public favor as Tod Sloan.

He has achieved more than his most noted predecessors ever attempted and stands in a class by himself.

Not satisfied with his successes in his native country, he went to England, and now his fame as a successful horseman is on the tip of every tongue, not only in this country and England, but in every section of the globe where racing has found favor.

When Tod first went to England his temerity was openly laughed at, but the little American played skittles with his English rivals and his victories made all England gasp.

Having the stamp of royal approval, society both at home and abroad "lionize" him, and he is feted and petted to an extent that would turn an ordinary mortal's head.

The great jockey was in such demand socially, and dined and wined to such an extent that it was feared his health would give way. Too much society and the nervous strain of racing told on him.

A two weeks' trip to America made him acquainted with Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets and their remarkably restorative effects on a depleted digestive apparatus, and he recommended them in unstinted terms to a friend, saying: "Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets are the best thing I know of for keeping the stomach in condition and appetite in good repair."

Thousands of former dyspeptics can vouch for the truth of Tod Sloan's words, as "Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets" have become a household word in America, and few familes are without them. One or two taken after meals keep the stomach sweet by causing prompt and healthy digestion of the food.

Perfectly healthy people use them after heavy dinners to keep their good health and to make sure that no ill effects will follow an unusually hearty meal.

Your druggist will tell you, or your doctor either, that Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets are composed only of digestive ferments, Asceptic Pepsin, Hydrastis, fruit acids, etc., and for the strong stomach, as well as the m[illegible] delicate, constitute a safeguard ag[ainst] indigestion and stomach troubles.

SANG TO THE GALLERY.

ROGERS BROTHERS GIVE THE GODS A NEW TUNE.

ST. LOUIS PLAY AT HOPKINS.

Good Opening Night's at Havlin's and the Columbia—The Rehan Engagement Begins at Olympic To-Night.

The gallery at the Century learned a new tune Sunday evening. You have probably heard the gods, and others, too, for that matter, whistling it, and wondered what it was. Well, it's called "Beware of an Innocent Maid," and it is the most catchy tune of a score of similar airs sung by the Rogers Brothers and their versatile company in their new musical comedy, "Rogers Brothers in Wall Street."

Just exactly why the entertainment should be given this name does not appear. It might just as well be Rogers Brothers at Coney Island or Elberon. The chief thing seems to be that it is the Rogers Brothers. But they are not the whole show by a whole lot. There are 30 or 40 others, mostly young women with fair musical ability, and two or three with more than the average talent. For instance, there's Maud Raymond, with her rag-time songs; Jeanette Bogeard, with songs and dances, and Ada Lewis, who has become world-famous as the Bowery Girl. They are all favorites in St. Louis and they and the Rogers Brothers were given such a reception Sunday evening as would have pleased the most exacting.

As to the quality of the entertainment an opinion concerning it must be based largely upon the point of view. The gallery went wild over it. The balcony was vociferous in its applause, while the parquette and boxes gave frequent evidence of approbation. The piece was played to the gallery and the gallery knew it and returned the compliment. That's why all the gallery is whistling "Beware of an Innocent Maid." If you enjoy this sort of entertainment you will seldom find a better.

The Rogers Brothers will be at the Century all the week. Next week will be "The Belle of New York."

There is folk-lore and comedy and melodrama, with a background of Tennessee hills, with love as rough as the rocks and boulders that reflect the life of the characters that walk through the scenes of "A Romance of Coon Hollow," at Havlin's this week. Besides all this there is a considerable interest in the plot of the piece, which is entirely lacking in originality, inasmuch as it is strongly reminiscent (in its construction) of "Miles," "A Mountain Pink" and others of the same kind that obtained much vogue in their day and generation.

But "Coon Hollow" has melodramatic tendencies, and the most villainous villainy is allowed to stalk through its four acts, leaving behind it a trail of trouble and misfortune that is only checked in time to allow the happy climax that attends the fall of the last curtain on a properly constructed melodrama of the virulent type.

There are some pretty scenes used in telling the story of "Coon Hollow" and of the doings of the people in that strange environment—the Tennessee Mountains—and the company interpreting it is in most respects capable. The best work is shared in by Stanley Johns, as Lem Stockwell, Madge Neville as Clyde Harrod and Louise Arnot as Mrs. Buhymer.

The levee scene, participated in by an auxiliary company of colored performers, singers, dancers and comedians, is an attractive feature and earned enthusiastic applause for its participants.

To-night William J. Counihan, the advertising agent of Havlin's and the Grand, has a benefit. In addition to the play there will be local prize contests in buck and wing dancing, bag punching and other local features, among the latter being several songs by Al Blanchard, who has volunteered his services for the occasion.

At Hopkins' Imperial, Sunday afternoon, the returning stock company, which had been in Chicago for two weeks, was given a rousing reception. The effect of Holy Week was apparent, yet many of the regulars were on hand to welcome their favorites. "In the Ozarks" was the play presented. It is a new melodrama, by a St. Louisan, Charles Gildehaus, and it has all of the requisites of a thriller. There is a dam and an artificial lake, several pairs of lovers and a double-dyed villain. Miss Evesson, Maurice Freeman and Edward Boring have the leading parts. A better medium to afford the hard-working members of the company a rest after three weeks of Chicago could not have been selected.

At the Olympic Monday night Ada Rehan will appear as Lady Teazle in "The School for Scandal." Her engagement is for the week, during which she will appear in four of her favorite parts. Tuesday night "The School for Scandal" will be repeated, to be followed Wednesday, both at the matinee and in the evening, by "As You Like It." The other two plays presented will be "The Country Girl" and "The Taming of the Shrew."

T. W. Eckert and Emma Berg head the bill at the Columbia this week in a dainty operetta, entitled "Little Pee Wee." The scene is laid in Japan and is represented by a special setting which Mr. Eckert and Miss Berg carry with them. Though only an operetta, it has several good solos which are equally divided between the two singers.

Walter Le Roy and Florence Clayton present their amusing sketch, "Hogan of the Hansom." It was written by George M. Cohan and is full of laughable situations, which are worked for their limit.

La Petite Mathilde, who in private life is Mathilde Berry of St. Louis, makes her appearance as a violinist. Her selections are difficult and are executed with a technique that speaks volumes for her future as a performer. She does the very clever feat of playing for her own dancing.

Andy Amann is another St. Louisan who helps to make time pass pleasantly. With the assistance of Frances Hartley he presents a German dialect comedy, called "A Clear Case."

Other good things at the Columbia are: Harris and Fleids, who feature themselves as "Butchers of English," and live up to the idea; O'Brien and Buckley, musical comiques; Deaves' marionettes; Charles A. Gardner, who does a turn which shows his versatility in the use of German, Irish and French dialects; Jim and Fanny Donovan, who tell some good stores; May Wentworth, in musical monologue, which might be improved by more music and less monologue; Hodgkins and Leith, in a rural comedietta, "Seth and Gladdin, song and dance comedians, and the Kinodrome.

On Monday night, April 16, with the Frohman Company in "Because She Loved Him So" as the attraction a benefit will be tendered Dick Richey, assistant treasurer, and J. A. Streeper, doorkeeper at the Olympic. These gentlemen are two of the most popular men on the Olympic staff and a crowded house is certain.

"The Girl From Chili," which is at the Grand this week, offers nothing new in the farce line and is not up to the average merit of the "girl" plays with which the stage has been swamped recently. It tells the story of a young and pretty Chilian heiress who comes to America and shows her admiration for the country by promptly falling in love with every man she meets. The fun is supposed to grow out of an effort of one of the men whom she is anxious to marry to escape her by disguising himself as a woman. The lines are dull and lifeless, making the efforts of the players to be funny appear strained.

The company presenting it is better than the farce. The work of De Witt Clinton, Frank Bacon and Edna Elmere is satisfactory. Miss Elsmere is the "Girl" and does not require any make-up to represent the Spanish type of beauty.

Specialties are introduced by Gus Tate, Miss Elsemere and Miss Fay Courtenay, the latter using two pickaninnies.

Following "The Girl From Chili" will be Corinne in "The Little Host," in which she will be able to show her ability as a comedienne.

Holy week, as announced, will be a dark week at Music Hall, when the Castle Square Opera Company will spend its time preparing for the production of Tannhauser, beginning Easter Monday.

The Nethersole incident has furnished the burlesquers with a fund of material and this is being taken advantage of by Jacobs & Lowry's "Merry Maidens" Company down at the Standard, where, besides a first-rate curtain-raiser and an olio bill, a burlesque on "Sappho" is being presented. Monday night is benefit night at the Standard, Leo Reichenbach, the advertising agent, being tendered one by the management and his friends.

PROTEST AGAINST HIRAM LLOYD

Wright Cuney Club Wants Henry H. Wagoner on the Republican Central Committee.

At a meeting of a number of prominent members of the Wright Cuney Club, colored, at 2601 Morgan street, Sunday a vigorous protest was made against the seating of Hiram Lloyd in the Republican Central Committee from the Twenty-second Ward, in place of Henry H. Wagoner.

The meeting indorsed C. H. Candy of the Twentieth Ward, who is employed in the Water Department, for delegate to the Kansas City Convention.

WHAT IS DEWEY'S MOTIVE?

Local Naval Veterans Wish to Know Whether He Is Coming as a Candidate.

The Commodore Foote Naval Veterans' Association wants to know whether Admiral Dewey will visit St. Louis next month as the hero of Manila or a seeker of votes. As the hero the association will hasten to do him all honor. These things were discussed in meeting Sunday. The association will greet the head of the navy in a body in the first case, but only participate in the celebration as individuals if the Admiral comes as a candidate.

SPECTACLES SAVED HIM.

Thin Barrier of Steel Stood Between Watchman Dougherty and Death.

The rim of Watchman James Dougherty's spectacles defeated the bullet that he aimed at himself as his night vigil was closing Sunday morning at the Country Club, St. Louis County.

The spectacle rim was driven into the skull ahead of the bullet, this breaking the force of the missile. Dr. H. W. Caster extracted the foreign particles at the Missouri Baptist Sanitarium. Dougherty was despondent over a recent accident to his little son.

Death of Judge Emil C. Moos.

LINCOLN, Ill., April 9.—Judge Emil C. Moos, County Judge of Logan County, died last night at his home in this city of pneumonia, at the age of 30 years. He was elected City Attorney two consecutive terms, and appointed Master in Chancery by Judge Herdman. In 1898 he was elected County Judge by a large majority. For several years he served as a member of the Lincoln Board of Education. He leaves a widow and one child.

(Second Lesson.)

How "Orangeine" Became Public.

Early in 1895 Mr. William Gillette, the distinguished author-acter, in his necessitated search for health, came within the reach of Dr. Aikman's care. Mr. Gillette experienced such relief and cure from Dr. Aikman's prescription that for years he has carried "Orangeine" on his travels for the benefit of his company and friends. He became finally so impressed by its remedial results that in October, 1898, he related his experiences to an old school friend, Mr. Charles L. Bartlett, of Chicago. Mr. Bartlett submitted the formula to his trusted family physician, Dr. C. F. Ely, who pronounced it "wonderfully useful, through its far-reaching efficacy and absolute harmlessness." Other prominent physicians gave the same verdict, and early in January, 1899, "Orangeine" was publicly launched under the full sail of its manifold claims, which originated from the oft-repeated experience of Dr. Aikman. *(See Lesson No. 3.)*

CHASING OF A RABBIT.

OUTSIDERS DESCRIPTION OF A COURSING MATCH.

THREE OUT OF 15 ESCAPED.

Holes in a Wall Afford Escape Providing the Rabbit Reaches Them Ahead of the Hounds.

: "No more chance than a rabbit."—Current slang simile which originated on the coursing field.

Exhibitions of coursing were given at Pastime Park Sunday. Judging from the slang simile which had its origin in these exhibitions, the advertised designation, "matches" does not apply.

The coursing field is about 300 yards long and about 150 yards wide.

Along this field long-eared rabbits fled in terror from their pursuers. The field was surrounded by a wall made of canvas. At fixed distances near the goal end of the wall there were small holes in the base-board, through which the rabbits were to escape.

Sunday afternoon there were 15 rabbits in the various events and three of them escaped death.

The "slipper" let one rabbit out of the pen, onto the course. The rabbit was given about 100 yards' start, then two hounds were turned loose.

The hounds shoot through space with the velocity of an arrow. From the start the rabbit seemed to have an intuition that he was being pursued, laid back its black-tipped ears and skimmed over the green with a skip and a hope that kept it in the air as much as on the ground.

Sometimes the chase is only of a moment's duration; again it extends over a few minutes, and in a very few cases the rabbit dodges through one of the exits and is saved.

The speed was wonderful. It had almost reached an exit. Another rod would have placed it beyond all danger but it slipped and fell and a hound was upon it in a second.

The hound grabbed the rabbit by the back, crushed the life out of it and forced the carcass to one side, then trotted back to receive the caresses of its master.

There was much sameness to the event. The interest was only varied by the difference in relative sprinting ability of the rabbits and hounds.

When the slipper released a rabbit, a man at either side of the chute would shake a handkerchief, which frightened the animal into immediate flight.

The hounds bounded out in close pursuit. All that the spectators could see was two black-tipped ears, a bunch of cottontail whisking through space and the outstretched, leaping, panting form of the hound.

As fast as the rabbits were killed they were picked up, deposited in a gunny sack and carried off the field. Boys were in waiting, begging for them.

One race is like another, with the points of disadvantage always on the side of the rabbit.

Many women witnessed the exhibition. It was the closing one of a series under the auspices of the St. Louis Coursing Club.

Secretary Benson of the St. Louis Coursing Club said:

"The coursing at Pastime Park, we know, has often been cruel, owing to the limited dimensions of the place, and for that reason we have concluded to give up coursing in so far as holding our meetings there is concerned. We have as good as closed a lease on 60 acres of ground on the Suburban, near Normandy, and the next coursing season will see the sport conducted as it should be, and on a field that will give the "jacks" a chance to get away.

"As soon as the weather got warm the "jacks" fell easy victims to their pursuers. Then the sport became cruel and we are just as happy as any one else over the termination of the season coursing will be conducted as it should be, and on a much bigger field."

Famous
BROADWAY & MORGAN.

MEN'S STYLISH SPRING CLOTHING

If you have not, as yet, purchased your new spring Suit and Topcoat for Easter—suppose you take an hour off to-morrow and inspect this stock of ours. Take our word for it—it's the grandest assembly of fashionable attire ever shown in this city—every choice weave, every swell pattern, every prevailing style is shown in vast variety—the workmanship is of the highest character, and there are sizes here to fit every man perfectly—no matter how large or stout or thin or tall he may be. The prices when you look at them in the paper don't *look* any lower than other stores'—it is only when you see the *qualities and the prices together* that you realize the extraordinary values this store is offering. Will you accept our invitation to call to-morrow?

Nobby Suits—Here's a line of good looking, honestly made suits and because they're honestly made they'll hold their good looks—the patterns are all new and include popular shades in plaids, stripes and fancy mixtures as well as the ever popular blue serges—suits well worth $10—Here for 7.50

Handsome Suits—In the newest of Oxford and Cambridge grays, swell olive, gray and greenish stripes and checks—pleasing heather mixtures and mingled effects—as well as striped worsteds, black clays and blue serges—such suits in fact as in any other store would cost you $12.50 or $15—That's what Famous offers at 10.00

Swell Suits—In the finest of imported and domestic fabrics—single and double-breasted sack and cutaway frock styles—made with the new broad military shoulders, new style lapels, vests double-breasted if you prefer them—pants just a bit wider than last season—as elegant as any tailor can produce for you at $25. Famous price is 15.00

Rogers-Peet & Co.'s Suits and Topcoats for Men who want the very finest—garments as elegant in every detail as the highest class merchant tailors can produce at $40, $50 or $60. We are sole agents in St. Louis for this celebrated firm. Our prices are more reasonable than the tailors' ..... $18 to $28

Spring Topcoats made of choicest quality of London tan coverts and whipcords, as well as the new Oxford gray mixtures which are all the go this spring—also black and illuminated clay worsteds and solid black thibets—cut box shape or medium length—magnificently appointed, and worth fully $12.50 and $15—Famous price 10.00

The Acme of Style And elegance is embodied in the topcoats we offer at $12.50—fashionable Oxford mixtures, new London tan coverts and whipcords, solid color clays and thibets—every one tailored in the very height of style, full of grace and snap and equal to good tailor-made at $20. It will pay you well to investigate this magnificent line we show at the popular price of 12.50

Black Clay Suits—In single and double-breasted sack and cutaway frock styles—cut strictly on merchant tailors' lines—handsomely lined and finished—and compare favorably with anything that the merchant tailors' can produce for you at twice the price we ask. If you need a black suit for evening or dress wear, see this line we are showing at 12.50

Men's Fancy Vests—More men will wear Fancy Vests this season than ever—they go nicely with almost any coat and trousers—a nobby line here—of fancy plaid worsteds in blues, greens, grays, etc.—swell double-breasted style—good fitting and worth $2.50—Our price for choice 1.50

Men's Trousers—Over 700 pair to select from at $5.00—a large and elegant range of newest patterns in striped and checked worsteds, fine cassimeres and nobby cheviots—cut in merchant tailor fashion—tailored in a superb manner and equal to made-to-order at $7 or $8—Our price .. 5.00

APPROVED THE SINGLE TAX.

Rev. Dr. Samuel Sale's Sermon Sunday at Temple Shaare Emeth.

Rev. Doctor Samuel Sale in his discourse on Socialism Sunday at Temple Shaare Emeth, pronounced in favor of the single-tax in these words: "If the single-tax as a social remedy cannot be realized as a whole, it points, at least, to some of the most flagrant wrongs that might easily be cured. For instance, a large measure of responsibility to the common weal might be achieved by the general introduction of an inheritance tax. We might abolish the right to collateral inheritance."

VETERAN REAL ESTATE MAN.

William Booth Passed Away Sunday and Will Be Buried in Calvary Tuesday.

William Booth, the veteran real estate dealer, who died Sunday morning at his home, 2702 Washington avenue, will be buried Tuesday morning from the Catholic Church of the Immaculate Conception, Jefferson avenue and Locust street.

Mr. Booth had been engaged in the real estate business in this city for the past 40 years. He came to St. Louis in 1842 from his birthplace, Baltimore, being then 23 years of age. In 1860 he opened his first real estate office in conjunction with Mr. Barada, under the style of Booth, Barada & Co. This partnership was dissolved about 10 years ago, and since then the firm has been William Booth & Co.

Mr. Booth's wife, who was Miss Mary T. Honore of this city, died 10 years ago. Three children survive their parents—Mrs. Mary T. Papin, Mrs. Louise Hunt and Miss Fannie Booth.

Mr. Booth left an estate estimated at $500,000. The heirs are his daughters and their children and one nephew who lives in Baltimore.

TRANSIT COMPANY CHANGES.

Resignation of Superintendent Minary Gives Foremen Additional Authority.

Changes continue in the personnel of the officials of the St. Louis Transit Co. It was announced Sunday that Superintendent Joseph S. Minary of the northern division had tendered his resignation to take effect at once. Foremen on the various lines in this division will have their authority extended and will report direct to General Manager Brumhoff. The resignation of John I. Pearson, chief engineer of the system, is also announced.

Capt. Carter Buried.—The funeral of Capt. Edward W. Carter, a veteran of the civil war, took place Sunday afternoon at Jefferson Barracks. Capt. Carter, who died at his home, 2148 Oregon avenue, Thursday, was a member of Ransom Post, G. A. R., and his comrades in that organization followed his remains to the grave. The services were conducted by Chaplain Haggerty.

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